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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XXII NO. 295

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1934

TWENTY PAGES

J. P. REPORT ACCEPTABLE TO STATES

TEAR UP PLEDGES OR FULFIL THEM

Zetland Waxes Eloquent Over J. P. C. Scheme

PLEADS FOR GRANT OF RESPONSIBILITY TO INDIA

A feature of the Lords debate on the J. P. C. report on Thursday was the speech of the Marquess of Zetland.

"TEAR UP THE DECLARATION"

Describing the proposed Central Constitution, the Marquess uttered an impassioned plea that Indians must be granted a measure of responsibility. He said: "You may as well tear up the declaration of the Parliament of August 20, 1917," if Britain did not intend to implement her pledges by some substantial gesture.

Baron Clwyd said that the scheme must be passed in Parliament "in the teeth of formidable opposition," and urged that Britain on her part must be careful to avoid the danger of substantially "weakening the proposals."

FOR GREATER INDIA

Lord Lamington declared that if the scheme were enacted, it would be an entity of its own, free from any influence of either party or Government in Britain, and the recommendations then would provide for the basis of a forceful and greater India.

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Dec. 13. The Marquess of Zetland who spoke after Lord Strabolgi expressed gratification that the Select Committee met nearly all his apprehensions with regard to certain features of the White Paper that were not remedied, and feared that the burden on the Governor-General and Governors would be excessive.

Three ex-Viceroy, however, had assured him that the future duties and responsibilities of a Governor-General would not be greater than hitherto, if as great. He still intensely disliked some aspects of the Communal Award but recognised that it accomplished an irrevocable fact. He declared that the constitution on the lines proposed by Lord Salisbury would not have the smallest chance of a success.

What Posterity May Think. The Marquess detailed the proposed central constitution and said:

"If in these circumstances you are not prepared to grant Indians the measure of responsibility as suggested, you may as well tear up the solemn declaration of the Parliament of August 20, 1917." He asked if the House wished the historians a few decades hence to record that the people of Britain by lack of courage and faith in 1934-35 were responsible for the calamity of a permanent alienation from the peoples of west and east; or that by wisdom, vision, courage; and faith they inaugurated a

new era of co-operation between them. "Surely," he said "there can only be one answer."

Baron Clwyd begged Indians to remember that the scheme must be passed in Parliament in the teeth of formidable opposition, and urged that Britain on her part must be careful to avoid the danger of substantially weakening the proposals so as to make them less satisfactory to Indians. He believed the people of India would co-operate in working the Bill, and asked them to believe in the sincerity and goodwill that lay behind it.

Princes And Federation. Baron Belhaven warned the House against the dangers on the frontier, and at the sign of weakness, which he was convinced the democratisation of the Central Government would be considered to be, and urged that further time should be given for the consideration of the report. He suggested that it was useless to pass the act without knowing the intentions of the Princes, and predicted that the Federation would never exist because the Princes would never enter it.

Lord Lamington declared that if the scheme were enacted in India, it would be an entity of its own, free from any influence of either party or Government in Britain, and their recommendations would provide for the foundation of a powerful and greater India.

The debate was then adjourned to December 17.

Govt. Propaganda To Boost J.P.C. Report

MADRAS, Dec. 14.

"It is impossible for anyone seriously to deny that the scheme put forward by the Committee is a workable form of Constitution, and a tremendous step forward to meet the aspirations of India," says a Government leaflet issued this afternoon by the Public (Reforms) Department on the Joint Select Committee's report. The leaflet is intended, as indicated by the heading, to remove certain misconceptions about the report, and answers various criticisms regarding the Committee's proposals.—A.P.

MADRAS CITY BYE-ELECTION

MADRAS, Dec. 14.

Dr. Mallaya (Congress) and Mr. Mundswami Pillay, retired pensioner, have been nominated as candidates in the bye-election from the Madras City Constituency for the Madras Legislative Council in the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Sami Venkatchalam Chetty, consequent on his election to the Legislative Assembly.—A.P.

The funeral of the late Archbishop of Madras took place on Friday afternoon at St. Mary's Cathedral, Madras and was attended by a large number of priests and representatives of various social service organisations. Requiem High Mass was sung this morning in the Cathedral.—A.P.

MURDER CHARGE FAILS

Waiter And Woman's Corpse In Trunk

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Dec. 14.

A murder trial which has aroused unusual public interest owing to the discovery of the body of the victim in a trunk, has concluded at Lewes Assizes, with the acquittal of the man charged who is known as "Tony Mancini" (otherwise known as "Jack No-tire") whose real name, however, is Cecil England.

Mancini, who was a waiter, lived with a woman named Violet Saunders, otherwise Kaye, who was of loose reputation and a lower class music hall artiste. He declared he found her dead on returning home, whereupon, being afraid, he faked murder, bought a trunk, put her into it, and lived in the same apartment for two months.

The defence was that she was killed by one of her unknown male visitors. The trial lasted five days and was notable for the revelations of life in the underworld.

Norman Birkett, K.C. defended Mancini.

SOVIET AND LENA GOLD FIELDS

Offer Of £3,000,000 To Be Accepted?

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Dec. 14.

Shareholders of the Lena Gold Fields, carried a resolution authorising the Board, if they think fit, to accept the Soviet offer of three million sterling payable over 20 years, without interest for taking over the company's business in Russia, including its assets and liabilities.

MONSTER ENGINE'S FIRST TRIAL

70-Miles Run: Creates Terrific Roar, Though Standing Still!

(Special Cable.)

PARIS, Dec. 14.

Thrilling scenes were witnessed at Vitry when Driver Trower drove the monster to London and North-Eastern Railway Locomotive "Cock o' the North" over 70 miles on the first trial on the biggest test bench in the world. The engine created a terrific roar, though standing still. The Test will cover speed, power pull and constancy in functioning. Full results will take two months to work out.

Denial By Imperial Airways

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Dec. 14.

The suggestion, published in London that the Empire air journeys would be shortened by one day, as a result of agreements permitting the aircraft to fly over France and Italy is discounted by the Imperial Airways who have informed "Reuters" that the existing time-tables would be adhered to.

Victorian Championships Semi-final

(Special Cable.)

MELBOURNE, Dec. 14.

In the semi-final of Victorian Championships, Quist beat Perry 6/0 6/2 6/0.

ADVANCE ON WHITE PAPER

Views Of Ministers

The representatives of the Indian States re-assembled on Friday morning at the Nizam's Palace, and it is understood that they discussed the J.P.C. Report relating to the Indian States.

At 3 p.m. on Friday representatives re-assembled at the Council Hall of the Imperial Bank and further discussed the J.P.C. Report with special reference to the States. Their preliminary discussions both as regards the "Council of Ministers" as well as their view regarding the J.P.C. Report concluded on Friday evening, when they issued the following statement to the Press:—

STATEMENT TO PRESS. "The Committee, to-day completed their Report in which they have suggested the lines on which a Committee of Ministers and a Committee of Princes should be formed and the conditions to ensure their successful working."

"On the subject of the Joint Select Committee's Report they have expressed the view that the Report constitutes in many ways an advance on the White Paper proposals from the States' point of view, particularly as far as the financial proposals are concerned, and that in general the recommendations should prove acceptable to States, subject to important reservations. It is assumed, however, that no final opinion can be formed on the States' attitude finally determined until the completion of the picture in the shape of a Bill."

RIGID LAWS OF NAZI PARTY

Jail For Statements Injurious To Reputation Of Govt.

(Special Cable.)

BERLIN, Dec. 14.

The Cabinet in the last session of the year passed over ten laws, including one providing imprisonment to anyone making untrue or distorted statements injurious to the reputation of Government or the Nazi Party, or committing a punishable act while wearing the uniform.

Another provides compensation for the persons who have suffered special damage in their fight for Nazism.

Another law subjects members of voluntary labour corps to discipline while in camp.

U. S. GERMAN COTTON AGREEMENT

Barter Transaction Involving 30 Million Dollars

NEW YORK, Dec. 13.

The "Wall Street Journal" reports barter transaction with Germany involving 30 million dollars worth of cotton is now approved by the State and Treasury Departments and the sales terms are agreed upon the subject of Reichsbank's approval. The terms of the agreement are closely guarded but it is understood that they involve the allotment of American forward buying in Germany against the purchase of American cotton, which will be made through the regular market channels, i.e., the United States, by shipping cotton, will establish considerable credit in Germany on which it will be possible to draw over the extended period in order to finance the purchases of German goods.—Reuters Special.

Nagpur, Dec. 14.—The Government, it is understood has decided to appoint two more Committees in Nagpur and Bilaspur with a view to promoting education among the backward classes besides the one already established in Buldhana.—A. P.

"STRANGE IRONY"

Asaf Ali On "Hauling Up" Dr. Satyapal For Sedition

NEW DELHI, Dec. 14.

The hearing was resumed to-day in the case against Dr. Satyapal, for alleged sedition.

Rai Bahadur Suraj Narain, the Public Prosecutor, arguing the crown case against Dr. Satyapal, alleged that the entire speech of the Doctor flavoured of sedition, and he quoted passages which, he said, were clearly meant to spread hatred and disaffection against the Government. He said that there was no occasion to cite in 1934 incidents that had happened at Jallianwala Bagh, fourteen years ago.

STRANGE IRONY

Mr. Asaf Ali, the Defence Counsel, on the other hand, argued that this case would go down the pages of history, as it would be the first instance when a man, who by a strange irony, happened to be a Congress leader, advocating constitutionalism, by asking the electorate to vote in the elections, was "hauled up" for sedition. The speech should be taken as a whole to show the intention of the speaker, and not piecemeal. Not one prosecution witness had been produced who could justify the prosecution's allegations regarding the effect of the speech. The speech should be judged from the time, place, circumstances and general tendency of the speaker and the people addressed.

The defence arguments had not been completed when the Court rose for lunch.

Mr. Sham Lal, M.L.A., also argued for the defence.—A.P.

STOP PRESS.

EX-PRESIDENT MACHADO.

(Special Cable.)

HAVANA, December 14.

The Cuban Government is demanding extradition of ex-President Machado from Germany where he has just arrived from San Domingo, with his family and a doctor. He is suffering from dysentery which, it is reported was caused by an attempt of political enemies to poison him.

COLD WAVE HAVOC

(Special Cable.)

HAVANA, December 14.

Five deaths occurred in Cuba from cold wave. The thermometer records under ten degrees centigrade, which is the lowest for 75 years.

ROUGH ON NIGHT REVELLERS.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

BELGRADE, Dec. 14.

Night revellers of Skoplje must continue to pay the Municipal disposition tax to the extent three pence for the night out. A fierce legal battle has just ended in favour of the Municipality which has ordained merry makers in the cafes, bars and theatres to pay a penny after eleven, and two pence after midnight in order to feed the unemployed.

ALLEGED SECRET EXERCISES.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

KOVNO, Dec. 14.

The indictment against the accused mentioned yesterday, alleges that Nazi storm detachments in Memel carried out secret military exercises, including trench digging in woods. The trial is expected to last two months. Four hundred and fifty witnesses will be called.

"Bible May Preach Sedition"

Asaf Ali's Defence In Satyapal Case

"No Apparatus Discovered To Find Out Speaker's Intention"

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 14.

Opening the prosecution case, the Public Prosecutor admitted that the object of the meeting was no doubt to induce the voters to vote for Mr. Asaf Ali and a certain amount of license was certainly permissible; but it did not mean that speakers should say things as may cause disaffection, as the accused attempted to do. Each case had to be decided on its own merit.

On Mr. Asaf Ali pointing out that the intention was to criticise the past acts of the Government, the Public Prosecutor replied that the object could have been achieved in a manner that did not create feelings of hatred or disaffection.

The Public Prosecutor, quoted passages from the speech in support of his argument. He said the speech of the accused showed that the Government were using dishonest means to keep the nation in slavery, the whole speech, Rai Bahadur Suraj Narain concluded, "brought the accused within the purview of section 124 A I.P.C."

Mr. Asaf Ali, Barrister defending the case, began by saying that things had been constructed in the sense in which Dr. Satyapal never meant. He said, similar things criticising the actions of Government, had been said in every part of the country. Mr. Asaf Ali regretted that there was no jury in Delhi to hear such cases, as in other parts of India where the different points of view could be considered.

Mr. Asaf Ali said the Doctor's speech was directed to promoting constitutional means, as he spoke in connection with the elections and this naturally brought under discussion and criticism as it did

in every part of the country—the past, existing and proposed constitutions and conditions as existed under the present and past constitutions. The field of expressing, liking or disliking was very wide, since it covered the entire field of the Government's acts, measures, laws, ordinances, etc. He continued that the passages could not be torn out of the speech to show that they were seditious, for he could take out passages from the Bible and show that there was sedition in them. To illustrate the same, counsel said the phrase "Those who live by the sword shall perish by the sword" appeared very seditious, taken individually, but it would be wonderfully non-seditious if it were used to plead the case of disarmament.

Mr. Asaf Ali regretted that no apparatus was discovered to find out the intention of speakers. He then contended that the translation was very defective and appealed to the Court to study the Urdu transcription. He said: "In England on such occasions leaders of one political party even went the length of characterising the political opponents in the harshest language."

ORDERS RESERVED TILL MONDAY

On resumption after lunch Mr. Asaf Ali said that the Government should not take action against such moderate speeches, and recalled the strong speeches made in England on similar occasions. He said that the speech read as a whole was quite within the law and the Doctor had exercised a certain amount of restraint in his speech. Counsel requested the Court to acquit the accused. Orders were reserved till 17th December.—A. P.

First Woman Member For Assembly

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Dec. 14.

I understand that the names of 14 persons to be nominated as non-official members of the Assembly will be announced early in January, and that the list may not contain many surprises.

One pleasant surprise may be the inclusion of a woman member. Many provincial councils have taken lead in this matter, and woman representatives have been found places there. But the Assembly has been always without any woman member. Lord Willingdon is reported to be considering the question sympathetically.

Mrs. Subbarayan and Begum Shah Nawaz seem to offer the alternative for selection. Both of them prepared themselves to face the electoral chance, but both retired under almost identical circumstances, in that their supporters found themselves obliged to transfer their allegiance to the Congress candidates.

Neither of them therefore stood for election. Thus either of them is eligible for nomination. In any case, it seems certain that a woman representative will be no-

minated to the Assembly. NO ROOM FOR THE REJECTED. Another principle which the Government of India is likely to observe in the matter of nominations is that persons rejected at the polls will not be taken.

Lord Willingdon's political training must be against appointing those, whom the popular verdict has definitely rejected. This, however, may not apply to a man like Yamin Khan who has not had any chance of an electoral contest, because his nomination paper was rejected.

In any case, it seems clear that quite a number of members will be the same as in the last Assembly.

Government has given consideration to the question of nominating members who may help them in the flank movement against the Congress attack, but general opinion in official circles is that such support may prove more embarrassing than helpful, and that Government should rely more on its own debating talents of Front Benches than on support from such quarters. However, over 400 men are watching the result of official deliberation.

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

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SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The 'Bombay Chronicle'—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

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9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted for a Bombay Textile Mill a B.Com. or M.A., strong in English and quick at figures for the post of Head Clerk. Apply with copies of certificates, etc., to Box No. 3395, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a qualified Dyer for a Textile Mill in Bombay. Apply giving particulars of qualifications, experience and copies of testimonials stating salary expected to Box No. 3394, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Gujarati-knowing B.A. or B.T. or M.A., male or female teacher from January for a Suburban High School. Apply sharp with testimonials, which will not be returned, Box No. 3396, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Influential Gentlemen to work as District Organisers on pay and commission for the Districts of C.P. and Berar, Ahmednagar, East and West Khandesh, Nasik, Poona, Belgaum, Karwar, Broach, Baroda, Thana and Bombay City, for an established Life Office. Those who can produce satisfactory business need only apply stating age, experience and business expected with credentials to Box No. 9343, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Urgently—Gujarati Sienographer, Graduates, B.A. Honours Teachers (experienced), Lady Doctors, L.C.P.'s, Qualified Midwives, B.P.N.A., all for out-stations. Apply with full particulars, salary or personally interview Royal Service Agency, 369-71, Hornby Road, 3rd Floor, Wadia Bldg., Nanabhai Lane Corner, Fort. (3389).

Wanted immediately competent Assistants in Commercial House. Gujarati knowing preferred. Good prospects. Salary according to qualifications. Only men with good qualifications and appreciable business experience need apply. Box No. 9298, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Lady Assistant Surgeon on Rs. 225 to 250 p.m. with free unfurnished quarter. Must be good in Midwifery and Gynaecology. Enlisting support through persons of influence will be a disqualification. Selected candidates may be called for interview at their own expenses. Apply by the 25th December, stating age, nationality, qualifications and experience to Captain M. N. Sardana, A.I.R.O., Chief Medical Officer, Bharatpur State. (9334).

Wanted an ordinary typist, state lowest pay and qualification, etc. No. 3378, "Bombay Chronicle."

10. SITUATIONS WANTED

Tea—Expert in tea business with 40 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Jamsetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikhalwadi, Bombay.

Gentleman with 47 years' experience in tea business, expert in blending and enjoying best influence with the traders offers his services. Please write Jamsetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikhalwadi, Bombay.

12. TO BE LET.

To Let—A Spacious Bungalow No. 182-186, Khetwadi Lane, No. 11, suitable for Theatrical parties. Also Rooms at Shri Hari Nivas, Gowalla Tank and at Shri Harisadan near Prarthana Samaj, Charni Road. Apply to Purshotam Govindji, 62-66, Vithalwadi Telephone No. 23513. (3390).

20. OFFICES TO LET.

To Let—Office premises measuring 1,500 square feet on first floor. Rent Moderate. Apply Bharat Insurance Company Elphinstone Circle, Fort. (9335).

27. HOTELS.

Grand Punjab Hotel, 299 Bellasis Road, Telephone 40243. Most up to date. Airy and well furnished. Rooms attached bath rooms. Special concession for permanent customers. Rates moderate. (3375).

50. PATENT MEDICINES.

Caesar's Pills—The very latest and unrivalled French preparation for lost vitality, Neurasthenia, Mental Depression and Nervousness. Guaranteed satisfaction. Rs. 6 for 60 Pills. Obtainable from G. Martindale (Bombay) Co., Dady House, Churchgate Street, Bombay. (3354).

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Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the Selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle," Daily and Sunday Editions particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Rajahmundry, Larkhana, Mirpurkar, Sd. Jhansi, Jubbulpore, Mamad, Dhond, Pandharpur, Rajchur, Balapur, Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum, Bezvada, Cochlin, Colmbatore, Cocanada, Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar, Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot, Salem, Katali, Meerut, Agra, Kamptee, Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer, Harda, Mysore, Anantapur, Nandura, Dehra Dun, Honawar, Delhi, Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat, Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras, Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhow, Sangli, Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Chronicle," Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar Broach Baroda
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Kasara Lonavla Mamad
Matheran Neral Navsari
Nasik Sholapur Virar
Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Ambitions Students are invited to join the Panjab Matriculation guarantee course on or before the 30th of November when the admissions for the same will be closed. Senior Cambridge a passport to all Universities Indian and foreign. Classes for July examinations will commence on the 1st of December. Apply: Senior Cambridge Institute, near Congress House. (9173).

75. INVESTMENTS.

A Capitalist desires to invest up to Rs. 50,000 in any real bonafide industry or trade. Give particulars Box No. 3393, "Bombay Chronicle."

87. ASTROLOGERS.

Rare Opportunity—True Prediction six months only. Apply sharp with horoscope or birth-date and time. Any three questions for Rupee One by M.O. to "Shree Samarth Bureau," Rajkot. (3397).

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Washing Factory Machines—Slightly used, washers, driers, polishers, etc., Ask and visit in Christmas concessions: Raghu-nath Shambhu, Kundanpura Str., Muzaffarnagar, U.P. (2756).

134. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Butter—Pure, wholesome, without any adulteration made in the cleanest way under hygienic conditions at 14 Ans. a lb. to be had from Sir Ratan Tata Industrial Institute, Hughes Rd. (3389).

Sexus Paste, best contraceptive jelly, low price, propaganda, not profiteering. RIGHT AGENCY, New Bhatwadi, Girgaum, Bombay. (3122)

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheap price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikhalwadi.

Insist on having "D.D.L.-Gold" Blades for longer lasting edges. Guaranteed fifteen shaves or money back. Sold everywhere (3328).

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Tennis Balls—Used, offers for whole season supply required. Apply Bombay Gymkhana, Ltd. (9357).

Earn Rs. 100 monthly by becoming agents for excellent coatings and shirtings. Particulars from West Coast Weaving, Chovva. (Malabar). (3381).

A Karachi Businessman desires business connections with merchants for Karachi market in any bonafide trade or industry, can contribute or subscribe any reasonable capital. Box No. 3392, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Motivall Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from Indians for appointment for training as Probationers. Preference will be given to applicants:—

(1) Who possess 1st Class University qualifications.
(2) Who have had previous Shipping or Railway commercial experience.
(3) Who have knowledge of the languages of the Bombay Presidency.

(4) Who are of 25 years or under. Applications of over 28 years will not be considered.

The following information should be furnished by the applicants:—
(1) Record of education with copies of certificates obtained.
(2) Previous commercial experience.

(3) Copies of testimonials as to character, etc.
(4) Medical Certificate as to fitness for service.

(5) Certificate of age.
(6) Place of birth.

Approved candidates will be appointed on probation for 6 months and if found satisfactory will be confirmed at the end of that period. The salary offered for the post is Rs. 150-175-200-225-250. Candidates with special qualifications may be started at a higher pay in the grade. The first year will include the probationary period. At the conclusion of the first five years, if their work continues to be satisfactory, their service will be continued with increments in accordance with ability. At the expiration of 6 months' probationary period, applicants confirmed will be entitled to subscribe to and obtain the benefits of the Company's Provident Fund.

They may be required to act as Inspectors on the Company's vessels and must be prepared to be stationed for part of their service at any of the ports served by the Company between Mangalore and Karachi, including Kathiawar.

Candidates should send in their applications addressed to the Head Office of the Company, 100, Frere Road, Bombay, not later than the 15th January, 1935. No applications will be received personally nor interviews granted at the time of the submission of the applications.

KILLICK NIXON & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 12th December, 1934.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1162 of 1915.

BUJANBAI SAIFUDDIN and another Plaintiffs.

versus
SAKINABO, widow of Sam-suddin Ahmedally and ors. Defendants.

PURSUANT to Order on Commissioner's Report, dated 9th December, 1932, the following immovable properties will be Resold by Public Auction in 6 lots by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, 8th January, 1935, at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

Lot No. 1.—One Roofed Shop of two compartments in Chitari Bazar, facing the West.

Lot No. 2.—One Shop, facing the South near the Cambay Jail Pole.

Lot No. 3.—The House near Gate of Whorwad Cambay in the Chukla facing the West.

Lot No. 4.—One Bungalow, along the Station Road at the end of Whorwad opposite the Chowkikhana.

Lot No. 5.—Two Shops, near three Gates, facing West.

Lot No. 6.—One storied House, on the way to Behram Natha's Well.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. CHULAMALI NOORANI AND CO., Attorneys for Defendants Nos. 5A and 5B, abovenamed at No. 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 10th day of October, 1934.
(Sd.) R. S. DADACHANJI, Commissioner.

Public Notices

NOTICE

To be sold by the Registrar, High Court, O. S. Calcutta, in his Sale-room on FRIDAY, the 4th day of January, 1935, at 12 o'clock noon in Suit No. 664 of 1929.

LOT NO. I.
PREMISES NOS. 60-A, 60-B, 60-C, 60-D & 60-E, CHOWRINGHIE ROAD.

ALL THAT partly II, partly V, and partly VI, storied block of shops, show-rooms and offices with flats above, being premises Nos. 60-A, 60-B, 60-C, 60-D, & 60-E, Chowringhie Road in the town of Calcutta, measuring 1 Bigha, 11 Cottahs, 7 Chittaks and 25 sq. ft. more or less.

LOT NO. II.
PREMISES NO. 1 BISHOP LEFROY ROAD.

ALL THAT two substantial blocks of three storied residential buildings being premises No. 1 Bishop Leifroy Road in Calcutta, measuring 5 Bighas, 10 Cottahs, 2 Chittaks and 9 sq. ft. more or less.

LOT NO. III.
PREMISES NO. 234/4 LOWER CIRCULAR ROAD.

ALL THAT motor show-rooms, garages, workshop premises, residential quarters being premises No. 234/3, Lower Circular Road, measuring 6 Bighas 19 Cottahs 13 Chittaks & 9 sq. ft. more or less being the site at present occupied by the French Motor Car Co. Ltd.

LOT NO. IV.
"GALSTAUN PARK" BEING PREMISES NOS. 234/4 & 234/5 LOWER CIRCULAR ROAD.

ALL THAT palatial three-storied house and park adjoining together with out-offices, stables, garages, racing stables and trainers quarters, exercise tracks, swimming tank and additional bungalows generally and commonly known as "GALSTAUN PARK" being premises No. 234/4 & 234/5 Lower Circular Road in Calcutta, measuring 23 Bighas 19 Cottahs 3 Chittaks & 5 sq. ft. (of this 4 Bighas 11 Cottahs is tank) more or less.

For particulars apply to the said Registrar or to Mr. A. N. Sill, Solicitor, No. 26, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta.

Dated 20th November, 1934.
(Sd.) A. L. COLLET, Registrar O. S.
(Sd.) A. N. SILL, Attorney for the Plaintiffs.
High Court, O. S., Calcutta, 9315.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RAMCHANDRA GANESH SATHE, of Nasik, has agreed to sell to my client the piece of land, situate at Vile-Parle, Bombay Suburban District, admeasuring 2299-2½ square yards or thereabouts (made of portion of land admeasuring 2017-2½ square yards out of Final Plot Number 215, and portion of land, admeasuring 282 square yards out of Final Plot Number 224 of the Town Planning Scheme Number 2 of Vile-Parle) together with the Chawl, Mail Shed, privies, Well, compound, trees, etc., standing thereon, free from all incumbrances whatsoever, and all which piece of land is bounded as follows:—that is on the North by the property of Fulchand Marwadi, on the South by the property of Chotalal B. Kora, and partly by the property of Dr. Talapade, and on the West partly by the property of Mohandas Parbhudas and partly by the property of Premji Thakarsey.

All persons having or claiming to have any right, title, interest or estate in the said piece of land or any portion thereof or the structures thereon, by way of bequest, gift, easement, exchange, charge, inheritance, lease, lien, maintenance, mortgage, possession, partnership, sale, share, trust, wahiwat, waqf, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned, Advocate for the purchaser, at his Office in "Vasant Nivas" Building at Andheri, Bombay Suburban District, within 14 days from the date hereof; otherwise the sale will be completed at the expiry of the said period, without reference to any such claim or claims, and the same, if any, will be deemed and considered to have been knowingly waived.

Dated at Andheri, this 13th day of December, 1934.

GAJANAN SADASHIV PATIL,
B.A., LL.B.,
Advocate, High Court.

Public Notices

SETH GORDHANDAS SUNDERS MEDICAL COLLEGE and KING EDWARD VII. MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from registered Medical Practitioners for the post of an Honorary Assistant Physician. For terms and conditions of appointment, apply to the Dean's Office. Applications should be on prescribed forms, to be obtained from the Office on personal application and will be received not later than the 31st January, 1935.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA,
Dean.
Farel: Bombay: 8th Dec. 34. 9319.

RE: THE TATA CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

INFORMAL MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Shareholders' Association, an **INFORMAL MEETING** of shareholders of the above Company will be held in the Association's Office (Agakhan Building, Dalal Street, Fort), on SATURDAY, the 15th December, 1934, at 3 p.m. to consider the changes proposed to be made in the Memorandum and Articles of Association. Shareholders are requested to attend this meeting and to refrain from signing proxies until they have had an opportunity of understanding the implications of the changes proposed.

9330

Legal Notices

NOTICE

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1459 of 1934.

Messrs. RAJULI NARAYAN & CO., a firm Plaintiffs

versus
GOPAL KASHINATH MANOHAR & Anr. Defendants.

To,

(1) **GOPAL KASHINATH MANOHAR** and

(2) **LAXMAN KASHINATH MANOHAR.**

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to the Judge's Order, dated the 19th day of October, 1934, the Plaintiffs abovenamed have obtained attachment before judgment under Order XXI, Rule 46, to attach the moneys belonging to you (both) and lying in the hands of Mr. Parsharam Hari Manohar, the Liquidator of the Penkar Cotton Manufacturing Co. Ltd.

PLEASE TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that Warrants of Attachment before Judgment under Order XXI, Rule 54 and also under order XXXVIII, Rule 5, have been issued in the above suit to attach the property described below.

SCHEDULE.
1. Description of the Property belonging to the 1st and second Defendants and situate at Pen Taluka, Pen District, Kolaba.

Name Survey Hissa Area Assessment of village No. No. ment. Rs. a p.

Khairpur	73	—	5-8	3/4	28-5	0
Dadar	78	0	5-39		25-5	0
	5	2	8-9	3/4	9-14	0
	41	3	0-13	1/2	1-11	0
	42	1	0-5	1/4	0-11	6
	50	1	0-2	1/2	0-2	9
	61	1	0-18		2-9	0
	75	3	3-26	3/4	21-11	0
	151	8	0-15		1-5	0
	326	3	0-35	1/4	3-7	0
	331	1	1-2	1/2	6-1	0
	331	6	0-16	1/2	1-0	0

PLEASE ALSO TAKE NOTICE that all the said Warrants are made returnable on the 17th December, 1934, when you may appear in court in person or by an Advocate to show cause, and to answer all material questions relating to the above matter.

Dated this 25th October, 1934.

H. A. VAKIL,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

TAHIRALI

The 25th October, 1934.

Messrs. JOSHI & CO., Plaintiffs' Attorneys.

9350

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HAJI JACKERIA DAWOOD SULEMANI and FATEH MAHOMED USMAN, of Bombay Halal Memon Mahomedan Inhabitants have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 65, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.
ALL that piece or parcel of land, containing by an area of 429 square yards or thereabouts, situate on and being Plot No. 14 of Parel, Soparibaug Estate of the Bombay Improvement Trust in the City and Island of Bombay and Sub-Registration District of Bombay, bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1817/4, of Parel Sewri Division together with the building thereon, known as SULEMANI TERRACES, which said premises are assessed by the Bombay Municipality under F Ward No. 628- (5), Street No. 36D and which are bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the North by a plot belonging to Abdul Purkar, on or towards the East partly by Hospital Avenue and partly by Jeral Wadia Road, on or towards the South by Jeral Wadia Road, and on or towards the West by a plot belonging to Fateh Mahomed Usman.

Dated this 13th day of Dec. 1934.

THAKORDAS DARU HEMANY & CO.,

Purchaser's Attorneys.

9340.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.,

120, Apollo Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE OF HANDSOME, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, SLIDING DINING TABLE, COMPACT WARDROBE, ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will (TO-MORROW) SUNDAY, the 16th instant, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Sampe Mansion (Mitha Lodge), at 61, Nepean Sea Road, near P. H. Hall, valuable furniture, by John Roberts, Wimbridge, Maple and other well-known makers, such as sliding dining table, chairs, sideboards, silver show-cases, centre tables, full size Chesterfield suites, fancy carved mirror cabinets, corner stands, carpets, writing tables, book-cases, fancy drawing room chairs, teapots, single and double bedsteads with box mattresses, modern pattern compact almyrah, dressing tables and beds to match. Chests of drawers hat-stand, cane furniture, low chairs, sewing machine, vases, china, brass and plated-ware, etc.

The property of Enst. Commander W. A. Cable Principal Engineer and Ship Surveyor and others. Catalogues are ready and the furniture is on view.

BENNETT & CO.

D. MISTRY & Co.

AUCTIONEERS.

GRAND, BIG AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE. Motor Car, "Schonlein" Maker's Piano, American Organ, Opera Harmonium, Hall Carpets, G.E.C. Refrigerator, Steel fire-proof Safe, Glass, Crockery, best platedware Etc.

Messrs. D. MISTRY & Co., Auctioneers will TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 16th inst., at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Cumbarla Hill No. 27, Peddar Road, furniture comprising:—sliding dining table, chairs, sideboard and dinner wagon to match, centre table and teapots, full size chesterfield and drawing room sets, cabinets, silver show cases, box mattress beds, almirahs and 3 mirror dressing tables

GRAND GALA OPENING

PATHE

TO-DAY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.—
TO-MORROW MORN 10 a.m.

CECIL B. DE MILLE'S

MIGHTIEST SPECTACLE

CLEOPATRA

SPECTACLE THAT CHALLENGES THE IMAGINATION



... All the Grandeur
That Was Rome, All
the Glory That Was
Egypt unleashed in
thrilling magnificence!

CECIL B. DEMILLE'S

CLEOPATRA

A Paramount Picture with
CLAUDETTE COLBERT
WARREN WILLIAM
HENRY WILCOXON

Joseph Schildkraut
and Cast of 8,000

The greatest love that ever
came to a man and woman
... living again, forever
young, in hours of Elysian
rapture... Thwarted again
... in eternal heart-break
as battling fleets and
thundering legions hurl
two empires to their doom!

Also Screening

POPEYE THE SAILOR

Plans are filling Rapidly

Book Your Seats in Advance

**LEPROSY and
LEUCODERMA**

Whatever extensive and how-
ever long-standing cured abso-
lutely in four weeks. Success guar-
anteed. Particulars on request,
KAMLA WORKS (B.C.), PANCH-
POTA (Bengal).

**BENGAL COUNCIL
AND J. P. C. REPORT**

CALCUTTA, Dec. 13.
The "United Press" reliably
understands that His Excellency
the Governor of Bengal has al-
lotted December 18 and 19 for
discussions of Mr. S. M. Bose's re-
solution on the Joint Parliamen-
tary Committee's Report in Ben-
gal Council.—United Press.

Mr. Hosmani Congratulated

(From A Correspondent.)
HAVERI, December 11.
The elections were the proof
that the Congress represents the
mass of people of India.

The above is the gist of the
speeches delivered on the occa-
sion of giving congratulations to
Mr. Hosmani, the successful can-
didate at the Assembly elections
from the Karnatak. A grand re-
ception was accorded to him by
the citizens of Haveri, which is
also his native place and a meet-
ing was arranged.

**RAVAL
CEMENT TILES**

ARE BEST
Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

Character Of Citizens Supreme Test Of Govt.

THEORIES AND TYPES ANALYSED

Prof. Puntambekar Traces Evolution Of Rights
Of Citizens Under Various Forms Of Govt.

BENARES. (By Mail).
Prof. S. V. Puntambekar, Head
of the History Department of the
Benares Hindu University was in-
vited by the Agra University to
deliver a series of three lectures
at the St. Andrew's College,
Gorakhpur, in the first week of
the current month.

ORDERING OF LOYALTIES
In his first introductory lecture
the learned Professor stated the
importance of the problem of hu-
man relations and democratic
citizenship. It was according to
him, the problem of the sphere of
social authority and the scope of
individual freedom, and also of
mutual responsibility and co-op-
eration among citizens and their
right ordering of loyalties to
various social groups and institu-
tions. He declared that amidst
the complex problems and rela-
tions of modern society, and un-
der the growing jurisdiction of
the modern state, constitutional
government and ordered freedom
based on democratic conceptions
are the best. He emphasized that
citizenship did not merely possess
a legal aspect of the right rela-
tions between the citizen and the
government but also a moral as-
pect of noble relations between
the citizen and the citizen.

EVOLUTION OF RIGHTS
In the second lecture he dealt
with the ancient and medieval
theories and types of citizenship.
According to him theories, are
the speculations of particular
thinkers which may be removed
from the actual facts or forms of
citizenship, existing during the
various periods of history. He
classified these theories as those
of theocratic (justice-state), the-
ocratic (god-state), and feudalistic
and imperialistic (Force-State)
thinkers, and gave a lucid ac-
count of the theories of various
writers of the ancient and middle
ages.

Under all these the rights of
the citizen were very limited,
and there was no conception of
a common and equalitarian citi-
zenship. State represented some
higher end, idea or power. This
developed theories of the omni-
potence of the state and gave rise
to theories of its superiority, mis-
sion and mandate, of classes and
grades of citizenships: of superior
race, religion and civilization of
the conquerors, of their burden
and trusteeship, of segregation
and exclusion of the conquered,
and their political, civil, social,
economic and educational disabil-
ities.

These types of citizenships exist-
ed among and were advocated by
the Greeks and Romans, the
Christians and Muslims, the Hin-
dus and Hebrews, the Chinese
and Japanese.

THEORIES OF CITIZENSHIP
In his third lecture Prof. Pun-
tambekar continued the treatment
of the theories of citizenship in
modern times. He classified them
into three groups—autocratic or
dictatorial, democratic or liberal,
communist or anarchical. Theo-

ries have now become more homo-
cratic and less ideocratic.
Under autocratic theories which
emphasize the absolute supremacy
of the state and its totalitarian
character he dealt with some na-
tional, idealist and episcopal
writers whose theories of divine
right, social contract, legitimacy
and prerogative; deprived citizens
of all rights of active freedom
and civil disobedience. He also
fully explained the ideas of citi-
zenship under Fascist and Nazi
dictatorships.

Under democratic theories which
emphasize the independence of
the individual and of some as-
pects of his personality he re-
ferred to the anti-monarchist and
democratic writings of some Ro-
man Catholic and Protestant writ-
ers who advocated theories of
rebellion and regicide, and of in-
dependence and supremacy of
religious aspects of human life
when a conflict of loyalties arose.
He then discussed the rights of
citizenship as developed by consti-
tutionalists like Locke, by demo-
crats like Rousseau, by individual-
ists like Paine and Mill and by
pluralist like Laski. He also ex-
plained in this connection the
parliamentary theory of democra-
tic citizenship of universal sur-
frage, and the Soviet theory of
worker's occupational suffrage, em-
phasizing the co-operative and
equalitarian character of both and
also their doctrine of responsibility
and interdependence in human
relations.

As for communistic or anarchis-
tic theories he said they were
utopian and were found in old
religious and mystical writers, or
in the conceptions of a golden age
or of a state of nature, or in the
writings of the Chinese philoso-
pher, Chuang-tse, or in the specu-
lations of some modern social-
ists.

CHARACTER OF THE TEST
In the end he declared that the
supreme test of government was
not order, not economic prosper-
ity, not even merely doing justice;
but it is the character, moral and
intellectual: which a polity tends
to create in the citizens by which
it must be tested. There ought to
be a rule of law which gives
greatest scope to the development
of human personality in a sys-
tem of rights and duties based
on an equalitarian conception of
citizenship and on a democratic
conception of government. Then
the philosopher's search for
justice or righteousness or Dhar-
ma, that is, a right system of
human relationships will be de-
veloped.

The Principal of the College
thanked the lecturer and remark-
ed that they did credit to the
lecturer's deep scholarship and
wide knowledge. He also thanked
the Agra University for having
chosen him for delivering these
lectures.

At the request of the College
authorities, Mr. Puntambekar deliv-
ered an interesting extra lecture
on "the conflict of codes and cul-
tures in Europe."

**RELEASED IN
HIS VILLAGE**

**American-Returned Sikh
Who Was Arrested
In Bombay**

AMRITSAR, December 14.
Sardar Jaswant Singh of vil-
lage Karon, District Amritsar,
who was arrested on his return
from America as soon as he
landed at Bombay under section
3 of the Emergency Powers Act
on November 21 last was released
at his village by the Bombay po-
lice who escorted him there.

It is learnt that while in police
custody Sardar Jaswant Singh
was asked questions about the
movements of Sikhs living in
America.—United Press.

Five Accused Bailed Out

Haridas Srinivas and four oth-
ers were arrested by the Bhoi-
wada police on Thursday night
under a warrant issued by the
Deputy Commissioner, Crime
Branch.

Haridas is alleged to have re-
ceived Sutta bets while all the
other four are punters.

They were placed on Friday
before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Pre-
sidency Magistrate, Dadar Court,
and released on bail till Decem-
ber 21.

**ACCUSED PLEADS
"RAINY DAY"**

**But Magistrate Sentences
Lorry Driver For Rash
Driving**

On two charges of rash and
negligent driving and not keeping
the lorry under proper control
Pandoo Sakharum was fined on
Friday by the Girgaum Magis-
trate Rs. 30, in default to 2
weeks' simple imprisonment on
the first charge and Rs. 10 in
default to one week's simple im-
prisonment on the second charge.
The accused was driving his
lorry Bom. 328 on September 27,
from Tard's towards Mahalaksh-
mi and when it came near the
City Film Co., it collided with a
stationary car and pushed it back
and damaged its mudguard.

The accused pleaded that it
was a rainy day and when he put
the brakes in time the lorry
skidded and therefore he was not
responsible for the impact.
The Magistrate disbelieved his
story and sentenced him as
above.

**Minister Bhutto To
Tour S. Division**

The Hon. Sir Shah Nawaz
Bhutto, Minister of local self-Gov-
ernment will leave Bombay on
January 19 on a tour to the Sou-
thern Division.

He will visit Belgaum, Dhar-
war, Hubli, Karwar, Ratnagiri
and Alibag, returning to Bombay
on February 4.

**GONDAL'S GOLDEN
JUBILEE**

Subjects Present Address
To Ruler In Gold
Casket

GONDAL, Dec. 13.
The golden jubilee of His High-
ness the Maharaja Saheb Sir
Bhagwatsinhji of Gondal fixed
for December 14 has attracted an
unusually large number of dis-
tinguished visitors. The occasion
is without a precedent among the
Ruling Chiefs in Kathiawar and
the Maharaja.

The Maharaja Saheb received
on the afternoon of 13th instant
an address from his subjects in
a casket of gold skillfully designed
at Bangalore.

In the course of his reply to the
peoples' address on the occasion
of his Golden Jubilee this morn-
ing the Maharaja of Gondal said:
"You know my life is dedicated
to Gondal and your happiness
and contentment are my chief
concern."

"As the head of State and se-
nior member of family I always
keep in view my duty above all
as the guiding principle for those
in the State service should
be faithful to their salt to the
members of public and be true to
themselves by being loyal to your
interests. Let us bear in mind
Gondal, above all, and continue to
co-operate whole-heartedly in
making Gondal's greatness still
greater."

"Above all and beyond all I do
value the love and loyalty you
have demonstrated in so mag-
nificent and munificent a manner.
Let me assure you and through
you to all whom you represent
that Gondal is never absent from
my thoughts that at all times I
am at the service of Gondal and
its people."

"Their welfare is to me more
than my life and that my con-
stant prayer is 'God bless Gon-
dal.'"

**A. I. KAYASTHA
CONFERENCE**

Will Be Held At Nagpur
On Dec. 28.

NAGPUR, Dec. 12.
The 39th session of All-India
Kayastha Conference with All-
India Social Reform League Con-
ference and Mahila Conference
will be held on December 28, 29
and 30, 1934, in the buildings of
the Neill City High School, Mahal,
Nagpur.

The Presidents-elect are Sir J. P.
Saravastava, Minister, U.P. Gov-
ernment, Rai Sahib Brij Ballabh
Kishore, Sadiq, Faizabad and Mrs.
Mahadevi Verma, M.A. Principal,
Mahila Peeth, Allahabad respec-
tively.

The co-operation and help of
all the Kayasth (Bengal, Prabhu
and Hindustani) brothers are want-
ed in this great work. The dele-
gate fee is Rs. 2.

Along with these conferences
the Provincial Kayasth Conference
of Central Provinces and Berar
will be held on December 27, 1934,
under the presidentship of Mr.
Jhunnimal M.L.C., Pleadar, Damoh.
—United Press.

**MOTHERLAND'S
YOUTH LEAGUE**

Activities For Year
1933-34

The adjourned general meeting
of this Society was held on the 9th in-
stant, Mr. S. S. Kavalekar, advocate,
presiding.

After adopting and passing the re-
port and balance-sheet ending year
1933-34, the following members were
elected office-bearers for the ensuing
year:

Mr. S. S. Kavalekar, President.
Dr. M. D'Souza, Vice-President.
Mr. L. A. Dias, General Secretary.
Members: Messrs. G. N. Lavande,
A. K. Chari, N. D. Wankar, B.A.,
L.L.B., Advocate, C. K. Sankolker, B.A.,
A. K. Khotwal, B.A., L.L.B. Advocate,
A. M. Godinho, J. V. Rodrigues, A.
F. D'Souza and S. W. Dessai.

**ACTIVITIES REVEALED IN
REPORT**

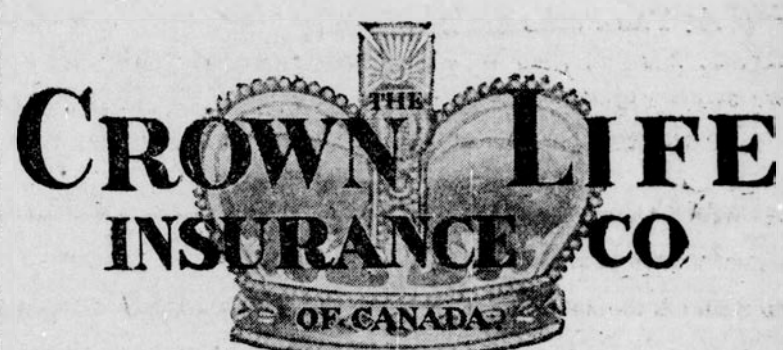
The following are extracts from the
report referred to above:—
The Society was founded on the
19th November 1933 with 23 members
and to-day the membership numbers
72.

During the period of 10 months its
Executive body held no less than 13
meetings.

At its very first meeting the Com-
mittee had to deal with the very im-
portant matter i.e. the requisition of
the Portuguese Colonial Minister to
the Government of Goa asking to send
Bailhadeiras, Murgangueros etc. at
the Colonial Exhibition that was to be
held at Oporto, and after great deli-
beration, it was unanimously resolved
to dispatch a telegram to the Gov-
ernor of Goa, protesting against this re-
quisition which in the opinion of the
Committee was an insult to Goa in
particular, and India in general. Ac-
cordingly a telegram was dispatched
to H. E. the Governor-General of Goa
along with the resolution of the Com-
mittee, and it was published in impor-

**MOULD your
FUTURE NOW**

Only Insurance can give you certain
knowledge of financial security in
your old age... and in all India,
by actual comparison, you will find
no policies to excel in advantages
those of the Crown Life Insurance
Co. Absolute capital security is
guaranteed... yet the premiums are
adjustable to the most modest in-
come. Grasp your opportunity now
... Write or phone for full details.



12, Rampart Row, Fort, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 24070.

Grand Opening

OF
PUROHIT

**Cosmopolitan Vegetarian
Refreshment and Boarding
House.**

on SUNDAY, the 16th December.

PUROHIT HOTEL

Tel. 26338 BORI BUNDER Bombay.

THE EMPIRE Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10
p.m.

UNCANNY HAPPENINGS IN A WEIRD STORY!
A Spine-Chiller You'll Enjoy!!



"A first-class thriller"—
SUNDAY REFERENCE

tant weekly and daily papers of Bon-
bay.

It was decided to call a general mass
meeting of Goans to protest against
the requisition provided co-operation
was secured from other Goan Institu-
tions. Unfortunately the co-operation
not coming forth, the mass meeting
had to be ultimately abandoned.
A publicity Committee was appoint-
ed consisting of the following mem-
bers to carry on propaganda work
wherever necessary. Mr. Carlos da
Cruz, A. M. Godinho, S. W. Desai and
L. A. Dias.
The Society is moving in the direc-
tion of fighting unemployment among
Goans and non-Goans to the best of
its abilities. It sent public appeal
recently through the newspapers, re-
questing the public and institutions
to co-operate in the matter.

IN THE STUDIOS ---- ON THE SCREEN



"Maid of the Mountains" at the Carlton this week.

"CLEOPATRA" (PATHE) — "STRAIGHT IS THE WAY" (REGAL) — "MAID OF THE MOUNTAINS" (CARLTON) — "BELOW THE SEA" (WELLINGTON)

"CLEOPATRA" (PATHE) — "STRAIGHT IS THE WAY" (REGAL) — "MAID OF THE MOUNTAINS" (CARLTON) — "BELOW THE SEA" (WELLINGTON)



Sri. Mira Gunjal will feature in "Cleopatra" at the Majestic.



"Cleopatra" the historic picture now projected at the Pathe — See Claudette Colbert.



"Cat's Paw" continues at the Capitol.

"THE CAT'S PAW" At The Capitol

The mildest missionary in the world finds himself Mayor of the World's toughest spot... Chicago, Harold Lloyd... a philosophic youth, dreaming of China and her proverbs is thrown into the midst of Chicago's underworld and becomes Mayor of that city by the most amazing accident. Then the change... from being a sucker he becomes tougher than the toughest; the young man with the spectacles and the pale innocent face defines the underworld king and shows the city how to deal with its mass of crime and corruption. This picture unlike so many other comedies is not mere slapstick humour from beginning to end the direction is subtle and the blending of humour with brilliant dialogue... is a delightful treat. It is not often that Harold Lloyd makes a picture and "The Cat's Paw" after an absence of two years only proves that this famous comedian is second to none. We strongly advise the public not to miss this attraction which is to be continued at the Capitol for yet another week.

"BELOW THE SEA" At The Wellington

Those who go to see motion pictures for the thrills they afford—and who doesn't?—will be more than amply repaid by visiting the Wellington Talkies where the Columbia feature "Below The Sea" runs this week. No sophisticated drama of talk, this: Far from it! It is a tale of the treasure hunt on the ocean floor—and treasure hunts are always fascinating. Then there is a battle between United States destroyers and German submarine, and the sinking of the U-boat, and only two survivors from its crew. And—topping any exciting moments shown on the screen in recent years—there is tense, life-or-death battle on the sea bottom between a diver and a huge octopus, most dreaded creature of the deep.

"Below the Sea" is a picture of action, from the very first sequence to the last, with the suspense growing greater and the thrills multiplying until the breath-taking climax.

The melodrama is splendidly cast. Ralph Ballamy, most virile of the younger screen leading men, has the heroic role of a diver, whose defeat of the octopus in the battle many fathoms deep saves the life of a beautiful young heiress. Fay Wray is the girl. Fay's titian loveliness is well known.

A Danish actor of great renown in Scandinavia and on the Continent, but entirely new to the American screen here makes his first appearance as the villainous submarine commander, who survives the wreck of his vessel and plots to get away alone with the treasure that sank with her. He is Fredrik Vegeding, and his performance in "Below the Sea" indicates he will go far in Hollywood. Columbia has a real find in Vegeding.

Esther Howard, famous in the musical comedy world aids Vegeding in his villainy. She too is a comparative new-comer to the screen, but puts plenty of realism into her portrayal of the Proprietress of a San Francisco Water front saloon where the plot originates. Undersea scenes are photographed in technicolor.

AJANTA CINETONE

Some mischief-mongers are spreading all sorts of false and baseless rumours in the cinema circles regarding the Ajanta Studio. The Ajanta Cinetone Ltd., take this opportunity to contradict all such rumours, and announce that their film production work is going full stream ahead. Mr. Bhavnani will finish "Dardedil" or "Romance" this month, and take up another subject early next month. Mr. Kapoor is going to Indore to shoot the outdoor scenes of the gorgeous Rajput picture "Queen's Wrath", and after that he will complete another picture "Azadi-Ki-Divane". Lalita, the wellknown classical dancer, has been taken up by Ajanta and she is being featured in leading roles in two of the pictures already under production. Munshi Premchand is busy writing stories for Ajanta's 1935 production.

"GOING HOLLYWOOD" At The Palace

Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer's dazzling musical extravaganza "Going Hollywood" starring the movie queen Marion Davies, is the attraction at the Palace for the current week. It was selected as a leading candidate for the world's best pictures of 1933 by the Second International Cinema Exhibition at Venice.

Lavish stage settings, dazzling costumes and enchanting musical numbers have been crowded into it to make it one of the most original motion pictures productions to emanate in Hollywood.

As an orphaned girl, Sylvia Bruce, played by Marion Davies, falls in love with the voice of a radio crooner whom she has never seen. She goes out to get her man, discovers that he is "going Hollywood" to star in a motion picture, and that he is taking along with him a temperamental French actress, Sylvia manages to go along, and the complications that arise furnish the comedy and drama for the story.

The programme at the Palace also includes "La Cucaracha," an all-colour musical revue produced by R.K.O. Radio Co. This side picture has strongly appealed to the people of Bombay, and although it was screened last week at the Palace, they have decided to continue the same this week on account of repeated demands of the public.

"THE WHITE SISTER" At Edward

Two of the greatest personalities on the American screen, Helen Hayes, winner of the Motion Picture Academy award, and Clark Gable, conceded by most critics to be the Talkies' outstanding matinee idol, are co-starring for the first time in M. G. M.'s "The White Sister" now returning to the Edward for the current week. It has been adapted to screen from F. Marion Crawford's classic love story.

Miss Hayes plays the role of an aristocratic Italian girl, who on the eve of her wedding to a man of her father's choice, falls in love with a young officer. A clandestine romance results, and the father, in a desperate attempt to call a halt to the proceedings, is involved in an automobile smash-up and dies. The young officer is subsequently called to the war and is reported dead, and the girl, therefore, shuts herself up in a convent as a White Sister. The intensely dramatic climax of the story occurs when the officer returns from the war and confronts the nun. The situation is said to be the most stirring ever enacted by the talented Miss Hayes.

"AMRITMANTHAN" At The Krishna.

Prabhat's "Amritmantan" has created a great impression. The picture is showing for the tenth week at the Krishna.

INDIAN STUDIO NOTES

FRABHAT

Director Shantaram has commenced shooting of "Chandrasena" in three versions. Hindi, Marathi and Tamil. In the former two Nalini Tarkhad and Master Kale take the lead.

SARASWATI

Mr. R. G. Torney is giving finishing touches to the historical picture "Sambaji" with Master Vithal, Master Vasant, Miss Vijayadevi, Miss Shaktikanta and Mrs. Purank in the leading roles. Simultaneously Mr. Torney is busy with another Hindi picture "Piara-Dushman," depicting an heart-rending Mohamadan plot from Ancient History, with Miss Menaka and Master Vasant in the leading roles.

JAYANT TALKIES.

Messrs. Jani Bros are busy with two pictures named "Magic Horse" with Bachu and Miss Nanda, and "Naw-Bharath" with Navinchandra and Miss Nanda. Elaborate arrangements are also on foot for the production of a spectacular picture to be directed by Mr. Deoki Bose with Mrs. Durgabai Khote in the leading role.

KALA KINETONE.

Mr. Chotubhai is busy giving final touches to his initial picture "Madan Manjari" with Manohar and Zohra.

THE GOLD MOHOR SOUND PICTURES.

"To-Day" the first super production of the Gold Mohor Sound Pictures is now ready, and will be released at the Roxy Talkies from Saturday, the 15th December. The shooting for "Mubark" their second picture is rapidly going on. It is hoped that the same will be completed very soon.

SAGAR STUDIO.

Sagar is "giving attention" to "Vengeance is Mine." Its release is in sight. Smt. Kanayyala M. Munshi's literary work finds here effective treatment.

Mr. Chimanlal Luhar has started right in earnest the shooting of "Silver King" which will be completed in the beginning of the next month. Sabitadevi plays the leading role.

While Mr. Mehboob is fixing the camera for "Judgment of Allah."

IMPERIAL STUDIO NEWS.

"Samaj-ki-Bhul" a social drama of the Imperial Film Company is scheduled to run at the Imperial Cinema in the middle of this month. Mr. Nandlal has given finishing touches to his "Indira 11. A." Mr. Nandlal is now busy with his "Dancer of the Temple." Mr. Homi Master has half finished his new picture "Be Ghadi Ki Mouja" with Sulochana in the leading role. "Chalta Putla" is going ahead at the hands of Sarpotdar. It is also a social drama featuring Dulal and Dattar with Gulam Rasool and others.

Mr. Asher slowly but steadily progresses with his "Layalo Nihar" a powerful drama.

Mr. M. A. Equbal is a new acquisition to the Imperial Film Company. He has from Hyderabad (Deccan) He is a talented musician.

"STRAIGHT IS THE WAY" At The Regal

"Straight Is The Way" the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture which opens to-day at the Regal theatre, brings to the screen one of the most gripping family dramas recently to come to us from Hollywood. The story deals with the return from prison of Benny Horowitz to the East Side flat of his ailing and widowed mother. It pictures his struggles to shake off his earlier associates of ill repute—even the beautiful Shirley who had loved him before he was sent to prison. He returns to find his associates striving to lure him back into the racketeer's fold. He discovers that Mon, now the head of the gang that Benny once ruled, has taken his place in Shirley's affections. Franchot Tone ably plays the role of Benny and proves himself thoroughly accomplished to handle such a dramatic role. The wholesome love interest is contributed by Karen Morley, as Bertha the orphaned girl who had been caring for Benny's aging mother during his imprisonment. Bertha loves Benny, and finally admits it, but the other girl, Shirley, becomes an empowering influence over Benny. It is while trying to rid himself of Shirley that Benny becomes involved in the most dramatic episode of his life. The solution to his problem, in which he gains his freedom—freedom from prison bars, freedom from Shirley and freedom to accept Bertha's love—provides a fitting and gripping climax to "Straight is the Way." May Robson excels herself as Benny's mother, and Gladys George, a sparkling stage star from New York, makes her screen debut in the role of Shirley.

RASHKE-LAILA At The Minerva

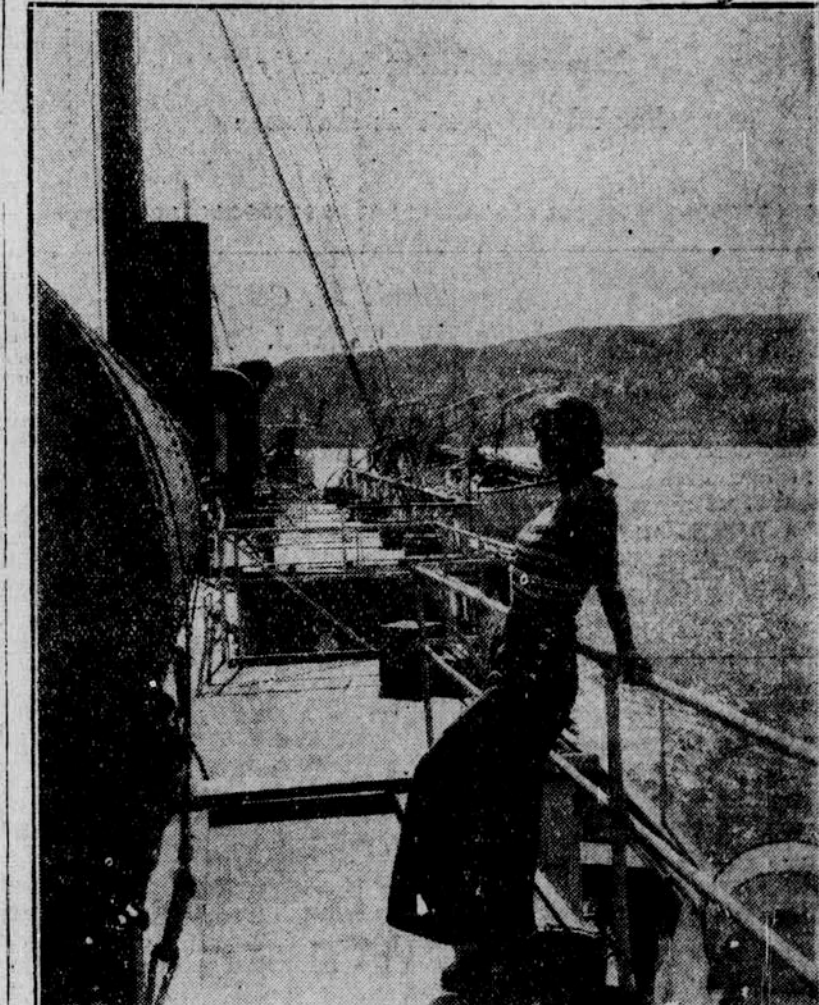
The love-romance "Raske-Laila" has been drawing crowds for the last two weeks at Minerva. The picture is showing for the third week at Minerva.



"Straight Is The Way" starring Karen Morley at the Regal.



Helen Hayes and Clark Gable at the Edward this week.



"Below The Sea" now seen at the Wellington.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Magna Sud, 10, 1931.
Muslim: Ramzan 7, 1353.
Parsee: Tir 10, 1304.
Sunrise: 7h 2m.
Sunset: 4h 4m.
High Water: 6-28, 20-01.
Low Water: 0-21, 13-18.
S.S. 'Carthage' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.
Bombay Races: 5th Day of Winter Meeting.

SUNDAY, December 16
St. Andrews Day, Ex-Students Dinner and Social at 7-0 p.m.

MONDAY, December 17
Bombay Engineering Congress: 20th Session, H. E. the Governor opening, Sir C. J. Hall, 3 p.m.

TUESDAY, December 18
Bombay Engineering Congress: 20th Session, Royal Institute of Science, 10-30 a.m.

Dr. J. S. Nerurkar's lecture on "The Health of the City", Nagpada Neighbourhood House, 6-30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, December 19
Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p.m.

BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS

The Band of 2nd Bn. The Durham Light Infantry will play a select programme of music at the Victoria gardens, Byculla to-day (Saturday) commencing from 5-45 p.m. (S.T.).

DAWN OF INDIA LIFE INSUR.

Mr. G. S. Marathe, the Actuary of Poona will preside on the occasion of the opening of the Insurance Training Classes at Poona at 6 p.m. to-day (Saturday).

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES

Sri Vishwananda of Ramakrishna Mission, will conduct the weekly public class at the Batiboi's Institute at 5-30 p.m. to-day and at the Ashram on Sunday at 9 a.m.

WILSON COLLEGE GYM.

The Annual Athletic Sports of the Wilson College will be held to-day (Saturday) at 2 p.m. on the College Gymkhana Ground, Kennedy Sea Face. Sir Phiroze Sethna, will preside.

PUBLIC LECTURE

Public Lecture on "Einstein, the Revolutionary Scientist", to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Neighbourhood House, Nagpada, by S. S. Kaverichar.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS' ASSOCIATION

The Seventh Annual General Meeting of the Bombay Municipal Officials' Association will be held in the Corporation Hall to-day (Saturday) at 3-54 p.m. (S.T.) under the chairmanship of Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai.

T. C. C. SOCIETY LTD.

The fourth Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Tivincanuco Co-operative Credit Society, Ltd., will be held at the St. Sebastian Goan High School, Dabul, Girgaum Road, to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

EMPIRE—"The Ghoul" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

REGAL—"Straight is the Way" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 4 p.m.

ROXY—"To-day" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 2-30 p.m.

CAPITOL—"The Cat's Paw" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 4 p.m.

CARLTON—"The Maid of the Mountains" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.

PATHE—"Cleopatra" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Sunday morning show 10 a.m. WELLINGTON—"Below the Sea" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 2-30 p.m.

WEST END—"Noddy" Time as usual MINERVA—"Rashke-La-La" Daily at 4-30 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Amrit Manthan" Daily at 6-45 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3 p.m.

PALACE—"Going Hollywood" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Sunday morning show at 10-30 a.m. EDWARD—"The White Sister" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Sunday morning show at 10 a.m. MAJESTIC—"Dolly Nargi" Daily at 4-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon Indian Programme Your Favourite, 1 p.m. Available market rates, European Lunch Time Music, Debroy Somers and his Band (records) 1-30 p.m. Close down.

4-30 p.m. Children's Hour, Uncle Dick with Auntie Dolly, 5-0 p.m. M. Y. Anandkar—Stories in Marathi, 5-30 p.m. European Programme, Relay from Regal Cinema—The Theatre Magnificent, 6-30 p.m. Indian Programme, Sponsored by H.M.V. 7-30 p.m. Interval, 8-0 p.m. European Programme, Empire Relay, 8-45 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin, Indian Programme, 9-0 p.m. Time Signal General News in Hindi and Commercial News, 9-30 p.m. A South Indian Concert, S.B. Mrs. Lalita Venkatram, 10-0 p.m. Her Veena, 11-0 p.m. God Save the King—Emperor.

Empire Broadcasting

7-45 p.m. Big Ben, The Belfast Wireless Orchestra, conducted by Peter Montgomery Frank Capper (Bass), 8-30 p.m. Harold Ramsay, at the Organ of the Granada, To-day 9 p.m. The Phantom Broadcast (London with the Lid Off) Presented by Cecil Madden and William MacLurg, with the co-operation of the Outside Broadcasting Department. The savedroping microphone will travel round London by night and overheard typical sound, or visit typical spots.

BUDDHA SOCIETY

Under the auspices of the Buddha Society, a public lecture will be delivered by Sadhu Vaswani, in the 'Anand Vihar', near Bombay Central Station, to-morrow (Sunday), at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.) on "Lord Buddha and his Message".



Khansahab Abdul Karim Khan, who is giving concerts to-night and to-morrow evening at the Gujarat Forbes Hall.

B. P. C. C.

The Adjourned Meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held on Monday, the 17th instant at 7 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

SARASWAT BRAHMAN SAMAJ

Mr. S. M. Vande will deliver a lecture on "Civic Duty" in the Samaj Hall at 6 p.m. to-day (Saturday) Dr. Malinibai Sukthankar, will preside.

GANDHARVA MAHA VIDHYALAYA

"The 20th fortnightly music demonstration of Gandharva Maha Vidyalaya will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in the hall of Gowardhan Sanstha, at Gowardhan Bhuvan, 2nd floor, Khetwadi Main Road."

RAM MOHAN ENGLISH SCHOOL (O. S. U.)

The 7th annual social gathering of the O. S. U. will be held to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. in the Bombay Theatre, when Sir Govindrao Pradhan, will preside.

MYSORE ASSOCIATION

The members of the association will be "at home" to Mr. S. P. Raja Gopalachari Member, Mysore Council to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. in the Matunga at 4-0 p.m. (S.T.)

A Harikatha performance in Kanarese by Kunari Padmanavtibai aged nine will be held to-day (Saturday) at Byramjee Jejeebhoy Hall, Matunga, at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.)

WESTERN INDIA HOMOEOPATHIC ASSOCIATION

The 3rd extra-ordinary general meeting of the Reception Committee of the All India Homoeopathic Medical Conference 2nd session of Bombay will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. in the Bombay Homoeopathic Medical Association office, Sethna Building, Princess Street.

3 ARTS CIRCLE

"3 Arts Circle" will meet at the Science Exhibition to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. and at Whiteway 4 p.m. to-morrow (Sunday) at 4-30 p.m. Apply Aiwane "Rif" at 4.

MR. R. M. BHATT'S CANDIDATURE

Mr. R. M. Bhatt is standing as a candidate from "C" Ward at the ensuing municipal elections.

MR. I. G. GRIFFITHS

Mr. I. G. Griffiths is standing as a candidate to the Municipal election from "A" ward.

MR. M. ALLABUX

Mr. Mahomedally Allabux is a candidate from "C" Ward.

DR. H. F. PAVRI

Dr. Homi F. Pavri is a candidate from "D" Ward.

RATIONALIST YOUTH LEAGUE

A lecture will be delivered under the auspices of the above league when Mr. S. A. Megherian will speak on "Rationalism" to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Students' Brotherhood Hall, French Bridge, Opera House.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N. Y. K. Steamer "Nagato Maru" left Colombo for Bombay on the 14th instant, and is due to arrive here on Monday evening the 17th December.

Steamer Clan Monroe arrived at the Suez on the evening of Sunday, December, 9 Steamer Clan Malesm arrived at the Suez on the evening of Wednesday, December 12.

CONDOLENCE MEETING

A meeting of the members past and present and the friends and relatives of the late Mr. Dabha C. Golwala, joint founder and proprietor of the Victoria Swimming Bath will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.) at the Bath premises for passing a vote of Condolence on the death of Mr. Golwala and for considering what steps should be taken with a view to commemorate his services to the city. Mr. R. P. Masani will preside.

SAMASTA NAGAR SAMMELAN

A meeting of Nagars residing in Bombay and Suburbs will be held to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. in Laxmi Nagar Hall, Khari, to give a hearty "Send Off" to Rai Sahab Girdharlal D. Mehta on his appointment as Manager of the Jamnagar State Railway, a dinner and Garba party will be given to-morrow (Sunday) in Laxmi Narayan Temple, Santa Cruz, at 8 p.m. (S.T.) and Harikertan Programme on Monday at 9 p.m. in Vile Parle at Bhagat's Bungalow, Ghodabunder Road.

Mr. Raje Acquitted Of Charge Of Assault

MAGISTRATE REJECTS COMPLAINANT'S STORY AS FALSE

Inspector D. V. Raje, of the Princess Street Police Station, was acquitted of the charge of causing hurt to Wadilal Mohanlal, while in the custody of the Princess Street Police Station on April 12, by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court, on Friday afternoon.

MR. RAJE'S STATEMENT. The accused in his statement in answer to the charge, stated that a few days prior to the beginning of April 1934 he had received information that Wadilal was threatening people in the bazar. On April 7 he received a copy of a complaint through the Commissioner of Police as well as from the Superintendent "B" Division. Accused endorsed the complaint in favour of Deputy Inspector Karnik asking the latter to wait for further direction in the matter as the man complained against was a C.I.D. informant.

"TO CATCH HIM." The accused continuing said that on the following day he received the original complaint with the endorsement that "something should be done to catch him." On the morning of April 11 the accused received a report of a house-breaking and theft case and as some persons had seen Wadilal in that vicinity, he gave instructions to arrest Wadilal on this charge.

On April 12, Inspector Raje said he went to the Police Station at 4-30 p.m. and while there, heard "a lot of noise coming from the lock-up side. I went to the investigation room and asked the staff what the noise was about. I was told that Wadilal was arrested and was refusing to go into the lock-up." He then went to the Deputy Commissioner of Police on some urgent business.

Continuing the officer said, "I had never come in direct contact with Wadilal except on one occasion."

The complaint about gambling introduced in this case has no basis for a grudge against Wadilal, the accused stated as the raids which were referred to were carried out when he was on leave and he had nothing to do with it.

PLEADS "NOT GUILTY."

Pleading not guilty to the charge the accused said "I have not assaulted the complainant and had no grudge against him at all. The prosecution has been launched against me as a result of some designing persons behind the complainant."

Magistrate: Have you anything further to add?

Accused:—The case brought against me is an entirely false one. I have no grudge against the complainant.

JUDGMENT.

The Magistrate in the course of the judgment said: "Accused in this case is charged under Section 323 with causing hurt to the complainant while he was in police custody. The complainant was wanted by the Princess Street police and was arrested and brought to the police station. It is alleged that on the 12th April 1934, accused caused complainant to be brought into the charge room and there slapped him several times on both cheeks and had him sent back to the cell. When Mr. Horniman and Mr. Biem called at the police station he complained to them of the assault. Subsequently the complainant was discharged for want of evidence and he filed this complaint."

"The prosecution case has several defects. The police officers told that complainant made no complaint to them of assault. On the following morning when he was placed before Superintendent Guider, the accused's superior officer, he could have complained had he felt aggrieved. He did in fact asked to be sent to hospital but said nothing about the assault. He said he wanted to be treated for the venereal disease from which he was suffering. Several witnesses have been called for the prosecution but to my mind they cannot carry this case far enough."

"Mr. Horniman whose evidence I accept, says that complainant's face looked swollen. It must be remembered that complainant has first told him that he had been assaulted. With this fact at the back of his mind he seemed to observe that the complainant's face was swollen. Moreover the complainant has a full plump face. Even though the complainant said that he was assaulted there is no corroboration of his word. The other witnesses merely repeat what the complainant said to them."

WADILAL'S RECORD.

"Now is the complainant a man whose uncorroborated testimony ought to be believed against a responsible police officer. At the age of 20—he is now 33 years—he was convicted of cheating and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment. He was convicted in 1923 of theft and sentenced to 18 months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000. He has been bound over under Section 100 of the Code for extortion. He acted for some time as police informant and while in that capacity accepted "bakashees" from gamblers not to disclose their names. In fact he ran with the hare and hunted with the hounds. In cross-examination he did not collapse because he belonged to a fairly hardened type."

PLEA FOR COMPENSATION.

Mr. Billimoria, advocate for the defence, applied to the court to order the complainant to show cause why he should not be asked to pay compensation to Mr. Raje for launching a false and vexatious complaint.

The Magistrate said that Mr. Raje's honour had been vindicated in a court of law, and the complainant is a man of straw. "In view of this fact I do not pass any order."

Auction Sale At Abdul Gaffar Nagar

The following materials will be auctioned to-morrow (Sunday) at 10 a.m. (S.T.)

Planks, Bamboos and Padai Bamboos; Wooden Railings, Wooden Partitions, Wooden Doors, F. paulinas, Writing desks, Fly Wipers, etc. etc. Motor Bus will be available from Congress House to Worli for the intending purchasers at 9-30 a.m. (S.T.)

Air Mail Postal Notice

As the Imperial Airways Eastbound aeroplane is delayed and arriving Karachi to-day, the London-Indian air mails are expected to be received in Bombay on Saturday the 15th December 1934 and will be issued for delivery at the Bombay General Post Office at 3-30 p.m. the same day in the ordinary course.

Similarly the air mails on which proper air fee for air transit in India has not been paid and which in the ordinary course were expected to be received in Bombay by steamer on Saturday the 15th instant, will be received here on Monday the 17th December 1934 and will be issued out by 11-00 a.m. delivery the same day.

The latest hour of posting air mail correspondence for Bellary and Madras at the Bombay G.P.O. will be as shown below—

Ordinary correspondence 11-30 hours Saturday (15-12-1934)
Registered correspondence 11-00 hours Saturday (15-12-1934).

ARYA MAHILA SAMAJ ANNIVERSARY

The 22nd anniversary of the Arya Mahila Samaj Bombay will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 in the Local Parthana Samaj Hall when Mrs. Kamalabai Deshpande, Principal, N. D. T. College Poona will preside.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Where Funds Are Lacking!

It would make interesting reading if one could gather the total number of occasions and the total number of items, for which the Government had said that funds were lacking. On Wednesday evening Mr. N. M. Joshi at a meeting held at the League of Nations Union Hall, speaking on the Labour problems of India and the work of the International Labour Organisation, stated that full delegations were not being sent to the International Labour Conferences, and no advisers were sent along with the delegates, because the Government had stated that there were no funds available. Mr. Joshi did not believe this. The amount required, according to the speaker, would perhaps be Rs. 25,000 or 50,000. But even taking that one lakh of rupees were to be spent, the speaker argued, the Government would be justified in spending that amount when such an important problem as that of the future of labour was being discussed by body composed of international delegates.

During the past week two functions were held in which one could have glimpses, however faint, of the future youth of India and their progress.

The first was the Grand Rally of about 800 boy-scouts to celebrate the All-India Scout Jamboree (1927) Commemoration Day. The second was the annual sports meet of the 'C' Company of the University Training Corps, held at the Oval, where an interesting programme of sports contests was gone through.

In both these functions one thing was strikingly clear. The physique of the boy-scouts and the members of the U. T. C. was below par. The results of the sports contests revealed that the records of the U. T. C. members were considerably below those of the world records.

The boy-scout movement seemed to suffer from proper encouragement from the authorities concerned. The equipment of a number of Scout troops was somewhat poor.

As for the U. T. C. members, as Principal Rehman, who presided on the occasion, pointed out, the Corps would be more efficient if the funds provided for it were properly spent for immediate needs such as travelling expenses instead of accumulating them for prizes in sports contests.

The efficacy of every organisation depends more on the immediate facilities afforded for sound working and rapid progress than on a distant event held out as an attraction while the present needs are starved.

With Or Without A Future?

The first was the Grand Rally of about 800 boy-scouts to celebrate the All-India Scout Jamboree (1927) Commemoration Day. The second was the annual sports meet of the 'C' Company of the University Training Corps, held at the Oval, where an interesting programme of sports contests was gone through.

LATE SETH

We regret to note the death of Sheth Gulji Kedia of Messrs Gulraj Rangil in whose honour the local cotton market closed on Friday.

Sheth Gulji Kedia was one of the oldest Brokers in the City having business in cotton, gold, silver, linseed and wheat. He founded his firm 55 years back and died at the age of 75 at Chirawa in Rajputana.

WAGHRI WOMAN MURDER ARREST

Hubbirs Vising, Wagri (28) suspected to be an accomplice in the murder of a Wagri woman, near Chhandanwadi, was arrested by the Police at Sopala, a village near Bombay.

The suspect was placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court on Friday and remanded into custody till December 24.

BEWARE!

A FORECAST!

BOMBAY WILL SHORTLY HAVE

A SHOCK

OF THE

EARTHQUAKE!

For Details Be Keeping a watch on Newspapers

NEXT WEEK!

NOTE:—Please remember that there comes a shock not only during the Earthquake but also

After the Earthquake

BOMBAY IN THE GRIP OF THE CAT'S PAW!

THE CAPITOL

TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

HE CONFUSED THEM WITH CONFUCIUS!

Out of the sanctuary of his father's mission in dreamy China—into the helter-skelter of a rip-roaring American city!... Looking for a future wife, and mystifying everybody with his Ling Po lingo!

HAROLD LLOYD

in

THE CAT'S PAW

UNA MERKEL GEORGE BARBER

NAT PENDLETON GRACE BRADLEY

ALAN DINEHART GRANT MITCHEL

Directed by

SAM TAYLOR

From the Saturday Evening Post Story by CLARENCE BUDINGTON KELLAN

ALSO SOUVENIR FILM OF THE IMPOSING SCENE

ROYAL WEDDING

OF H.R.H. THE DUKE OF KENT AND H.R.H. THE PRINCESS MARINA

"I'M FREE NOW . . . and I'm going to Stay Free!"

You'll thrill, as you watch him fight to break the shackles that held him to his past!

STRAIGHT IS THE WAY

FRANCHOT TONE MAY ROBSON KAREN MORLEY GLADYS GEORGE NAT PENDLETON JACK LA RUE

ADDED ATTRACTION—Souvenir Film of the imposing scenes at the

ROYAL WEDDING

OF H.R.H. THE DUKE OF KENT & H.R.H. THE PRINCESS MARINA

THE REGAL TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

Telephone No. 22032,
Post Box No. 322

Telegrams "Chronicle."
Registered No. 8-1086

The Bombay Chronicle

Head Office, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1934

THE RESERVE BANK

Looking through the list of the Reserve Bank Directors now announced, and recalling the names of the Governor and Deputy Governors already appointed, one wonders what precisely are the principles and what exactly are the special qualifications, which have guided the Government in making some of the nominations they have announced. There was, for instance, no point so vehemently emphasised, while the project for a Reserve Bank was under discussion in the Indian Legislature, than the doctrine that the authorities connected with the governance, management and direction of this central credit institution of the country should be utterly uncontaminated with the least hint of a political colour in their appointment or election. But now that some of these appointments are no longer matter for rumour, one would search in vain with the most powerful microscope one can find to discover the peculiar aptitude and specific merits or achievements in national banking that could entitle a person, like Sir Sikander Hayat Khan, to be one of the Deputy Governors of that institution unless, of course, loyal political service to the Powers-that-be is the only criterion for such elevation. We have no quarrel with Sir Sikander personally. We are prepared to admit that, on the lines that have seemingly inspired that particular appointment, Government could have made many a worse choice. But, granting all that, we cannot, in strict veracity, admit that appointments to these posts have been without that tinge of political expediency or recognition of service rendered in fields other than those of Banking and Credit, which was so much insisted upon when the country demanded a State Bank as contradistinguished from a Shareholders' Bank. We have already declared, once before in these columns, why we consider the translation of a Managing Governor of the present Imperial Bank of India to the Governorship of the Reserve Bank to be inappropriate and inadvisable; and so we shall not comment any further upon the appointment of Sir Osborne Smith to the most important post that

the banking organisation of this country has to offer.

Understanding & Sympathy

What the interests of the country proper may suffer from such appointments to the Governorship and Deputy Governorships—because they may lack sympathy and understanding of the country's needs in regard to industrial development and commercial expansion—is in no way compensated for or counteracted by several of the appointments to the Directors' posts just announced. That some of these names are well-known in the world of Indian Finance and Commerce, needs hardly to be questioned. But mere distinction as businessmen, mere eminence as money-making machines, ought not, one would have thought, to have been treated as the supreme qualification for such appointments. Persons, again, engaged hitherto in active operations on their own account in the money markets in the country have their own innate limitations which would prevent them from making the most satisfactory Directors for such a national credit institution as this Bank is going, 'ex hypothesi,' to be. We would not like to be personal and invidious; but we cannot help insisting upon a natural sympathy and understanding of our economic ambitions without which the institution is doomed to disappointment.

Agriculture Ignored

When we find names that are eminent in India's Foreign Trade rubbing shoulders in the list with eminent Indian industrial financiers and distinguished money-lenders, or captains of industry, or even Zamindars, we wonder if adequate attention has really been paid in the selection of the Board of Directors to the credit and financing, let alone the growth and prosperity, of the greatest Indian industry—Agriculture. The Indian agriculturist has no representative in this Board, unless we regard the appointment of a Government official and Controller of Currency, as fulfilling that requirement. A Board lacking in any representation of the real needs of agriculture, and even of the internal commerce of India, cannot but be looked upon with a degree of scepticism which we trust the event will falsify.

Miss Mayo Again

Miss Katherine Mayo, already notorious in India as the author of "Mother India," has sent, through a London newspaper, a timely "message to the people of Britain" on "India's Future." It is as venomous as any page in "Mother India" and its object is the same—that inspired that book, to prevent, if possible, self-government in India. "You want to confer self-government on India," she says to the British, "are you sure that self-government is a positive good without regard to circumstance?" And then she points out various circumstances which, according to her, unfit India for self-government. We mention some of them because they are at least amusing. The first circumstance is that the demand for self-government comes mainly from the Hindus, but the Hindu's ethical code only "centres him on himself and completely absolves him from any concern for his fellow-men," and "his religion and customs definitely compel him to possess, a gift that could well have been used for some better purpose."

Chimanlal Repudiated

Mr. A.D. Shroff, himself, Mr. Shroff suggests that from the point of view of the Liberals themselves there is no alternative to rejecting the Joint Parliamentary Committee proposals. For, apart from ignoring the joint memorandum of the Indian Delegation, they constitute a breach of solemn pledges given

IN THE LAW COURTS

Husband And Wife

(BY N. H. P.)

While the Bill to amend the law relating to marriage and divorce among Parsees is on the legislative anvil here are a few suggestions which may well be considered by the Parsi community and others concerned with the Bill. The late Mr. J. A. R. Cairns, in the experiences of his magisterial work which he put together in "Drab Street Glory," observes: "A discussion in public of the intimate relations of husband and wife puts a man or woman of refinement to a very terrifying ordeal. It is an exposure in public of everything that is secret and sacred. It is indeed an ordeal from which many shrink preparing to suffer hardship rather than suffer the indignity of exposure."

A Bill has been introduced into the House of Lords by Lord Merivale to amend the law relating to proceedings between husband and wife in respect of domestic differences. It is provided that all matrimonial proceedings should commence by summons, but that before a public hearing the court shall consider, having regard to the information submitted before the issue of the summons, whether it will be well to hear the parties in private with a view to settlement by mutual consent. No report of proceedings of a court under these provisions may be published without the leave of the court. Further rules may provide for, inter alia, the hearing of summonses and applications in courts of summary jurisdiction by a police magistrate sitting with a Justice of the Peace selected from a panel of Justices. It is further provided that on the hearing in the High Court of any matrimonial cause or matter, or in the courts of summary jurisdiction, of matters to which the measure relates, such courts respectively shall have a discretionary authority (e.g., where necessary for the due administration of justice or in the interests of public decency) to direct that, while evidence is being given, no persons other than the parties and their professional representatives shall be present. The decision of the court, must, however, in all cases be given in open court.

Shops Act of 1934.

The Shops Act, 1934, which comes into force in England on the 30th instant, makes many changes in the law not only as respects the hours of Shop Assistants and the employment of young persons in the distributive trades, but also as respects sanitary and other arrangements in all wholesale and retail shops and warehouses. The Act contains special provisions as to the employment of young persons in the catering trade and in shops for the sale of accessories for aircraft, motor vehicles and cycles. The Act also places additional duties upon local and sanitary authorities. The Act contemplates an appreciable improvement of the working conditions of shop assistants. The definition of "shop" is a wide one and includes not only wholesale and retail shops and warehouses occupied for the purposes of his trade by any person carrying on any retail trade or business or by any wholesale dealer or merchant. The persons whose health and comfort are to be protected are not only those actually employed in the business

(Continued on page 7.)

to India on behalf of Great Britain. There is no reference in them to "Dominion Status" and, as Mr. Shroff remarks: "It is most significant that everybody connected with His Majesty's Government is now deliberately refraining from mentioning the term Dominion Status whilst discussing the proposed constitutional reforms." Indeed, the Archbishop of Canterbury has openly disowned it without any protest or explanation from Government members in the House of Lords. It is, therefore, quite clear that the proposals coupled with the recent proceedings in Parliament constitute a deliberate denial of what Mr. Shroff says is the Liberals' "fundamental political creed." Now it is for Sir Chimanlal to say whether he would still insist on inviting Liberals to betray their own creed. Meanwhile, we congratulate Mr. Shroff on his courageous patriotism. In this connection we must also congratulate another young Liberal, the Hon. Mr. P. N. Sapru (Sir Tej Bahadur's son), on the views which he recently expressed at Allahabad. Mr. Sapru does "not consider that the Congress demand for a Constituent Assembly is absolute nonsense," and he pleads for concerted action "to avert this 'National Calamity,'" that is, the Joint Parliamentary Committee Report. We venture to draw Sir Chimanlal's particular attention to these remarks of a fellow-Liberal.

CONGRESS VERDICT

The One Thing That Impresses Britishers Most Is, Not Logic--Chopping, But Strength And Organisation

By
K. F. NARIMAN
II.

In spite of that sound advice of Parnell against undue reliance on "the Mother of Parliaments," years after, another great Irishman, John Redmond, again ventured on the same slippery path. For years he and his little group of Irish Parliamentarians were pampered and flattered by British diplomats, they were feasted and feted more sumptuously and gorgeously than our R.T.C. guests. But after having secured all that was wanted from them and when they had become a spent force, and could render no more useful and beneficial service to the cause of British Imperialism, they were discarded. It was mainly through the efforts of this small group of Redmondites that Ireland contributed, like India, most generously and liberally, both in men and money, to the cause of the Allies during the Great War. Still towards the close of the War they pleaded in vain with the British die-hards not to impose the "Conscription Act" on Ireland. Their protests and their advice were then treated by the British authorities with as much courtesy, as they are showing to the Indian Moderates and Liberals to-day.

British Folly

However, be it said to the credit of Irish Redmondites, that they displayed more courage and self-respect than the Indian Liberals, and instead of continuing in the humiliating and insulting position, they determined to boycott the British Parliament and staged a dignified walk-out. Thus the last shred of faith in Britain was broken and all this catastrophe for an absolutely superfluous and needless "Conscription Act!" This British folly had its repetition in India in the Rowlatt Act passed

about the same time. Both these Acts remained dead letters, both of them failing in their original objects but serving another, and unforeseen purpose of keeping the flame of discontent and agitation alive. To make the parallel complete, the Redmondites did not regain their lost position even by adopting the right but belated course and in the General Elections in Ireland in 1918 their position was only a little better than that of our Indian Liberals, as they were able to return four members, instead of the solitary one here, and that one exception is not due to their party label.

For some time after they attempted to keep up the show, by calling a party meeting, where, in the four offices of President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer were distributed amongst the four surviving members, and then the meeting adjourned "sine die" never to meet again. Thus instead of pursuing a barren course as the Indian Moderates are attempting now, they practically dissolved the party in good time.

Indian Elections

Sir Samuel Hoare, in his recent speech in British Parliament, refers to the recent election results in India as a political phenomena peculiar to India alone. He said: "The lesson of the recent elections was that so long as a system continued under which electoral success was dependent almost exclusively upon attacking Government, the elections in India would almost invariably go the same way." The fact is, elections whether in India, Ireland or Egypt, go the same way. So long as foreign domination continues over

these countries, the local supporters of foreign domination usually find themselves in a most pitiable and pathetic plight when they discover that the only reward for their thankless job is to be ultimately discarded both by those whom they tried to serve and by their own countrymen whom they deserted at critical times. The pity is that both the patrons abroad and the patronised at home, soon forget even the recent lessons of history and again tread the same barren path used by their predecessors.

The Contrast

Sir Tej Bahadur and his learned associates are all students of history. They often quote Irish and Egyptian instances. They could not be unaware of the fact that shortly after the War the representatives of Moderate and Constitutional Party of Ireland, the Redmondites, were literally turned out of British Parliament almost, after an inglorious and fruitless career for years, and immediately after they were also, almost as ruthlessly, routed at the Irish elections in 1918 as the Liberals in India to-day whereas De Valera and his companions were both honoured and loved at home, and respected and dreaded abroad.

What Britons Respect

Maintain your self-respect, show firm determination to fight for your rights, learn to stand erect on your feet and give up decadent and humiliating poses, and you will soon find a corresponding and automatic change in the attitude of the Britishers. Otherwise, with each memorandum and with fresh arguments and

(Continued on page 11.)

— PRESS VIEWS —

Constitutional Battle

The fact that Mr. Bose is a state prisoner, does not as far as we are aware, constitute any lawful reason for preventing him from attending the Assembly. The Government can, if they so choose, lay down that Mr. Bose must come direct to Delhi or Simla from his place of detention and must go back to it as soon as the Assembly session is over and that he must not participate in any activities even at Delhi or Simla apart from taking part in the proceedings of the body of which he is a member. They have no right whatever to deprive the first city in India of its right to be represented by a member of its choice. As it is, the decision of the Government really amounts to disfranchising the citizens of Calcutta who have returned Mr. Bose unopposed and who are not likely to return any one else. Do the Government then propose to go back to the days of Wilkie's and not only prevent Mr. Bose from taking his seat in the Assembly but appoint a nominee of their own for the purpose of representing the people of Calcutta? The decision of Government raises a constitutional issue of the first importance and we have no doubt in a few days that the first constitutional battle in the new Assembly will be fought. "Tribune."

Unworkable

It is the safeguards that form part of the proposed constitution and are alone real. Sir Samuel Hoare pooh-poohed those "theorists" who believe in "Checks and Balances" and advanced the amazing principle that the statutory safeguards as outlined in the report were more likely to contribute to stability and progress than a process of checks and balances in a self-governing State. Sir Samuel Hoare urges that these theorists were able to give to the world such a fine constitution as that with which the United States is governed. And his practical genius and the genius of his colleagues on the Joint Committee, have produced something which even if enacted will very soon have to be cast into the scrap heap of foolish political experiments. The whole of India has with one voice condemned the new constitution as retrograde and unacceptable. But its greatest offence is not merely its reactionary nature but its utterly unworkable and impracticable framework—"National Call."

Frankly Speaking

EFFECTIVE RETORT!

It will be recalled that some time ago, General Smuts, in the course of a Rectorial address, made a plea for the grant of India's demands. Coming, as it did, from one of the best-loved favorites of British Imperialism, such an obvious heresy naturally rankled in the hearts of "patriotic Britons," especially the Die-hards. They remembered. And Mr. Churchill took occasion to refer to it in Parliament, while opposing the Joint Parliamentary Committee's proposals. The retort was rather effective; Mr. Churchill "wondered what General Smuts would say if a proposal were made to give seats in the legislature to Indian immigrants and native inhabitants." The British Diehard has doubtless enhanced thereby his reputation for holding that the world was created for Britons and Europeans, but the justice of his attack is undeniable. The blow was decidedly pungent.

CURIOUS TRIBUTE.

British statesmen like Mr. Baldwin, the Archbishop of Canterbury, Lord Snell and Lord Lothian have, during the recent debates, all been vying with each other in paying compliments and tributes to the women of India. Indeed, they went to the length of optimistically hoping that it would be through women that the confusion in Indian public life, perpetuated by their own Communal Award, would be removed. But a study of the Joint Parliamentary Report and the Report of the Franchise Committee wherein women are supposed to have been given important rights reveals a tale that directly contradicts these solemn declarations made in Parliament. But one need not wonder at the contrast when even positive pledges have been broken.

A BLUNDER.

The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has committed a blunder in deciding not to contest the forthcoming municipal elections officially. It has thrown away an opportunity to serve the city on sound lines in an organised manner and thereby to maintain a close and vital touch with the electorate. The difficulties

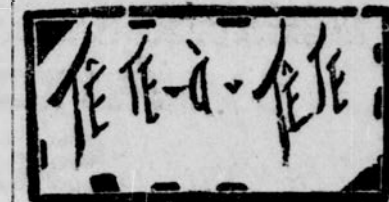
suggested during the discussion on the subject are not undeniable but we did not expect a body like the B.P.C.C. to shrink from them and shirk an obvious duty after the extraordinarily loyal and enthusiastic manner in which the city had supported the Congress at the Assembly elections. Despite the B.P.C.C.'s decision Congressmen individually are going to contest the elections, and these naturally stake the prestige and reputation of the Congress. The B.P.C.C. has only deprived these men of the advantage of organised propaganda.

SOCIALIST PARTY

The B.P.C.C. has, however, appealed to the voters to support the candidature of such Congressmen "as have rendered services and undergone sacrifices in the cause of the country." The Committee might well have given a clearer lead to the electors by making its own choice of candidates, for which task the Committee is better fitted than the electorate. However, it is the duty of the electors, in their own interests as well as those of the Congress, to respond worthily to the appeal. It should be noted in this connection that the Congress Socialist Party's candidates have both rendered services to the country and also undergone sacrifices. What is not less important, they have pledged themselves to a sound civic programme. We trust all the candidates put up by the Party will receive full support from the electors.

ASIATIC SOCIETY'S ADDRESS.

Mrs. Stan Harding, scholar, author, artist and exponent of art, is known to the world of art by her strenuous research, during the last decade and more, of the dances, rituals and dance-dramas particularly of the South-west. Her address on Monday at the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society supplemented by demonstrations and lantern slides, specially prepared for the address will decidedly constitute a rare event and opportunity for those who are seriously interested in the study of the dance as one of the most vital forms of the nation's artistic heritage.



"A BISHOP ON ANGELS"

Believes They Can Be Seen."

Why, they can be heard and read also. During the last four or five days, indeed, newspapers have been full of their Cherubic sayings.

"I challenge the House with regard to India" roared George Lansbury.

And the House of Commons, rose by 491 as against 49 to accept the challenge on behalf of India. The monster was decisively beaten.

In this connection we suggest that Sir Chimanlal Setalvad should send a cable of graceful gratitude to Sir Samuel Hoare and also a pretty bouquet by Air Mail.

In the House of Commons, Sir Austen Chamberlain paid a tribute to Mr. Churchill's speech as worthy of the great traditions of the House.

We beg to differ. It was quite all right in conception but a little too loud and direct in delivery. As a matter of fact it was Sir Austen—along with other supporters of the characteristically British J.P.C. Report—who did full justice to the traditions of the British Parliament.

Lord Strabolgi describes the Communist Award as the "most hideous denial of everything in which Labourites believe." Add "when in Opposition."

The Archbishop of Canterbury wonders at the inconsistency of Die-hards in attributing selfish motives of preference to the I.C.S. in one breath, and in the next, paying a tribute to the integrity of the great I.C.S. We wonder at the inconsistency of those who support the J.P.C. proposals and profess the deepest and the most exclusive sympathy with India—and both in the same breath.

His Grace "suggested that the path towards fuller self-government indicated in the report was the path of destiny."

It cannot be otherwise since a British Prelate says so. Why, even destiny itself will not dare to deny what is attributed to it by higher authorities.

"But," proceeded His Grace, "that in no way indicated that the development of India's constitution would follow exactly on the lines of Britain's." This is a bit disappointing, we mean the vagueness of it. Since he was at it, His Grace might as well have been thoroughly positive in the name of an unprotesting destiny.

But any way His Grace has given an unmistakable hint for destiny to follow. For "he would not be surprised if it (the constitution) did not take a character much more suitable to the special history and position of India." May the Lord bless—what?

But let's now wind up the Archbishop of Canterbury: "Whatever Indian politicians might or might not say honour demanded" solemnly declared the spiritual head of Great Britain, "that we should at least be ready to fulfil Parliament's promises."

It is much too sacred for comment.

"Bombay" says Anglo-India "is to hear a new singer on Saturday."

We almost thought it referred to a famous artist who had been persuaded to give his own variation of the theme so beautifully dealt with by Bombay's Liberal leader.

Sir George Stanley, we read, has reached London.

We do hope he is being received everywhere with a welcome thoroughly befitting an ex-Governor and that no indiscreet references are made regarding the rather unfortunate magnitude of Congress success in Madras.

A young man was taking his girl friend on his new motor-cycle for the first time.

Just when he was thinking that the girl must be very impressed by the machine's performance it began to lag.

Puzzled, he stopped to examine the engine. Everything seemed in order. He was just about to start off again when the girl on the pillion tapped him on the shoulder.

"I say, Dick," she said, pointing to the brake pedal upon which her foot rested, "what a pity there's not another foot-rest on the other side!"

MINISTER SINGS VIRTUE OF SAFEGUARDS

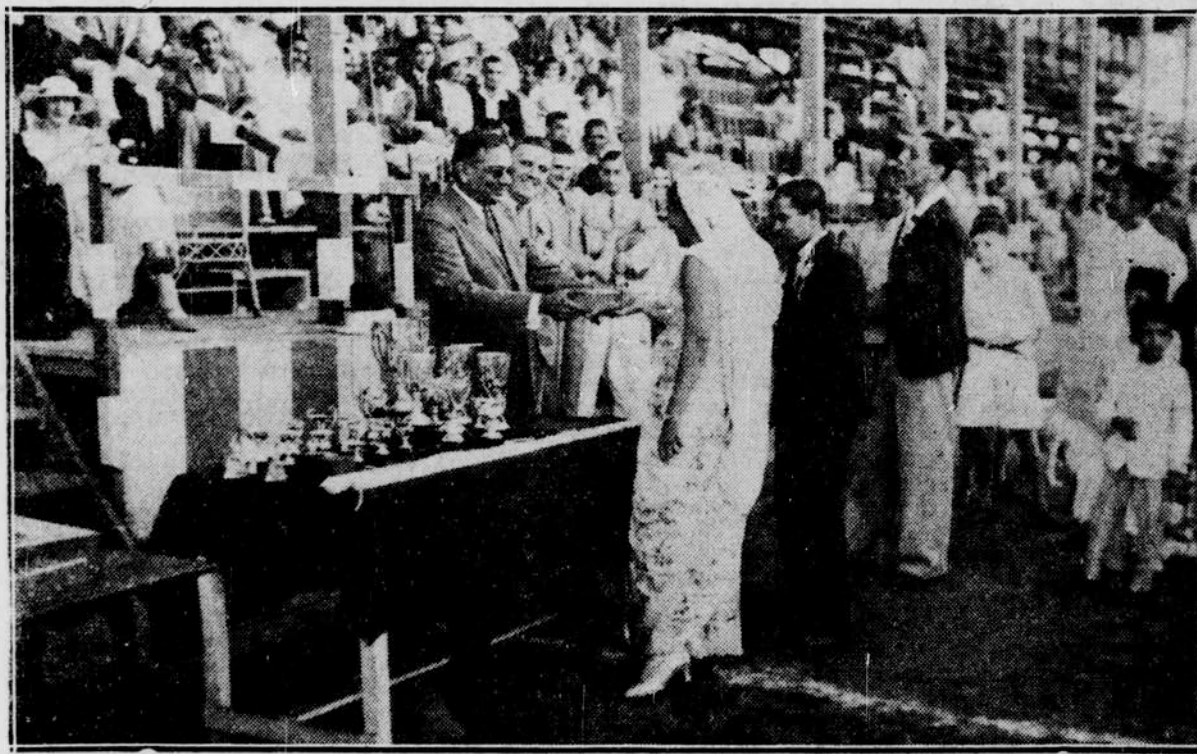
WAS NEVER OVERRULED IN 8 YEARS

Sir Feroze Khan Thinks That Powers Put On Paper Will Never Be Exercised

LAHORE, Dec. 14. Presiding at one of the Y.M.C.A. Autumn Lectures on the subject of the "Constitutional Position of the Citizen in British India," Sir Feroze Khan Noon, Minister of Education, Punjab Government, expressed his views on the Joint Select Committee proposals. He deprecated the attacks on safeguards made in the press, but said that the fact had been forgotten, that all those powers thought to have been put on paper were, in fact, never to be exercised. Regarding provincial autonomy, he referred to the Punjab, and said that it would be impossible for Muslims, with their small majority, to work the Reforms without the assistance and co-operation of sister communities.

HIS GOOD FORTUNE. Regarding the position of Ministers in the future Constitution, Sir Feroze Khan Noon said that even now Ministers were at the

mercy of the Governors, but during the last 14 years no Governor had been able to dismiss any Minister under the Powers possessed by him. The Governor, it was said, had autocratic powers in overruling Ministers, but he was not divulging any secret when he said that during the last eight years that he had been a Minister, there had not been a single occasion when he had been overruled by a Governor. SAFEGUARDS INDISPENSABLE. He defended the proposal that a Minister should not be allowed to send for papers connected with terrorists even when law and order were transferred to Ministers. Even now, he said, European members of the Cabinet did not see many police papers. There might be certain information in the possession of the Police which it would not be safe to divulge to a Minister in the interest of public peace. Without the proposed safeguards, Sir Feroze Khan concluded, the administration would become impossible.—A.P.



The Radio & Cable Recreation Club held its first athletic sports on Coopers on Thursday. Mr. R. M. Chino is seen here giving away the prizes.

RASH DRIVING CHARGE AGAINST JOURNALIST FAILS

Expert Witness On Tyre-Marks

Mr. M. H. Dare, a Bombay Journalist, was acquitted by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, at Dadar Court, of a charge of rash driving brought by the Mahim Police as the sequel to an accident on September 29 on Mahim Causeway.

The case turned on whether certain marks on the road, measuring over 100 feet in length, were skid marks, as alleged by the police, or the ordinary marks made by the low-pressure tyres on the defendant's car. The police alleged that the car was travelling very fast, skidded this distance, and therefore failed to avoid a boy named Rajabali Hassan, who came into collision with the car.

The defence case, conducted by Mr. S. D. Vimaladasi, standing counsel of the W.I.A.A., was that the boy dashed across the road with his head down, took no notice of the horn till close on the car, then ran straight into its offside mud-guard when the car was almost at a standstill, the impact causing him to go up slightly in the air and come down on the lamp, which was smashed. In evidence the boy himself said he was called by his mother and ran across the road, not seeing the car.

DEFENCE VERSION. Mr. Dare in a written statement said that he first saw the boy some 60 feet away. He at once sounded his horn and continued to do so while at the same time reducing his speed by the footbrake to 25 miles an hour from 40, at which speed he had been travelling as the road was clear, and moving from the crown of the road to the left side, in an endeavour to be clear off the boy, and hoping he would in that distance look up and stop. His speed decreased till he was almost at a standstill when the impact occurred. The car did not knock the boy down.

He at once took the boy for medical examination, first to Bandra dispensary, and then to the hospital at Parel. At both of these places nothing could be found wrong with the boy except bruises on the back and stomach. On the way back from Bandra, defendant said, he found Sgt. Watson, of the Mahim police, measuring what he alleged to be skid marks over 100 feet long, up to the point of impact. He told the officer they were not skids, but the ordinary marks made by the type of tyre on the car. The officer said: "You must have been going a pace, to get those skids."

When he returned to the police station to make his statement, the police merely looked at the damage to the car, but did not trouble to test the brakes, which were in perfect order. EXPERT WITNESS DEPOSES. The defence called as an expert witness Mr. J. de Tesseris, Manager and Director of the Michelin Tyre Company, who stated that the "real low pressure" tyres of the type on the defendant's car were specially soft and designed to prevent skidding, and that it was impossible to skid 100 feet with them. He put in photographs demonstrating this, taken at the demonstration given at Esplanade Bandstand, just before the monsoon.

Summing up, the Magistrate said: "I find on the evidence that the defendant is not guilty. He did all a reasonable motorist could be expected to do; he sounded his horn, and slowed down. He could not have anticipated the movements of the child, who himself contributed largely to the accident. I therefore acquit him."

ORGANISE FOR CREATING PUBLIC OPINION Need Of Agitating For Rights Of States' Peoples

The need for organising the peoples of the native States of Gujarat, was emphasised by Mr. Manishankar Trivedi, General Secretary of the Indian States' People's Conference at a public meeting held on Friday night at Hira Baug, under the auspices of the Bombay Propaganda Committee of the Gujarat States' People's Conference.

Mr. Trivedi said:—"The Princes and their Ministers acclaim from the house-tops that they are the true spokesmen and real representatives of the States' people. Have we ever noticed any item on the agenda either of the meetings of the Chamber of Princes or those of their Ministers which concerns the well-being of the 85 millions of States' people? Have these representatives ever considered the question of protecting the elementary rights of citizenship, viz., freedom of speech, freedom of the Press and freedom of association? Have their Conferences ever discussed the question of making their governments responsible to their people? This is the reason why the Conferences of Princes and those of their Ministers have lost their naturalness, reality and importance in the public eye."

SHORT-SIGHTED POLICY. "As compared to the short-sighted view held in the princely meetings, we find in the various conferences of the States peoples where true spokesmen and real representatives of the people assemble, a sincere resolve to serve the down-trodden and poverty-stricken masses in the States. The true representatives of the people demanded for the masses their elementary rights of citizenship and a constitution that would hold them in securing their welfare and progress—a constitution which it is their inherent right to determine. The Indian National Congress has supported these main demands of the States' people in its Calcutta Session, and it has assured them of its assistance in the States' people's struggle for securing those rights."

ORGANISE PUBLIC OPINION. But the States' people should not expect that one fine morning they will read in the papers a declaration from the Princes recognising these rights. For the attainment of their rights the States' people shall have to organise themselves fully, and create irresistible public opinion in favour of their legitimate rights. It is for this purpose that the Gujarat States' People's Conference is being organised; and I appeal to the people of the Gujarat States residing in Bombay, to contribute their quota to make the forthcoming session of the Conference a success."

Several speakers then addressed the gathering. A section led by Messrs Yagnik and Mahipatram Joshi opined that the forthcoming Conference of the Gujarat States' people was not opportune and should not be held. Another section led by Mr. Tarachand Kothari held that the organisation of the States' people was most essential and viewed from this point, the Conference was essential.

The meeting came to an end after a few other speakers addressed the gathering.

INDIAN GLOBE-TROTTER To Publish Book After Completion Of His Tour

JUBBULPORE, Dec. 14. Armed with the motto "Trust in God and be not daunted" Mr. A. M. Allibhoy Lamuwalla, an Indian globe-trotter on a cycle, who left Nairobi on December 5, 1929 on a Raleigh cycle, has arrived here.

Mr. Allibhoy in the course of his tour has so far covered 30,000 miles, and visited Tanganyika, Kenya, Portuguese East Africa, South Africa, Ceylon, Burma, Siam, Malaya, Java, Sumatra, Bali, Celebes, Borneo, China, Japan, Iraq, Syria, Egypt, Palestine, Persia and several European countries including England and France.

BOOK OF TRAVELS. Interviewed Mr. Allibhoy said that he entered India through Baluchistan where he had narrow escapes from the hands of the Afridis and other warlike tribes of the mountains. Explaining his object of the tour, he said it was to obtain first-hand knowledge of the peoples, their habits and customs and the geographical nature of their country. Mr. Allibhoy expects to complete his tour in the next three months, and then publish a book of his travels.—United Press.

ADVANCING MUSLIM EDUCATION Govt. Committee's Recommendations

CALCUTTA, Dec. 14. The bringing into operation forthwith of the Primary Education Act, adequate proportionate representation of Muslims on educational bodies and services, the reservation of seats for students in medical and engineering institutions, and a separate electorate for Muslim graduates to elect half the elected members of the Senate, are some of the important recommendations made by the Muslim Education Advisory Committee, whose report has just been issued. The Committee, which was appointed by Government to advise on the policy of advancing Muslim education, consisted mostly of members of the Legislature.—A. P.

RESEARCH IN INDIAN CULTURE Calcutta University Gives Facilities

CALCUTTA, Dec. 14. With a view to promoting the spirit of research in Ancient Indian Culture by post-graduate students, the Calcutta University, it is understood, is going to establish shortly a museum of Art and Archaeology attached to the Department of Ancient Indian History and Culture. The Museum will be named after the late Sir Ashutosh Mukherjee. The University will sanction a capital grant of Rs. 1500 and an annual recurring grant of Rs. 1500 for equipping the museum and its upkeep.—United Press.

Conservative M. P. Arrives At Chinsurah

CHINSURAH, Dec. 14. Mr. Nicholson, Conservative Member of Parliament, who is on a visit to India arrived here today and is putting up with Mr. Burrows, Divisional Commissioner.—United Press.

"LIBERALS ARE WROTH BUT CONGRESS IS ADAMANT"

Gangadhar Rao On Rejection Of J. P. C. Report And Convening Of Constituent Assembly

(From Our Correspondent). NASIK. (By Mail). Mr. Gangadhar Rao Deshpande came here on Wednesday to interview Mr. Patwardhan of Nagar who is undergoing an imprisonment of two years in the Nasik Central Prison.

In the evening Mr. Deshpande addressed a monster meeting on the Yeshwant Maldan under Congress auspices. Mr. Dadasaheb Gadre, the President of the D.C.C. was in the chair. Mr. Shankarrao Deo, President, M.P.C.C. and Mr. Achut Patwardhan were also present.

Mr. Deshpande made a very moving speech vigorously defending the Patna resolution of the Working Committee.

LIBERALS ARE WROTH

It was stated, he said, that the Liberals were wroth as the Working Committee did not pass a resolution critically analysing the J.P.C. Report and suggesting some modification. The attitude of the Congress is fundamentally different. The Congress believes that no other nation but India has any right to decide the nature of the Constitution. The Congress has resolved to lead the country along the path of self determination and self-help. A constitution, of whatever nature or character it might be, will never be acceptable to the Congress if it is not

framed by Indians themselves. CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY. The Working Committee as well as the Congress is quite keen and sincere about the Constituent Assembly. The Congress contemplates to frame the constitution which India requires in the Constituent Assembly that it will convene. The recent victory of the Congress in the Assembly elections has heartened the Working Committee and it feels confident that the nation will respond to its appeal.

CONGRESS OPPONENTS

"I am glad," continued Mr. Deshpande, that I got an opportunity to address a meeting at an important place in the Maharashtra like Nasik. In the recent elections of the Assembly the Congress in Maharashtra had not only to encounter the opposition of those very persons who once worked for strengthening the Congress, and with whom I took my political lessons at the feet of late Lokmanya Tilak.

"I appeal to Maharashtra on behalf of the Working Committee to support the Congress as it did in the Assembly elections. I hope that Nasik district which ever has been loyal to the Congress as well as Maharashtra will wholeheartedly support the programme of the Congress for the following three months as resolved by the Working Committee at Patna.

IN THE LAW COURTS

(Continued from page 6)

of a shop but those working at the business and receiving no direct reward for their labour, such as members of the shopkeeper's family. The shops inspector is given powers similar to those of a factory inspector. He may, for instance, take a constable into a shop where he has reasonable cause to apprehend any serious obstruction and he may examine employees or ex-employees and require them to sign a declaration of the truth of any statements made by them. The inspector will have to decide, e.g., whether the ventilation of the shop premises is suitable and sufficient, whether water closet accommodation is adequate, etc.

An Improved Proxy Form.

Several companies in England and in India have adopted a form of proxy that is worth adopting by companies generally in India. A marginal note appearing on the form invites the shareholder to state in writing whether he is "for" or "against" the scheme, and a space is provided in which he may define his attitude and thereby have his vote registered either in favour of or against the directors' proposals. Hitherto the common form of proxy has been as follows:—"I, a shareholder of the Company limited, do hereby appoint Mr. to be my proxy to attend and vote for me at the general meeting of the Company, to be held on ... and at any adjournment thereof or at any ballot to be taken in consequence thereof." The practice has been, when schemes are put before shareholders, for proxies to be invited by the Directors without any facilities being given to dissenting recipients to register their objection. While they are entitled to declare on the form, if they so wish, that they are "against" a scheme, and to have such a proxy used in the subsequent voting, very few shareholders are aware of such a right. Hence either proxies are signed without reservation or should the shareholders object to the scheme put before them, they make no use of them, with the result that unless they attend the meeting and vote in person or, as is done in exceptional cases, counter-proxies are invited by an organised opposition, the scales, when a vote comes to be taken, are weighed unduly in favour of directorial interests. The matter calls for attention from Shareholders' Associations.

Conduct Of A Jury.

Lord Hewart has frequently said that justice must not merely be done, but must also appear to be done. Recently, on the third day of a trial at the Liverpool Assizes of a person charged with frauds alleged in connection with motor insurance, Mr. Justice Lawrence stopped the trial on account of the prisoner's complaint that he had overheard a prejudiced remark made by one jurymen to another. The prisoner had been on bail, and he swore that before coming into court on the third day, he overheard one jurymen say to another when he was in the lavatory: "I wonder if he will plead guilty, as he has wasted the time of the court for three days already." The judge said that it was undesirable that the trial should continue before the same jury. The remark appeared to the prisoner "to be pre-judgment of his case before his defence has

MASS COURT-MARTIAL OF NAZIS IN MEMEL

126 Charged With Complicity In Plot To Overthrow Lithuania

KAUNAS (Lithuania), December 13.

The sensational mass court-martial opens to-morrow in which 126 Nazis of the Memel District are charged with complicity in a plot to transfer a portion of Lithuania to Germany by armed force. It is alleged that they belong to secret organisations affiliated to the Nazi Party in Germany.

They are also charged with acts of terrorism while seven are charged with actual murder. All the accused are liable to the death penalty.—Reuters.

BRITISH MINISTER AT KABUL

Major Fraser-Tytler To Succeed Sir Richard Maconachie

LONDON, Dec. 13.

The King has approved the appointment of Major W. K. Fraser-Tytler as British Minister at Kabul in succession to Sir Richard Maconachie, who relinquishing his appointment next Spring.—Reuters's Special.

ITALIAN CONTINGENT FOR SAAR

(Special Cable) ROME, Dec. 13.

The Italian Saar contingent consists of the regiment of Grenadiers, and Battalion of Carabiniers under the command of General Frasca.

been put forward. While it may be a perfectly natural thing for someone to say, it is a wrong thing for a person in a judicial position to say to another person in a judicial position. The jury were discharged, the prisoner's bail was extended, and the case, (according to the "Law Times") will be re-tried by another jury at the next Manchester Assizes.

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FRENCH WHEAT BILL PASSED

Premier Flandin's Threat To Resign Has Desired Effect

(Special Cable) PARIS, Dec. 13.

The Chamber of Deputies by 386 to 175 votes has adopted the Government Wheat Bill to-day following M. Flandin's threat to resign unless given unconditional support. The Bill which fixes the price of wheat and seeks to regulate its sale, was the cause of serious differences between the Government and agriculturists.

NO RESUMPTION OF NAVAL PARLEY

Conference Plans Through Diplomatic Channels

LONDON, Dec. 13.

Premier R. MacDonald and Mr. Norman Davis had a forty-five minute talk this morning after which it is learnt, that no date for the resumption of naval talks has been fixed and probably the talks will not be commenced again, notwithstanding the desire of Japanese to the contrary.

Preparations for the 1935 Naval Conference are likely to be accomplished through the diplomatic channels. British and American circles consider that the talks need only be renewed, if some new development makes it worth while.—Reuters.

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Dec. 13. Death has occurred of Mr. William Pool.

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YAMAMOTO NOT RETURNING HOME

Story Of Anglo-Japanese Bilateral Agreement Denied

LONDON, Dec. 13.

It is unlikely that Admiral Yamamoto will return to Japan during the adjournment of the naval talks, according to the Japanese delegation, but will remain in England if there is possibility of the resumption of the present talks, or the 1935 conference being held before next May.

It is denied that any effort was initiated for an Anglo-Japanese bilateral agreement, while the United States delegation also deny they approached Britain for a bilateral agreement.—Reuters.

FOREIGN BANKS IN ITALY

Will Resume Dealings In Their Currency

ROME, Dec. 13.

The Finance Minister, Signor Jung, granted permission to the branches of the foreign banks in Italy to resume their dealings in foreign currency. Signor Jung revealed that the decree of December 8 had one purpose, namely to restrict Italy's gold reserves. This will be achieved by preventing speculation.—Reuters.

KING RECEIVES MADRAS EX-GOVERNOR

LONDON, Dec. 13.

The King received in audience Sir George Stanley at Buckingham Palace upon the latter relinquishing the Governorship of Madras. Sir George Stanley subsequently lunched with the King and Queen.

Lady Stanley was unavoidably prevented from obeying their Majesties commands.—Reuters.

SHEFFIELD SHIELD MATCH

Kippax's 114 In Play Against S. Australia

(Special Cable) ADELAIDE, Dec. 14.

The following is the closing score in the Sheffield Shield match between South Australia and New South Wales, which commenced to-day:—

New South Wales 336 for eight (Fingleton 55, Brown 81 Kippax 114 not out.)

VICTORIA'S 276 FOR 8.

MELBURN, Dec. 14.

The following is the closing score in the Sheffield Shield match between Victoria and Queensland, which commenced here to-day:—

Victoria for eight (Rigg 87, McCool 104 not out.)

RETURN NOV.

(Special Cable.)

LONDON, Dec. 12. The following is the closing score in the Sheffield Shield match between Victoria and Queensland, which commenced here to-day:—

What Harms Country Most

LIBERALS' NEGATIVE ATTITUDE

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle." Sir,—Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru and Mr. Jayakar—the strange Siamese twins of politics (strange, because one calls himself a non-communal non-party man while the other is an open and right communist and Mahasabhai)—have issued another joint statement, this time on the Joint Parliamentary Committee's report on the Indian Reforms. As usual they have strongly criticised the Report and as usual they have advised others, who are more practical and active, not to adopt a "negative attitude." In my opinion the one thing which has done the greatest harm to the cause of Indian reforms in recent years is the strictly "negative attitude" adopted by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru himself throughout the prolonged discussions which are taking place as a preliminary to the establishment of a new constitution for India, except on one and only one occasion when he expressed his resentment at the appointment of the Statutory Commission which excluded even him from its membership. On that occasion Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru joined progressive Indian Nationalists—the Congress itself—and condemned the Commission not by mere words but by actually boycotting it. That was the only occasion on which the British Government tried to make some amends for the mistake which it had made and paid some attention to Sir Tej's criticism and resentment. Sir Tej may be a non-party man but his mentality and his behaviour are not very different from that of the members of that Indian party which calls itself "Liberal" or moderate. He, like the other members of that party, indulges in occasional verbal or written provisional criticisms of such deeds of the Government as are against the interests or aspirations or demands of India. Shrewd British politicians have come to know the limits to which the resentment of Sir Tej Bahadur, and of leaders of his mentality, will go and they now treat it with the same contempt with which the Joint Parliamentary Committee has treated the well-trumpeted memorandum of Sir Tej himself or the joint memorandum signed by the Aga Khan, Mr. Jayakar and several other moderate leaders.

The Joint Parliamentary Committee has done much worse than merely ignoring those memoranda; it has taken notice of them and it has even mentioned that it does not expect that its own suggestions will meet with the approval of those moderate gentlemen who have recommended "simpler" methods, yet it has refused to accept even one important modification of the White Paper as suggested by these Indian Leaders whilst it has given practical effect to almost all the demands of its own "die-hards."

In my opinion the Joint Parliamentary Committee has not only treated the Joint memorandum and Sir Tej's memorandum with contempt but it has even attempted to make fools of the signatories by nominal attention to a few of their proposals such as the admission that there can be no provincial autonomy without responsibility at the centre, only to act contrary to them. As I told the Aga Khan himself at short time ago at Geneva, before the Joint Parliamentary Committee's report had been published, if he had said, of course, in a most respectful and loyal manner befitting him, in the joint memorandum that, unless the modifications to the White Paper suggested by him and his colleagues were effect by the Joint Parliamentary Committee, even moderate Indians would refuse to work the proposed reforms, although they would not indulge in agitation against them, then and only then could it have been expected that the Joint Parliamentary Committee (or the British Government) would have paid some attention to the joint memorandum. It was only because the Committee was convinced that the attitude of these gentlemen would be a merely "negative" one even if all their suggestions were completely ignored, that they dared to treat their proposals with contempt. Now if the Congress, or other progressive patriotic bodies, adopt the same submissive mentality and the same "negative attitude" which has been adopted by Sir Tej and others of the same school and confine themselves to

expressing merely verbal criticisms it will be fatal for the interests of India as there is no Indian with the least patriotism in him who believes that the safeguards in the White Paper and the additional one in the Joint Parliamentary Committee's report can be worked in the interests of India.

Now is the time for all parties and communities in India not only to reject the White Paper and the Joint Committee report but to declare firmly and unanimously that if the White Paper scheme is thrust upon India then all parties and communities in India will join the National Congress in demonstrating practically in the Legislatures as suggested by me in the Council of State two years ago that that constitution can never be worked in the interests of India when there is any clash between the interests of Indians and Britishers and that nothing but a deadlock can ensure on all occasions, entailing the use of dictatorial powers by the Government and the provincial Governors against the proposals, Bills and resolutions of the elected representatives of India and against the interests of India.

The "negative attitude" of mere criticism now and support in working the scheme when the criticism is ignored and an autocratic constitution is definitely imposed can never gain any constitution for India which will place her on a footing of equality with great Britain. It can never even get Dominion Status which Indians have been demanding for generations past and which was promised by British officials years ago but even a mention of which has been scrupulously ignored and avoided in the White Paper or the Joint Parliamentary Committee's Report. If the "negative attitude" of the "liberals" and the "Moderates" continues, reforms will always be kept in principle on the first step and no real power will ever be granted to Indians and they will never be masters in their own country. It is the other parties that have to take a lesson from the Congress. I assure Sir Tej and others that a "negative attitude" never carries any weight with the Britishers nor does abject sycophancy. It is only a good fight and a strong sanction which they appreciate and to which they yield.—Yours, etc.

SHEIKH M. H. KIDWAI,

Mushir Manzil,
Jopling Road,
Lucknow, Dec. 11.

Congress And "Constituent Assembly"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle." Sir,—The other day, you published a very sensible article on the resolution passed by the Congress Working Committee "Rejecting" the Reform proposals. It was very properly suggested that it was not enough to pass resolutions and that it was necessary to proceed at once, if possible to "convene a Constituent Assembly" in order to draft a suitable Reform scheme as an alternative to what is now proposed by the J.P.C. It is urged upon us by our Liberal friends, the Moderates, and the leaders of the minority communities in India, that to convene a Constituent Assembly is "wholly impracticable" and the Secretary of State has said the same thing on Tuesday in the House of Commons.

The question that is asked by everybody is—why does not the Congress Working Committee proceed to show that it "is" practicable to convene such an assembly? If, on the other hand, it is in fact not "practicable," then why not call at once an All-India Parties Conference, and invite representatives of Liberal-Moderates of every caste and creed, and representatives of all the minority communities to attend, and give expressions of no uncertain manner to India's feeling of "profound disappointment" with the Reform proposals and to declare that no party in India will work the new constitution? It will be recalled that the Secretary of State climbed down when the Moderates refused to attend the third Round Table Conference unless he modified his plan about the composition of the Conference. Unless such an All-India Parties Conference is held quickly, it will be too late, and the Reform Bill will be passed without any modification of the

present proposals embodied in the J.P.C. Report. There are grounds for believing that it is not at all practicable to convene a Constituent Assembly as things stand at present in India.

On the other hand, an all-India all Parties Conference is a practicable proposition. We have a precedent for it in the procedure adopted in the matter of the Nehru Report. That Report was a splendid response to the taunts of Lord Birkenhead who challenged the Congress to "produce any constructive constitutional proposals of its own." It was submitted to an all parties conference and to a "National Convention" with the remarkable results that are well known. My submission therefore is that what was done once can be done again. There is every reason to believe that the birth of such a conference will be warmly welcomed and its proceedings conclusions and ultimate results would have far-reaching effects when Parliament considers the next stage of Indian Reform. For "God's sake," let us at least have something concrete. The country is tired of talk—nothing but endless and empty talk.—Yours etc.

A CELT.

Poona,
December 12.

Sir Chinmalal's Statement

To The Editor of "The Chronicle." Sir,—Criticism is worth while if the issues are clearly stated and not caricatured for the purpose of an attack. The statement issued by Sir Chinmalal, the press yesterday was nothing if it was not a tirade against the Congress and all that belongs to it. It was founded on contradictory statements, wrong hypothesis and ignorance of facts. He has based his attack on assumptions, which is nothing but a negation of honest criticism.

To a student of Indian politics the fallacies underlying his statement are obvious. In the first para of his statement he says "It (Congress) will boycott the new constitution and will not work it, it is misleading the public into believing that the Congress party is going to do something which it certainly is not going to do."

And now in the opening sentence in the second para runs thus "It is certain that the Congress people are not going to boycott the constitution." Had Sir Chinmalal read the resolution passed by the Working Committee at Patna on J.P.C. Report he would not have issued these contradictory statements. The Congress has nowhere said that it will be boycotting Legislatures under new constitution nor by "capturing" all positions of power and authority; it will work up the constitution. It might capture all positions of power to create a deadlock.

Ireland was never fit to be a Free State unless it actually became a Free State. There was so much rivalry amongst the Sinn Féin party. A little difference between Hindus and Moslems is magnified through microscopic eye by the interested parties. No wonder if Sir Chinmalal has fallen a victim to this mania. "Again the Congress talks of the Constituent Assembly which under the present circumstances is an absurd idea." In a case wherein a constituent assembly is possible when the British Parliament agrees to accept and enact a new constitution.

If according to Sir Chinmalal "the talk of a Constituent Assembly is an absurd idea" the talk of Dominion status too becomes an absurd idea. There is no mention of it in W.P. nor in J.P.C. Report.

Sir Chinmalal has issued this statement with his "head in cloud." He has not faced the realities nor does he wish to. Nowhere in this world the freedom was achieved by tall talks and empty braggadocios. Then there is no question of either "agreeing" or "accepting" but Parliament will be forced to accept the popular demand.

Parliament would never have granted to Ireland if the latter had not forced the former. The absurd idea of formation of a Constituent Assembly will become a reality no sooner public opinion mobilizes and demands with unanimous voice. Sir Chinmalal should then perfectly bear in mind "United we stand and divided we fall."—Yours, etc.

B. D. WAGH

Soya Beans

To The Editor of "The Chronicle." Sir,—At Fordon estate, Bournemouth, near Chelmsford, belonging to Mr. Henry Ford, and comprising some 2,000 acres, a substantial crop of acclimatised Soya beans has been successfully grown in England. The beans were

(Continued on page 9.)

INDO-BURMAN TRADE RELATIONS

Will Be Discussed At Associated Chambers Annual Meeting

CALCUTTA, Dec. 14.

Important resolutions affecting trade and commerce are to be discussed at the next annual general meeting of the Associated Chamber of Commerce of India, the proceedings of which will be opened in Calcutta by the Viceroy on December 17.

One of these relates to the separation of Burma from India and records the opinion that any trade convention, which may be concluded between the two Governments should in the first place be arranged on the basis of free trade relations which now exist between the two countries with due allowance solely for the substitution of import duties for the existing excise duties. The resolution will be moved by the Bengal Chamber.

The Madras Chamber will move: "In the opinion of this Association it is desirable that there should be attached to the Government of India a small permanent staff of experts with practical experience of economic matters to advise the Government and that in view of the growing tendency towards the conclusion of commercial treaties between India and other countries it is desirable that the Department of Commerce should be strengthened in order to provide the nucleus of an Overseas Branch."

Among the resolutions to be moved by the Bengal Chamber one recommends to the Government of India that an increase in the import duty on foreign coal entering India should be introduced immediately while another recommends the opinion that the immediate removal of 15 per cent surcharge on coal freights in India will greatly benefit industrial interests.

RAILWAY BOARD POLICY
The Karachi Chamber of Commerce will move:—"This Association views with the gravest concern the policy of the Railway Board, who by means of the powers conferred upon them by Government for fixing railway rates, are, in the attempt to secure maximum carriage by rail, diverting established trades from their natural channels."

BASIS OF ASSESSMENT
The Bombay Chamber of Commerce will move:—"In view of the large proportion of the landed cost of many imports now represented by the Customs duty, it is urgently necessary that the basis of assessment in all British India Ports and in all maritime Indian States shall be uniform. This Association, therefore, urges the Government to take early action with a view to the administration of the Sea Customs Act in such manner as to ensure that imported goods subject to 'ad valorem' assessment, and assessed 'under Section 30, sub-Section (A)' shall be so assessed on a wholesale cash price no greater than that at which they are first sold, or are capable of being sold at the time and place of importation. This Association requests the Government of India to expedite the report of the departmental enquiry which is understood to be in progress regarding the incidence or tariff rates on non-protected articles and trusts that early steps will be taken for the removal of the emergency surcharges."

The Association also recommends the removal of reduction of the duty in those cases in which the returns are negligible.—A.P.

"CHERISHED DESIRE REALIZED"

Grandson To Kapurthala Maharaj

KAPURTHALA, Dec. 13. Representative Hindus and Sikhs of Phagwara were received by His Highness the Maharaja at the Palace. As soon as His Highness stirred out to receive them, he was profusely garlanded. Poems were read out expressing their unflinching loyalty to the Maharaja and congratulating him on the birth of a grandson. Golden bangles for the baby Prince were also presented to His Highness.

His Highness expressed his delight, inasmuch as his long cherished desire had been realised and asked all those present to join in praying to God to grant a long and prosperous life to the baby Prince.

His Highness the Maharaja attended the Sikh Dewan held in honour of Guru Teg Bahadur in the Shalimar Gardens, Kapurthala.—United Press.

New Delhi.—Syed Raza Ali whose appointment as Agent to Governor-General in South Africa is expected to be officially announced on 20th instant has booked to sail from Bombay on January 9 for Durban.—A.P.

INAUGURATION IN JANUARY

Karachi-Hyderabad Bi-Weekly Service

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, December 14. To cope with heavy Christmas mails Tatas have put on run two machines. These machines brought this week from the south about 700 pounds to westbound mails (the usual weight being 450 lbs.), and expect heavy mails from Europe.

This duplicate service will be continued till the inauguration of bi-weekly services on January 4, from which date the route will be deviated via Hyderabad (Deccan), instead of via Bellary (Deccan) which will be altogether dropped. Karachi to Hyderabad (Deccan) will be covered in one day.

After the inauguration of the bi-weekly service Tatas' mails will arrive here from the south on Tuesdays and Saturdays in the evening, and depart from here on Fridays and Mondays in the morning. It is understood that Tatas have strengthened their fleet.

CAMBAY HARIJAN QUARTERS GUTTED

Fire Rages Four Hours Before Being Brought Under Control

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 14.

A message from Cambay States that a disastrous fire broke out there in Harijan quarters last evening, completely gutting about fifty Harijan huts.

The fire was brought under control after it had furiously raged for four hours.—A. P.

PARSIS RECOVER AFTER BAD START

C. P. Quadrangular Cricket Tournament

NAGPUR, Dec. 14.

Resuming play to-day in the C. P. Quadrangular Cricket tournament, the Parsis, in the second innings, made 212 for the loss of all wickets, N. Sarkari making the highest score with 47, which included seven fours.

They started badly, losing three wickets quickly within half an hour for 13 runs, but later, the game improved, the batsmen scoring fast, with the result that within three hours they piled up nearly 200 runs.

The Moslems, in the second innings had made 112 for the loss of eight wickets at the close of today's play.—A. P.

CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL BILL IN BENGAL COUNCIL

CALCUTTA, Dec. 14.

The Bengal Legislative Council held a forty-five minutes sitting to-day, when eight Bills were dealt with.

On the motion of the Minister Sir B. P. Singh Roy, the Calcutta Municipal Amendment Bill was reintroduced. The Bill aims at introducing plural constituencies instead of single ones and provides seats for the labouring classes.

The Council adjourned till Monday.—A. P.

FURTHER LIST OF M. L. A. GAZETTED

NEW DELHI, Dec. 14.

The election of the following members to the Legislative Assembly from the constituencies noted against each has been gazetted.

Siddappa Kariyappa Hosmani, Bombay Southern Division (Non-Muhammedan Rural); Sri Prakash, Allahabad and Jhansi Division (Non-Muhammedan Rural); Babu Mohanlal Saksena, Lucknow, Division (Non-Muhammedan Rural); Maulana Shaikat Ali, Cities of the United Provinces (Non-Muhammedan Urban); Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed, United Provinces Southern Division, (Muhammedan Rural); Munshi Azharali, Lucknow and Fyzabad Divisions, (Muhammedan Rural); J. Ramsay Scott, United Provinces (European); U. Thein Maung Burma (non-European); Dr. Thein Maung, Burma (non-European); and U. Ba Si, Burma (non-European)—A. P.

C. P.'s QUOTA FOR BIHAR RELIEF FUND

NAGPUR, Dec. 14.

In response to appeals issued by the Viceroy and the Governor of the Central Provinces on behalf of the Bihar Earthquake Relief Fund, the Bihar Relief Fund was collected and remitted to the Fund from four divisions of this Province, states an official communique to-day.—A. P.

A. I. RAILWAY FEDERATION'S DEPUTATION

Chief Commissioner Discusses Subjects Of Representation

NEW DELHI, Dec. 14.

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

A Press Communique issued by the Railway Board says:—"The All-India Railwaymen's Federation took place on the 13th and 14th instant. The deputation from the Federation included besides Mr. V. V. Giri the General Secretary, the Assistant Secretary of the Federation and 10 representatives on 13th instant and 11 representatives on 14th instant, from certain Unions affiliated to the Federation. Mr. Giri led the deputation.

The proceedings opened with a speech by Sir Guthrie Russell in which he welcomed the delegates and thanked the Federation for having sent in advance their lists of subjects and subsequently their memoranda and for having made an attempt to supply more detailed information than on previous occasions. He next referred to the request of the federation for a review at this meeting of the various representations made by them at the last three half-yearly meetings or certain important subjects such as Joint Standing Machinery, punishment rules and amendments to the new leave rules etc. and said that of the subjects discussed at the sixth and seventh half-yearly meeting, the Joint Standing Machinery Statutory Railway Board and amendments to the Trade Disputes Act, were engaging the attention of the Government of India while the amendments to the discharge and dismissal rules, pass rules, educational assistance rules and provident fund and gratuity rules were still under the consideration of the Railway Board.

He added that the subjects discussed at the eighth half-yearly meeting would be taken up after the amplified report has been printed and that the Board would address the Federation as soon as a decision was arrived at in each case.

PROCEEDINGS.

On the first day of the meeting four subjects were discussed viz. Staff Benefit Fund rules, wage cuts, compulsory membership of institutes and leave reserves on the E. B. Railway. On the second day, three subjects were discussed, viz. revised scales of pay for the non-gazetted staff, charging of house rent from low paid staff, and hours of employment regulations.

STAFF BENEFIT FUND.

In connection with the staff benefit fund rules, the Federation suggested that the workers should have a greater voice in the committees of Management of Staff Benefit Funds and that members of Unions only should be eligible to be elected to such committees, also that the contribution from the Railway revenues to the Staff Benefit Funds should be at the rate of rupee one per head of the number of the Revenue Staff on the books of the Railway in addition to the other amounts credited to the Fund under the existing rules. The Federation further submitted that for the sake of uniformity company-managed Railways should be advised to follow the State Railway Rules. The Federation also suggested that wider publicity be given in the Weekly Gazette of the Railway Administrations to the activities of the Staff Benefit Fund committees.

The Chief Commissioner of Railways pointed out that on the State managed Railways, the Committees of Managements of the Staff Benefit Fund consisted of a chairman and five members, four of whom were elected by the Staff and that the Railway Board could not support the proposition put forward by the Federation. The Commissioner of Railways further stated that everybody must be free for election to the Staff Benefit Fund Committees but that where a strong Union existed, its members might get the majority of seats.

Regarding increased contributions from railway revenues to Staff Benefit Funds, the Chief Commissioner of Railways regretted that the Federation's suggestion could not be accepted under the existing financial conditions.

Regarding uniformity of rules, the Chief Commissioner of Railways stated that under the terms of their agreements, the company-managed Railways had no right of cession and powers in matters, but that he was prepared to send to the company-managed railways for their consideration the suggestion of the All-India Railway Federation regarding working of the Staff Benefit Fund as distinct from the Federation's suggestion.

Regarding the greater publicity to be given to the discussion of Staff Benefit Fund Committee

resolutions should be given publicity in the Weekly Gazette, the Chief Commissioner stated that the suggestion was sound and promised to consider it further.

WAGE-CUTS.

Regarding the wage cuts, the Federation submitted that the wage-cuts be restored to staff drawing less than Rs. 250 per mensem in the next budget.

The Chief Commissioner of Railways pointed out that the total restoration of the cut would cost about a crore of rupees and said that the Railway Board's recommendation to the Government of India must wait until the preparation of the Railway Budget.

WRITE TO E. B. RY.

The question of compulsory membership of institutes on the Eastern Bengal Railway was next discussed by the Railway Board with the All-India Railwaymen's Federation and the Chief Commissioner of Railways pointed out that the Eastern Bengal Railway Indian Employees Association which was a recognised Union should address the Agent of that Railway. The Federation agreed to do this.

The subject of leave reserve on the Eastern Bengal Railway was next taken up. The Chief Commissioner pointed out that at the outset as the matter referred to the Eastern Bengal Railway only and as the Eastern Bengal Railway Indian Employees Association was recognised by the Agent, the matter should be referred to the Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway, in the first instance. The Federation agreed to do this.

The first subject discussed on the 14th instant was the question of revised scale of pay for the non-gazetted staff.

REVISED SCALES ADEQUATE.

The Federation submitted that they felt that the revised scales of pay were low and that a minimum standard wage should be fixed for the cheapest part of India, necessary additions being made for the more expensive localities and that there should be a machinery for fixing the minimum wage. The Federation further submitted that their suggestions regarding the Joint Standing Machinery may be applied in this case also.

The Chief Commissioner stated that the Board did not consider that the revised scales of pay were inadequate remuneration for the different categories of staff. The Chief Commissioner added that if the Federation could convince the Railway Board by facts and figures that the revised scales of pay were unreasonable in any way or if the cost of living increased, The Railway Board by facts and figures that the revised scales of pay were unreasonable in any way or if the cost of living increased, the Railway Board would be prepared to consider a revision of the scales of pay.

HOUSE RENT CHARGE TO STAND.

Charging of house rent to low paid staff was next discussed. The Federation submitted that all staff drawing less than Rs. 30 per mensem should, if provided with Railway quarters, not be charged any house rent. The Railway Board did not agree to the proposal and the Chief Commissioner stated that they were not prepared to go beyond the existing rules under which inferior servants in receipt of less than Rs. 30 per mensem were not charged any house rent if provided with railway quarters. The Workshop Staff drawing Rs. 30 and less must continue to pay house rent as hitherto.

NO REDUCTION IN HOURS

The Federation then submitted that the Hours of Employment Regulations should be extended to other railways and that the statutory maximum of 60 hours per week be reduced to 48 hours per week.

The Chief Commissioner stated that the first point was under the consideration of the Government of India. As regards the second point, the Railway Board could not consider it at present as it involved additional expenditure.

Mr. Giri thanked the Chief Commissioner and members of the Railway Board for the patient hearing given to the federation. The meeting then terminated.

This communique is issued with the concurrence of the Railway Board and the federation.

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Readers' Views

(Continued from page 8.)

planted (after the field was tilled), in May, and became ripe for cutting in September.

As is well-known, the principal source of supply of Soya beans is Manchuria. Recently the plant has been cultivated on a large scale in the U.S.A., and the bean is valued for its oil content, the residue being converted into animal feeding stuffs. The soya bean is capable of a wide variety of uses. In the U.S.A., the bean or its products are used in the production of (1) butter; (2) margarine; (3) flour; (4) paints and varnishes; (5) linoleum and (6) oils.

It is stated that the Soya bean plant is also useful for improving the quality of the soil, that it absorbs nitrogen into its roots, and that if these roots are ploughed into the ground, the soil is enriched thereby. The plant itself can be ploughed into the earth as a fertiliser when it is still in the green state and before it reaches maturity. The plant does not appear to require a rich soil; apparently any light loamy soil may be suitable.

The fact that from the time of sowing to that of harvesting, the crop occupies the field for less than five months, is important, because it means that the same land can be used for further cultivation within the year.

I understand that the Baroda State has for some time past, been conducting enquiries into the possibility of extensive Soya bean growing within the State. I am not sure whether Government Agricultural Farms in British India have also not been experimenting in this direction. It is to be hoped that the authorities will make public, early, the results of the experiment. One would like to know the precise oil and protein content of each variety grown. The results are bound to be of considerable importance to agriculturists throughout Gujarat and Kathiawar, so as to consider whether they can cultivate Soya beans in the ensuing season.—Yours etc.

NAYAN H. PANDIA.

Bombay, 121, Meadows Street.

"Amirzadi"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle". Sir.—It is unfortunate that this film was the cause of an unnecessary controversy between two sections of the Urdu Press, Bombay. One section denounced it in the strongest language possible while the other declared that it was not in any way anti-Islamic. When this controversy was raging in full swing I made it a point to go to the Globe Cinema and see it personally. I saw the film from start to finish with an open mind and came to the conclusion that it was not hostile to Islam at all. There may be defects here and there as regards acting or the language used, but it in no way injured the susceptibilities of the Mussalmans. This is my independent opinion uninfluenced by any article either in favour of or against the film. I may further declare that the film is not based on any historical fact; it is only a love-drama, and nothing else, and whatever the Muslim general has done, cannot and should not be regarded as an historical fact. In any case the film cannot be objected to from this view-point that it is anti-Islamic or that it brings Islam into ridicule. On the contrary, the end of the story is a great triumph for Islam.—Yours, etc.

A MUSSALMAN. Bombay, Dec. 13

Railway Porters

To The Editor of "The Chronicle". Sir.—You have indeed done a service to the travelling public by giving publication to the letter dated 25th November 1934, under the caption "Railway Porters" signed by Mr. J. J. Cursetti. Those who travel frequently and have tasted the unenviable experience of rough handling at the hands of the Railway Porters on the line have not been slow in discriminating between the very efficient management governing the work of the uniformed porters at Victoria Terminus Station and the discipline with which the portage of the passengers' luggage is carried out here, and the happy-go-lucky manner in which the same work is performed at other stations. On the train steaming into a station the first and the foremost concern of a passenger is to devise a way whereby he or she can pass out safely from a Railway Compartment. The Porters invariably invade the compartments and with characteristic non-chalance start

dumping the luggage from the compartments to the platform and this process is always accompanied by rushing and jostling without regard to the convenience and comfort of the women and children in the compartment. The greed of an average porter of never being satisfied with what is offered by a passenger, even though higher than the tariff allowed, is proverbial, and the travellers tired of a long journey have perforce to put up with this nuisance or go to the extreme length of submitting complaints to the authorities.

The Passengers' Traffic Relief Association has been doing sterling work in agitating for the facilities of accommodation to the third class passengers and reduction in fares. It should also include the great nuisance of the porters on the line in the list of its work, for this also vitally concerns the interest of the travelling public.

Those like me who frequently travel by the Railways are fully alive to the progressive methods adopted by the Railways to provide comforts to the travelling public. All that the travelling public, therefore, wishes it to see that the antiquated methods and the monopoly held by the Porters on the stations are eliminated and brought in line with the progressive methods found at large junctions like Victoria Terminus Station.—Yours etc.

B. R. JAYAKAR.

Bombay, December 11.

Private Cricket Tour

To The Editor of "The Chronicle". Sir.—As private enthusiasts of cricket there are so many who are thinking of taking out private cricket teams abroad. So far the private teams are concerned the reply of the M. C. C. referred to is quite out of the mark, as it refers to those visiting sides only that "have official support of their" controlling bodies."

What about private clubs, teams of Indian princes and private individuals that are surely not under the Board of Cricket Control and as such they are not subject to official support from the Board. So the M. C. C. passes a decision for a private individual team taking it to be under the control of the Board, but it is not so and hence the reply of the M. C. C. is not relevant and stands for revision.

Since you have been so judicious in your comments on cricket in India, I shall be grateful if you will please clear this point in the interest of all private enthusiasts of cricket in India who are spending so much for its up-keep and development for it would be a sheer waste of money when officialdom and red-tapeism creep in even in games that create so much good-will and co-operation.—Yours, etc.

H. C. DASS. Kesarganj, Ajmer.

False Weights

To The Editor of "The Chronicle". Sir.—Some hawkers are deceiving the public near Chitra Bazar and it will be well worth for the police to pay a few minutes' visit to the road-side and it is hoped it would not be spent in vain. Some



"After the Earthquake" the topical picture featuring Srini Durgabai Khote to be released at the Minerva.

of the hawkers carry with them false scales which make difference of several pounds. When they buy some articles from the public, say for instance, old newspapers, a weight of 28 pounds would be reduced to 14 pounds in their scales. Thus they deceive the public in buying while in selling they manipulate the other way.—Yours, etc.

CITIZEN.

"Lights In Sir Pherozsha Mehta Garden"

To The Editor of "The Chronicle". Sir.—A resolution was moved by Doctor M. Patel in the Municipal Corporation meeting for keeping the lights burning in the four corners of the Garden between 5 and 6 a.m. (B.T.) for the convenience of the people who go there early in the morning to enjoy fresh air in view of the fact that there is every possibility of being bitten by reptiles and also harassment from bad characters who generally indulge in such activities but, unfortunately, the same was opposed by some members on

Selections For To-Day's Rares Talwihin And Cartoon For Daily Double

(By "SENEX.")

The following are the selections for the 5th Day of the Bombay Winter meeting to be held to-day:—

1ST RACE:—	LAST ADVENTURE	2
BULBUL	CHEBLI	3
HOMER		
WAABIL		
2ND RACE:—	6TH RACE:—	
IMPERIAL	CARTOON	1
BADEN	IBRANI	2
HARRY JOHNSON	DIAMOND SHOWER	3
3RD RACE:—	7TH RACE:—	
TALWIHIN	DOPATTA	1
TAMIM	FOLLOW ME	2
SUICK	RISQUE	3
4TH RACE:—	8TH RACE:—	
FORECAT	CORCY	1
ASCALON	BRIGHT NIGGER	2
QUICK IMAGE	SMOKY JOE	3
5TH RACE:—		
KILFINANE		

DAILY DOUBLE

TALWIHIN and CARTOON

the grounds that there are no complaints so far received either of reptile bites or any harassment from bad characters.

It is a well-known fact that about a year ago or more, two students were attacked by some mavalis near Charni Road Garden about 8 p.m. as they took the advantage of dim lights. Both the students were robbed and received injuries.

I am personally seeing the people coming at the Gardens early in the morning with electric torches in their hands and it shows clearly that there is an urgent necessity of keeping the lights burning and I think the Municipality will not have to undergo much expense.

Will, therefore, the authorities kindly look into this matter and reconsider their decision and arrange for the lights.—Yours, etc.

B. G. PURAO.

Neglected Crematorium

To The Editor of "The Chronicle". Sir.—May I crave the space of a little space in your valuable journal to bring to the notice of the authorities concerned a serious and long felt want? Just

behind the Bombay Veterinary College or, to be more exact behind the Government animal Lazaretto, Parel, is a crematorium where many bodies are brought for cremation at all hours of the day and night. Recently I had occasion to visit the place to pay my last respects to a dear friend of mine. To my utter surprise I found that from the main road to the crematorium which is about three to four hundred yards, there is not a proper road, but a rutty footpath which I believe has automatically sprung up by people passing there all these years. The only conclusion I came to was, that this being a crematorium for poor people, mostly mill hands, no one seems to be taking the least trouble to see that the present state of affairs is improved.

I do not know how other crematoriums are in the city, but it is high time something was done to improve this one. It is not road "de luxe" that is needed. A decent path and a few gas lights on the path to facilitate the night carrying of corpses will go a long way to remedy a great and long felt want.—Yours etc.

HECTOR C. PERERA. Parel, Dec. 13

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CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST NOT PROVED

Why Prosecute Accused For Alleged Abetment Asks Judge

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice N. J. Wadia at the High Court disposed of the revisional application of Ganesh Savalaram Abhangrao Koli against the order of the Sessions Judge of Sholapur confirming the sentence of 6 months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 1,000 (in default 2 months' more) passed on him by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Pandharpur.

The prosecution case was that on March 6, 1930, the accused induced Kulkarni, the manager of the People's Co-operative Bank of Pandharpur, to take Rs. 200 from the Bank and hand it over to him. The accused admitted having received the amount but explained that it was a personal loan from Dharurkar, the Chairman of the Bank.

"CURIOUS FEATURE."

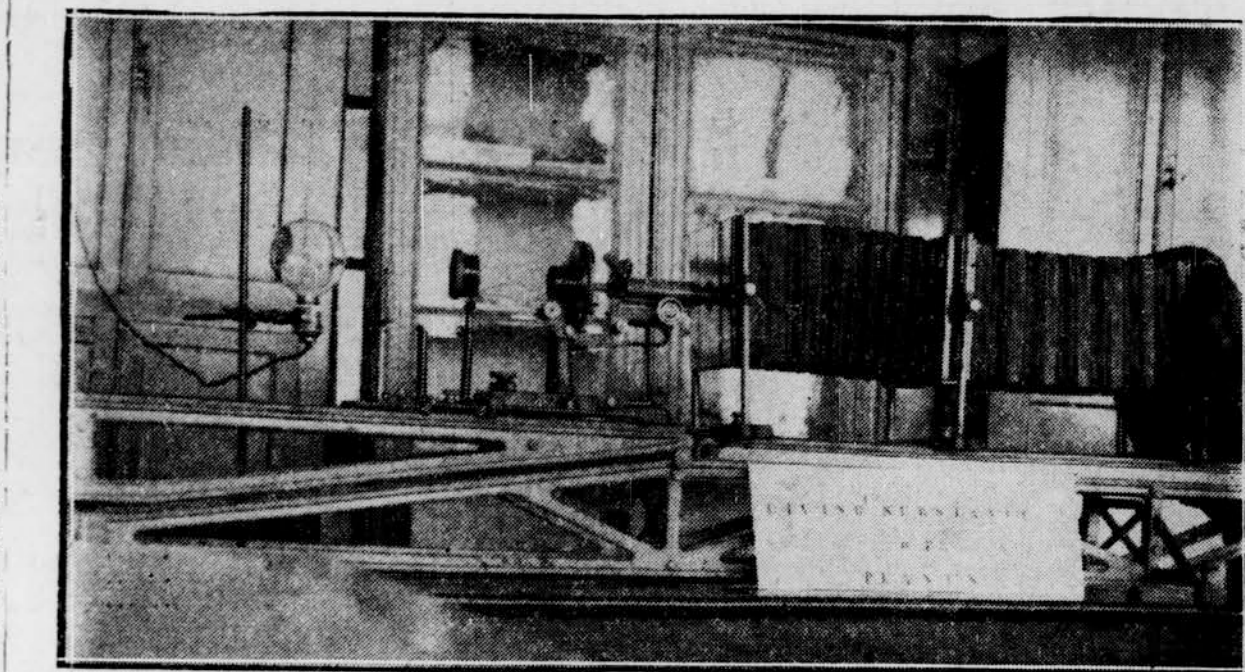
In delivering judgment, their lordships pointed out that the curious feature of the case was that the accused had been convicted of abetment of criminal breach of trust but the persons who committed the criminal breach of trust had not been prosecuted. It was essential for the Crown to prove that criminal breach of trust had been committed by some persons and then to prove that the accused had abetted it.

Unfortunately, continued their lordships, neither the trial court nor the Sessions court had framed correct issues. The trial court had not framed any issue as to whether the offence of criminal breach of trust had been committed by anybody. The issues framed were only directed to whether the accused had abetted the offence. Similarly the issues were wrongly framed in the Sessions court also.

IS IT PROVED?

The correct form of issues should have been, whether, if Rs. 200 was paid to the accused from the Bank, it was in violation of any direction of law prescribing the mode in which such trust was to be discharged. But the court did not seem to have considered very carefully whether criminal breach of trust was proved. The document on which the prosecution was based was a note in which the accused had asked for a loan of Rs. 300. It really showed that the accused was trying to get money from Dharurkar, and that it was to be paid by Kulkarni. But there was nothing to show that such a payment was an illegal act on the part of anybody.

The evidence of Dharurkar and



Apparatus showing the living substance of plants in the Botanical section of the Exhibition.



Zoological section of the Exhibition.

Kulkarni, continued their lordships, was of an accomplice nature, as the trial magistrate had also pointed out. In view of the fact that a prosecution in respect of the funds of the Bank was hanging over their heads, the court must be very careful in accepting their evidence. Their lordships thought that this was not a case to depart from the ordinary

law which required corroboration of an accomplice against the accused. In the absence of any such corroboration, their lordships allowed the application and set aside the sentence of the petitioner.

Mr. C. H. Carden Noad with Mr. Y. V. Dixit appeared for the petitioner. Mr. P. B. Shingne, Government Pleader, appeared for the Crown.

BOMBAY'S SCIENCE EXHIBITION



A Scientific Exhibition in aid of the special fund for hospitals was opened on Thursday evening by Mr. R. D. Bell at the Royal Institute of Science. The above is one of the numerous shelves exhibiting the various derivatives from Coal tar in the Chemistry section.



Mr. R. D. Bell (right) opened the Scientific Exhibition at the Royal Institute of Science on Thursday. Mrs. Blackwell and Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto are also seen in the photograph.

IMPROVING INDIA'S POULTRY

Exhibits Of High Standard Shown At Poona.

(From A Correspondent.)
The Bombay Presidency Poultry Show was held at Poona during the last week-end and the awards were distributed by Mrs. Burns before a representative gathering on Sunday afternoon. Mr. Bruen, the Show Secretary, gave a short resume of the Show drawing special attention of the public to the necessity of importing excellent stock from Europe and Foreign countries for improving the condition of poultry in India. The industry of poultry farming is now considered to be an important department of the village uplift.

The most important Challenge Cup presented by Sir Frederick Sykes for the best bird in the Show was awarded to the beautiful White Wyandotte cockerel exhibited by the Asian Poultry Farm of Poona. The same bird carried the second important Challenge Cup presented by Sir Ernest Holson for the best heavy breed bird in the Show. A Special Prize Cup presented by the S.P.C.A. of Poona for the best "Put Down" bird, viz., observation of cleanliness, etc., was awarded to the Asian Farm.

The best Opposite Sex to the winner of the Challenge Cup No. 1 proved to be a Rhode Island Red Pullet, again exhibited by the Asian Poultry Farm of Poona, and she was awarded Sir Victor Sassoon's Challenge Cup in addition to which she also carried H. H. The Nawab of Radhanpur's Challenge Cup for the best bird opposite sex to winner of No. 2.

A GREAT SUCCESS.
The Show proved to be a great success this year on account of keen competition and it was satisfactory to note that great interest was taken in the work from distant places. The Novice's Cup was given to the Rural Reconstruction Committee of Baroda State and special mention was made for the birds received from Ichalkaranji.

Amongst the birds bred in India Mr. Nelson carried two cups with his cockerel and Mr. Williams took the two cups for the opposite sex with his pullet. The class that attracted the attention of the villagers was of the "asile" or Indian game birds. It was a well

contested class and the cup for the best bird in the "Fighters" was carried by Mr. F. A. Syed. He naturally got a great ovation when he was presented the cup by Mrs. Burns.

After the prize distribution was over the judge of the Show, Prof. Eusey of Krishnarajapuram, expressed his great satisfaction with the exhibits saying that this had been the finest Show he had judged in India or Ceylon for past several years. The proceedings ended with a few words of encouragement to the farmers and fanciers by the president of the Show Committee, Dr. W. Burns.

Trivandrum.—At a public meeting of ladies held at the Women's College it was unanimously resolved that the All-India Women's Conference should be invited to hold its annual meeting for 1935 at Trivandrum.—A.P.

"EXPOSED ABSURDITY OF CLASS WAR"

Wells Leaves Shaw Alone

The following letter appears in the "New Statesman and the Nation":—

Sir,—Mr. Shaw asks whether I am going to leave it like that. The answer is that I leave 'him' that—gesticulating triumphantly though, I suspect, with secret misgivings. He can have all the glory of saying that I "troited" into the Kremlin while, by implication, he and Lady Astor, with the utmost grace, strode, swam, stalked, danced, slid, skated or loped in, and conversed in some superior imperial fashion of which no record survives. He can have it too that his burlesque of my conversation with Stalin was the real conversation. There stands the official report. That sort of thing

I am going to leave to his heart's content. How can it matter to anyone but Shaw?

Nor do I see any profit in enlarging now upon the complications of fantasy, the childish search for concrete tests and obscurely relevant instances, in which your Marxist correspondents and Shaw, who is (for the purposes of his anti-Wells complex) a temporary Marxist, seek to veil the bare absurdity of the class war interpretation of the current revolution in human affairs. It remains an exposed absurdity—which could be neglected altogether if it did not get in the way of creative effort.

H. G. WELLS.
47 Chiltern Court, Clarence Gate, N.W.1.

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MATINEE at 5 P. M.

DAILY at 9-30 P. M.

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"One Of Many False Stories Introduced In Case"

Defence Counsel In Pakur Trial Says Evidence About "Black" Man Was Wholly Unreliable

CALCUTTA, Dec. 12. Defence arguments were continued at the hearing of the Pakur case before Mr. T. H. Ellis, District and Sessions Judge, 24 Parganas, and a jury, at Allipore, says "The Statesman."

Mr. B. P. Pain, advocate, submitted that the prosecution had alleged that on January 8, Benoyendra Pande came to Calcutta and met Dr. Sivapada Bhattacharya and that he came again on January 18 and was closeted with Dr. Sivapada and Dr. Taranath. It had been suggested that the object of this consultation with his alleged confederates was to devise means to stifle the inquiry.

Mr. Pain said that Benoyendra came on the first occasion to have his blood examined. There was no evidence that as a result of these consultations he went to any doctor or to any police officer. It could not, therefore, be argued that these consultations were for any sinister purpose.

If Benoyendra went to Pakur, the prosecution alleged that he went there to watch developments. If he came to Calcutta, it was suggested that he came to stifle inquiry. Where was he to go then, asked Mr. Pain.

Alleged Conspiracy.

Referring to the charge of conspiracy, Mr. Pain said that so far as Deoghar was concerned, the charge was that he conspired with the three doctors to murder Amarendra. As regards Dr. Taranath, not a single overt act was committed by him there from which the prosecution could prove that he was in conspiracy with Benoyendra.

So far as Dr. Dhar was concerned, the evidence was that Amarendra greatly improved as a result of Dr. Dhar's injection. As regards Dr. Sivapada, it was said that he reached there at night. Was that enough to induce the jurors to believe that Dr. Sivapada was in the conspiracy? What did Dr. Sivapada do at Deoghar? He only saw the patient, urged caution and rest and then left the place.

As regards the conspiracy at Bombay, the evidence was that Benoyendra took a letter of introduction to Dr. Naidu. When Dr. Naidu told him that he was unable to help him, Benoyendra did not try to persuade him. On his second visit, he only saw Dr. Patel and requested him to give facilities to his doctor friend to try his cure for plague.

Doctor's Evidence.

The evidence was that during the five days Dr. Taranath was working in the laboratory, he did not go there on a single occasion. The evidence of the purchase of rats by Benoyendra before the arrival of Dr. Taranath was in-

troduced to show Benoyendra's anxiety. That evidence, as Mr. Pain had already pointed out, was totally unreliable. The evidence of the two doctors who alleged that Benoyendra offered them rewards was either self-contradictory or uncorroborated by independent evidence.

Their evidence was further belied by the fact that Benoyendra was lying ill on that day at his own hotel. Again, if Dr. Taranath had gone there for Benoyendra's work, why should he pay his own hotel expenses and his own taxi hire?

The prosecution having failed to prove conspiracy at Deoghar and Bombay, there only remained Benoyendra's conspiracy with the "black" man at Calcutta. It was curious that since Benoyendra's return from Bombay no one had seen him in the company of this man except on November 24 and 25, the two days previous to the date of the alleged incident at Howrah.

It had been said that he was seen with the man at the Purna Theatre. This story was first given by Rani Jyotirmoyee's chauffeur just two months after the incident. It was invented to prove association between Benoyendra and the "black" man and was one of the many false stories introduced in this case.

Said Nothing To Police.

Kamalprasad, who signed his complaint in the Rani's house did not hear of it. It was not in his petition of complaint. Rani Jyotirmoyee's chauffeur did not speak to the police about any "black" man. Rani Surjabati's chauffeur told the police that he did not see any man at all. Yet they said in court that they saw a "black" man in the company of Benoyendra.

Moreover, Rani Surjabati did not say anything about Amarendra's visit to the Purna Theatre. Banabala did not speak about this visit to the police. Anima did not speak about it. The evidence of Rani Surjabati further was that she never went to their house at any time even during the two months that Amarendra was suffering from sinus.

If the relations between the two families were such, why was Amarendra possessed with a sudden impulse to go to Rani Jyotirmoyee's house and accept her invitation to the cinema? This story, said Mr. Pain, was introduced to connect Benoyendra with the "black" man.

Mr. Pain next discussed the evidence of the witnesses who said they saw Benoyendra and the "black" man at Kellner's, Howrah, and said that the evidence on this point was wholly unreliable.

STUDENT MURDER CASE SENSATION

District Magistrate Orders Bail And Transfer Of Case

LYALLPUR, Dec. 12. There were sensational developments when the case against Izzathussain, a Muslim school student on a charge of alleged murder of Manoharlal, another Hindu school student, came up before the City Magistrate today.

The City Magistrate had rejected the bail and remanded Izzat to custody, when to the surprise of all orders were received from the District Magistrate directing the City Magistrate to release the accused on a bail of Rs. 5,000 and transferring the case to his file. The sudden and unexpected move on the part of the District Magistrate has given rise to misapprehension in the Hindu circles. Both communities, namely Hindus and Mahomedans, have formed separate committees for prosecution and defence respectively.

The markets remained closed yesterday. The funeral procession of Manoharlal was attended by about 4,000 persons.—United Press.

NOT ALLOWED TO LIVE IN OWN ASHRAM

(From Our Correspondent.)

AJMER, Dec. 11. Hatundi Ashram which is in possession of local Gandhi Seva Sangh was originally founded by Sjt. Baba Narsingh Dass.

Recently Narsingh Dassji with certain friends wanted to live there for a change but was disallowed.

POSSESSION OF RAJASTHAN PRESS

Manilal Kothari Asked To Return Premises

(From A Correspondent.)

AJMER, Dec. 11. Ever since the dissolution of Rajasthan Seva Sangh, the Rajasthan Press of Beawar which belongs to that defunct institution has been in possession of Mr. Manilal Kothari under whose management the Hindi Weekly "Rajasthan" comes out from that Press.

It will be recalled here that owing to internal dissension and serious dispute among the Seva Sangh workers the press was handed over to Mr. Kothari on a definite understanding that on a united demand of Mr. P. S. Pathik, Chowdhri Ramnarin, and Mr. Shobhalal who were then the contesting party, the press will be returned.

Mr. P. S. Amin has been appointed as chief auditor of the Bank of Baroda. He belongs to Vaso.

DEPUTATION TO WAIT ON PUNJAB GOVERNOR

(LAHORE, Dec. 14.)

It is understood the influential Hindu leaders of the province are organising a strong deputation to His Excellency the Governor of the Punjab in regard to the Punjab Relief Indebtedness Bill.

The deputation is likely to consist of the Council members representing urban interests and a few zamindar members are expected to lend their support.

Attempts will be made to impress on the Governor the disastrous effect the Bill will have on agricultural and commercial credit.—United Press.

SECRET OF STAINED GLASS

Efforts Of John Rockefeller Jr. Fail To Wrest It From Past

PARIS: (By Mail.)

Money decidedly is not everything and John D. Rockefeller, Jr. knows it. And by being tactful about it, he has averted what would have been a sin against the art of the Middle Ages.

The story came out when the Bureau of Fine Arts let it be known the Rockefeller offer to restore various windows in the Cathedral of Chartres would not be accepted.

To amazed art-lovers, an official explained: Because the Chartres stained glass windows are the most perfect in France, the Fine Arts experts in charge decided that any restoration done must be as good as the original, at least, to the naked eye.

"Well, after months of research and experiment," he continued, "we made a disheartening discovery—the craftsmen of the 13th century had a secret process, for staining glass which no one since has been able to equal."

Mr. Rockefeller generously commissioned a French artist, who had worked for him in New York, to undertake the restoration, but the craftsman ran into difficulties. The documents available, from which he was to make his models, were not as exact as might have been wished. Furthermore, when the models were put into place, they stood out as amazingly crude in comparison with the ancient windows at either side.

Mr. Rockefeller personally investigated the matter and, realizing that all the money at his command, would not suffice to wrest a secret from the past, graciously offered to withdraw his project.

ALLEGED DEFALCATIONS

Ex-Officer Of G. B. S. Rly. Committed To Sessions

BARODA, Dec. 12.

In the first class city magistrate's court the trial of Jamshedji Mistri ex-assistant auditor of G. B. S. Rly. is now over and the accused is committed to sessions for alleged misappropriation of funds of G. B. S. Ry. Co-operative Society in the capacities of Secretary and Treasurer.

It may be recalled that during the prosecution evidence it had come out that the accused had misappropriated about Rs. 38,000 from 1928 to 1934. Individual cases for all six years were conducted separately in Court, and as the offence is of grave nature the accused is committed to sessions.

The accused has reserved his statement for the sessions.

CORPSE IN A WELL. It is learnt that corpse of one Dhirajlal, clerk in the Chief Medical Officer's office of Baroda State, was found in a well in village Dehel of Broach district. It is understood that portfolios under his charge are being examined by the department, and city is rife with rumours of alleged misappropriation of accounts. Nothing definite is known as yet.

JAIL FOR DEFALCATION.

Govindji Kaluji, clerk of Vahraldar's office at Amreli, has been sentenced to twenty months' imprisonment and rupees two hundred fine for misappropriation of Government Money.

At a meeting of Harijans of Navsari it was declared that Harijans of about 24 villages have got a debt of 71,000 rupees and they have to pay interest of 9 to 18 per cent on the money borrowed.

Sir Manubhai Mehta prize of Baroda Sahitya Sabha has been awarded to Umedbhai Ranchhodbhai Patel of Kadi for writing the best essay on "The Joint Family System—its advantages and disadvantages" in Gujarati language.

Mr. P. S. Amin has been appointed as chief auditor of the Bank of Baroda. He belongs to Vaso.

The local Harijan Sangh has decided to engage a teacher for teaching Harijan Boys of Baroda Cantonment.

It is understood that a scheme is under consideration for establishing Aryakanya Mahavidyalaya. Besides Baroda, due to munificent donation of Sheth Nanilal Kalidas such an institution is to be started at Forbender.

It is further learnt and negotiations are in progress to start a branch at Surat. It is hoped that the philanthropists will extend their helping hand to such institutions, which are making strenuous efforts for bringing social and economic uplift of

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'PHONE USED FOR MURDER THREAT

"Zamindar" Editor Under Police Protection

LAHORE, Dec. 13.

A threat of murder has been administered by a letter to Maulana Zaffar Ali, Editor of the "Zamindar" for his agitation against Ahmedians (Qadianis) resulting in strict police surveillance for his safety.

The threat is now being repeated on the telephone saying that though Maulana Zaffarali has escaped this time, some day he would be killed.

A police guard has been posted at the "Zamindar" office to provide safety for him.—United Press.

CHILDREN'S HOME FOR DABHOI

Efforts are in progress to start a Balmamdar (Children Home) at Dabhoi. At an informal meeting it was decided to start it and a provisional committee is formed to begin work with Seth Jamna Das Chundilal Ginnwala as president. Collection of fund is also very brisk.

At a recent meeting of Patan Taluka, Prajmandal Mr. Umashanker Lakha was elected as President. It was also decided to give warm welcome to Sjt. Abbas Tyabjee during his tour of Patan Taluka.

CONGRESS VERDICT

(Continued from page 6.)

pleadings, you will recede so many steps backward. We can only reason and argue with persons who want to be convinced or who keep open minds. Here the question is to avert a greater danger and more powerful menace. The real trial of strength is between British Die-Hards and Indian agitators. Concessions are made to the former because they are supposed to possess the power to defeat the Government. Let India show a united front and sufficient strength and naturally the pendulum will swing on the Indian side; and the British nation, true to the instinct of shopkeepers, will always try to strike the most advantageous or the least harmful bargain.

It is surprising how a set of learned, normally sound, astute and intelligent politicians cannot adopt such an obvious course, the only remedy left still to redeem the almost lost situation.

Ajaz Hussain, a young student of the 8th class of Lyallpur who has been arrested for the alleged murder of another student named Manoharlal was produced to-day before the City Magistrate for remand.

RAILWAYMEN'S GRIEVANCES

Federation And Board Discuss Issues

NEW DELHI, Dec. 13.

The half-yearly meeting of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation with Railway Board employees is sitting this morning with Sir Guthrie Russell, Chief Commissioner of Railway in the Chair.

Mr. P. R. Rau, Financial Commissioner of Railways and Mr. V. V. Giri, General Secretary of the Federation were among those present.

It is understood that various grievances of the Railway employees in respect of Staff Benefit Fund, inadequacy of leave reserve, compulsory membership of Railway Institutes and existing wage-cuts, formed the subjects matter of discussions.—United Press.

Pt. Ralla Ram, Vice-President of D. A. V. College, Hoshiarpur has been elected Chairman of the Reception Committee of the 10th Session of the Widow Remarriage Conference which will be held at that place from December 21 to 23, 1934.



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COUNCIL PROGRAMME AND CONSTRUCTIVE WORK

They Are The Two Things That Should Be Vigorously Worked Up Now, Says Mr. Prakasam

Mr. T. Prakasam writes:—

J.P.C. Report was dead long before it was born. There is nothing in it to accept or to reject. Congress have ignored it and proceeded with its own work. But having sent members to the Assembly it has become imperative to give its opinion.

To declare the Joint Parliamentary Committee Report "rejected" or "unacceptable" has been the subject of some controversy since the Working Committee passed its resolution rejecting the report. Attempts have been made to draw a distinction between the two. The Moderate parties of the country have no fear to declare unequivocally that it is unacceptable. But they are afraid of adopting the word rejected. The Congress Working Committee on the other hand insists upon adhering to the word "rejected." Under the present circumstances when Civil Disobedience has been suspended by the Congress, Moderate party representatives should not feel nervous about the word "rejected." So long as Congress is not free to-day to start direct action by revising Civil Disobedience, to me, both the words mean the same thing. It is not proper that we should be wasting our time in endeavouring to import into the words, meaning or intention that does not exist in them. When a thing is not accepted, it stands rejected. When a thing is rejected, it stands unaccepted. The difference, if any, is mental reservations and nothing else. Nothing could have been lost if under the circumstances, the Congress Working Committee had invited the other parties to join and give a joint expression on the subject.

DUTY OF COUNTRY

After all that has happened in the Bombay Congress, and Gandhiji's retirement, none of us including the Working Committee can make any attempt to run away with the bit in our mouth.

TULSIDAS RAMAYAN RENDERED IN PUNJABI

Rajen Babu Congratulates Sardar Aroor Singh On His Achievement

LAHORE, Dec. 13. Sardar Aroor Singh Taib has completed a rendering in Punjabi of Tulsi Das' Hindi "Ramayana" for the benefit of the Punjabi-speaking people. This, it is claimed, is the first attempt of its kind.

It took about three years full and arduous labour for Sardar Aroor Singh to complete his task for which he has already received congratulations from men of position including those from Babu Rajendra Prasad, who in the course of a letter to the author says:—

"I hope the rendering will be found useful and literally correct and enable the Punjabi-speaking people to draw upon the spiritual teachings of the great Saint whose words have given solace to millions of people in Northern India.

Similar letter of appreciation has also been received by him from Babu Jagat Narain Lal, General Secretary, Hindu Maha Sabha.—United Press.

HARIJAN WORKERS' VILLAGE TOUR

Congress President's Appeal

PATNA, (By Mail). Babu Rajendra Prasad, Congress President, has issued the following appeal in connection with the Harijan propaganda tour proposed to be undertaken by a party of Harijan workers and students under the auspices of the Harijan Sevak Sangha, Patna, through the villages of the district:—

"The District Harijan Sevak Sangha, Patna, has resolved to send a party of Harijan workers and students to tour through the villages of the district. The party will explain to the public the significance of the Harijan movement and the activities of the Sangha in order to enlist their sympathy and assistance. I hope and believe that the public will warmly receive the party and help it in its mission and contribute in every possible way to make this tour a splendid success."—A.P.

talking or hinting at Civil Disobedience. The country should pursue the programme and policy dictated by the Congress without swerving one inch this side or that side, until the Congress reverses its Bombay decision and gives a new direction. In other words, Council programme and constructive work are the two things, that should be vigorously worked up. There is no use of making any other claim at this juncture. Who ever may be in charge of the Congress organisation to-day as an organisation Congress represents all people, including those who oppose it. Its policy is to absorb all parties who are opposed to it. There is nothing derogatory to the dignity and the position of the Congress, if after establishing its supremacy not only in direct action but also in assembly elections, it should invite the weaker parties of India to join in a united condemnation of the report. After doing so, the Congress could part company if necessary before the new reforms were inaugurated.

CONSTRUCTIVE PROGRAMME

Personally, I never wished to join hands politically with any of those reactionary parties, that have in season and out of season been attacking the Congress and its work, and thriving on its sufferings. For some reason or other when after a continuous fight of nearly 13 years, we suspended direct action and adopted parliamentary programme we depend upon public opinion expressed through press, platform and legislatures only. It is the duty of the Congress to give a correct lead to the country, calling upon the people not to be perturbed by the arrest of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and other leaders, but to keep to the constructive programme. I hope, the Working Committee will revise its decision or take the decision of the A.I.C.C. by convening an urgent meeting of the same, on this important subject, on getting the opinion of the A.I.C.C. even by circulation.

INQUIRY INTO POSTAL CLERK'S DISAPPEARANCE

Alleged Defalcations Of Huge Sums Of Money

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, Dec. 13. The Police Commissioner of Baroda issues a notification directing the people to inform the Police Commissioner of Cutch State, about the definite whereabouts leading to the arrest and conviction of Sumra Abdulla Alla, a postal clerk of Mandvi Post Office, who has disappeared suddenly with insured letters worth Rs. 15,600 for which the Post Master-General of Bombay has notified a reward of Rs. 2,00.

The insured numbers 73, 83 and 69, containing Rs. 3,000, 3,000 and 2,000 and other insured letters worth Rs. 7,600, are taken away by Sumra.

The Baroda State Legislative Assembly session will meet on 3rd January, 1935, instead of 20th December, 1934, because the Dewan Sahab will be probably out of Baroda during the period.

The Baroda Government prohibits bringing in State by sea or by land of matches in boxes or booklets not bearing banderol of nature and not affixed in a manner prescribed in chapter 7 of the matches (excise duty) order of 1934.

TINEVELLY DT. CONFERENCE

To Accord Welcome To Tamil-Nad M.L.As.

TINNEVELLY, Dec. 13. After ascertaining the convenience of the Congress leaders the Reception Committee of the Tinevelly District Conference has finally decided to hold the session on December 22 in the Manorama Hall, Tinevelly town.

Mr. P. S. Kumaraswami Raja M.L.A. will preside. Mr. Sami Venkatachalam Chetti M.L.A. will open the Conference. The Reception Committee has decided to accord a welcome to the members of the Legislative Assembly of the Tamil-Nad and has invited them to be present for the Conference.—United Press.

C. P. QUADRAN-GULAR TOURNEY

Parsi Score In First Innings

NAGPUR, Dec. 13. In fine weather and on a perfect wicket, the first match between Parsees and Moslems in the C. P. Quadrangular Cricket Tournament commenced to-day.

The Parsees, batting first, were all out for 188 runs, soon after the lunch interval, D. Driver being top scorer with 47. Zahur Ahmed and S. A. Latif bowled effectively for the Moslems, each capturing four wickets for 42 and 50 runs respectively.

The Moslems, in the first innings, opened disastrously, losing three wickets in quick succession for 24 runs within half an hour's play, and were all out in the first innings for 83 runs. S. H. Razaq, with 30, was the highest scorer. D. Driver and N. Sarcar took four wickets each for 34 and 20 runs respectively.

The Parsees, in the second venture, had lost one wicket for one run, when stumps were drawn for the day.

The Governor, Sir Hyde Gowan, witnessed the game for sometime and lunched with the teams.—A. P.

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY

Plan Debated In Delhi College

NEW DELHI, Dec. 13.

The Congress scheme of evolving a Constituent Assembly to frame a constitution for India was endorsed at the debate, last night at the Commercial College, Delhi, which ended in rejection by a narrow majority of Mr. Banerjee's motion "that in the opinion of this House, the Congress idea of a Constituent Assembly is impracticable and detrimental to the interests of the country."

Mr. Banerjee, leading the debate contended that a Constituent Assembly was impracticable. What business, he asked, had the Government to summon a Constituent Assembly, when the Houses of Parliament were decreeing the constitutional future of India; above all, Mr. Banerjee declared "you cannot have a Constituent Assembly to frame a constitution which will satisfy the best interests and aspirations of India."

ILLUSTRIOUS EXAMPLES.

Mr. Nooruddin opposing the motion said that if Musolini, Lenin and Karna Pasha could achieve political ambitions through the medium of a Constituent Assembly, India could as well achieve her independence through one, without seeking recourse to overthrow the existing administration.

As the constitutional scheme launched in the J.P.C. Report would be applied, the necessity for a Constituent Assembly was all the greater.

Mr. Pallwal siding with Mr. Banerjee observed that Australia and Ireland had won independence not through constituent assemblies, but national conventions.

Mr. J. N. Sahni quoted the instance of South Africa, Australia and Ireland in winning national independence by forcing the British Government to acquiesce in constitutional proposals adumbrated by some form of constituent assemblies of their own, without having to await the extinction of the existing Governments. The only alternatives for India were either to accept to the J.P.C. Report scheme or to draft a constitution by a constituent Assembly.

Professor Vaswani contested the view that there could be no other Constituent Assembly in the British Empire, except Britain's and said that so long as there was a rift in the lute, a Constituent Assembly in India was an utter impossibility.

Mr. S. N. Sen the observer put the motion to vote, and it was declared lost.

AIR MAIL FOR MADRAS & LAHORE DELAYED

KARACHI, Dec. 13.

While the Imperial Airways airliner Horsa, operating the normal service, arrived here at 1/15 this afternoon with passengers and part of the mails, and two Atlantic machines, operating on the Karachi-Singapore sector left this evening, the airliner for Lahore and Madras has been delayed due to the lateness of the other airmail plane from Croydon, which is expected to reach here to-morrow night.—A.P.

The Government of Bombay having called upon the Ahmedabad Millowners' Association to elect a member to the Bombay Legislative Council, Sheth Sakarlal Balabhai filed his nomination paper to-day.—A. P.

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RY. EMPLOYEES' GRIEVANCES

Kothari's Appeal To Agent Of B. B. & C. I. Rly

BARODA, Dec. 12.

Sjt. Manilal Kothari has issued an appeal to the railway staff of B. B. C. I. Railway in his capacity as a secretary of the B. B. C. I. Railway Employees' Association, urging the company to grant adequate relief of their grievances. He referred to the discontent amongst the workers, regarding leave rules, hours of work, and other matters and the way in which job analyses conduct their investigations without referring to the parties concerned. He appeals to the Agent to look into the fair and just demands of the workers, to stop further retrenchment of staff and restore cuts where they are unusual. He concludes that as the income has increased, simultaneously responsibility and work being more it is not at all justifiable to retrench the staff. In this connection it may be mentioned here that Sjt. Manilal Kothari had been to Navsari, Baroda, Ahmedabad and other places and from Baroda he issued a press statement regarding the grievances of the staff. It is learnt that the nature and scope of the association is to be widened to organise works to put an united front to appeal the authorities to consider the demands.

WATER SUPPLY PROBLEM

In order to remedy the water scarcity problem of Ahmedabad city, the municipality is proposing to use mechanism for taking 50 lakhs gallon water from the flow of the river Sabarmati and add to the present supply of one and a half crore gallon. At a recent meeting of the municipality, the Municipal Engineer Mr. Malik explained the scheme, when piping, rapid filters pump and other matters were discussed by Mr. Manilal Chaturbhut for asking grant of more than two lakhs rupees for the purpose.

ENROL AS CONGRESS MEMBERS

Mr. Balvantrai Mehta, President of Ahmedabad District Congress States People Committee, in an appeal issued to the people of Indian States residing in Ahmedabad District, urges them to enrol as members of the Indian National Congress, Cutch, Kathiawar, Amreli, Palanpur, Mahikanta and Mehsana divisions are under Ahmedabad district and the work should be complete in these places before 1st January, 1935. It is hoped that the people of Indian States will enrol themselves in large numbers to have an effective voice in the programme and policy of the Indian National Congress and also in order to urge the most active

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SERVANTS OF INDIA AND J. P. C. REPORT

POONA, Dec. 13.

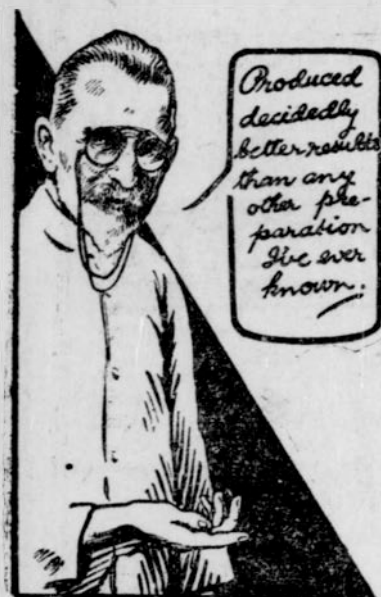
It is understood that a special meeting of the Servants of India Society will be held at Poona on December 24 to consider the J.P.C. Report.

Pandit Hirdaynath Kunzru, President-elect of the Liberal Federation is likely to leave for Poona on December 22 to attend this meeting as well as the Liberal Federation.—United Press

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AN INDIAN EDITOR'S JOB

Curious Amalgam Of The Serious, Comic And Dull

TUSHAR KANTI GHOSH'S ADDRESS

Speaking at the Penguin Club dinner, Calcutta, Mr. Tushar Kanti Ghosh, Editor of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" said in the course of his speech: "Doing an Editor's job myself it will be very easy for me to tell you something about the life which the Indian Editor of a daily newspaper has to lead in and day out. Well, it's a life which I may say, is a curious amalgam of the comic, the serious and the dull. The Editor's worries begin from early morning. He has to put up with things perpetrated in his name at dead of night or in the early hours of the morning and which he reads in dismay over his first cup of tea. That is how the day begins. Then as the day goes on his troubles increase. He has to get busy about his duties which are many and arduous. But he is not left alone. He has to bear the brunt of the triple attack from the staff, the public and not the least the authorities who make short work of his too pronounced individuality. The story of these tribulations is certainly worth telling."

It is not an uncommon thing for an editor to be rung up at midnight or in the early hours of the morning and asked queer questions like these:—"What would be the subscription of the paper for 17 days?" by a gentleman who was leaving the town for a holiday. "What would be the cost of a two-inch advertisement on the back page?" by an anxious would-be advertiser who would brook no delay. "What is the fare for Burdwan? Where to apply for a post in the Reserve Bank? Who is the better batsman, Hobbs or Bradman? Can you recommend a good doctor for my wife's lumbago? What is the latest score in the Test Match and how much did Major Nayudu score?" by scores of people who follow such games now-a-days. Or yet another day one would frantically telephone to know "which is the roughest set in the world." All these queer questions, some legitimate, some not, an Indian editor has got to answer, irrespective of the fact whether the editor is having his meals or mid-day rest or his much-needed sleep in the small hours of the morning. But, gentlemen, editors are after all public servants in the truest sense of the term and must satisfy the whims of the public.

I shall now speak to you some of those things which come within the purview of the editor, starting with his own position and usefulness. To people like you who may not know much about the inside of a newspaper office, the editor still means the paper. They regard him more or less as a public trustee and hold strong views about what he does, or, at any rate, what he ought to do. I have already told you some of the things people would expect of the editor.

NO LONGER AN ORACLE. True, there was a time when life in a newspaper office was more reposeful than it is to-day, and editors could exert effective control over all the branches of his craft. It is the editors of those spacious days who created the popular motion of the editor as a Czar in his own office and an oracle to the public. But, alas, times have now changed and modern democracy and modern technique have dealt cruelly with this tradition. No editor, however masterful he may be, can now hope to control every detail of his paper personally. If he tried to, he would only ask for trouble and be reduced to the state so acutely described by T. R. S. Shaw, G. B. S. in speaking about the shortcomings of editorial organisation says:

"As to daily papers, their offices are prisons in which the cleverest editor will soon lose touch with the world, being cut off as he is from political meetings, scientific lectures, concerts and even dinners by the hours during which he has to work. A daily paper should have at least three editors, each having one day on and two days off." At present the papers are twenty years behind their times, because the editors are recalcitrant. Light-house keepers with wireless sets know far more of what is going on in the world."

BUT GLAMOUR NOT YET GONE.

Though even in Europe and America the theory and practice of editorship is not yet quite abreast of the changed conditions in which the editor now works, the realities are getting wider and wider recognition there. We, in India, however, are still decidedly conservative on this score. The tradition of the preacher and oracle built up by stalwarts like Kristodas Pal, Mahatma Sisir Kumar, Narendra Nath Sen Motilal Ghosh and Surendra Nath Ban-

nerjee, still survives, and though even in this country the process of dethronement of the editor as such has commenced his title is still surrounded by the glamour which is attached to the man who can influence history and tell men what to think and what to do.

In this connection, gentlemen, I will not be disclosing an official or State secret when I say that a few years back my own paper "Amrita Bazar Patrika" used to be printed in an antiquated fashion, with antiquated machinery, ill-set, edited and ill-got-up and yet our countrymen would not go without a copy just to know what Sisir Kumar or Motilal had said on current political topics, for they would more often be guided by their opinion than by their own. Although modern readers are not so entirely dependent on editorial views for forming their own judgment, still in these days of hurly-burly when people have little time to go through, far less to scrutinise voluminous reports as for instance, a Congress Presidential Address or the Joint Select Committee's Report which, as you know, gentlemen, is the talk of the day, the public take their guidance from the opinions expressed in the editorial columns of their favourite newspaper.

EDITOR AS COMMANDER.

A modern editor, saddled with multifarious duties in his sanctum as well as outside of it—is, for instance when he has to be a guest of honour at a function like this—has been likened to the commander of a great army who, in these days, no more dreams of directing and controlling the movements of all his troops than he dreams of taking part in a hand-to-hand fight with the bayonet. His staff officers prepare the strategic and tactical plans. His subordinate commanders execute them. All that he has to do is to give his decisions. That, too, gentlemen, is the function of an editor. As a matter of fact, the editorship of a great newspaper has also been likened to the command of a battleship, and, it should be added, a battleship in constant action, where every man and boy needs to know his duty and to be ready to do it at a moment's notice.

I am not sure you are not chuckling at these exalted parallels. I would, therefore, suggest a more humble one: where, however, the need for co-ordination, for supreme control, for delicacy of perception is not less urgent than in war. It is the analogy of the conductor of an orchestra. He does not play himself; he cannot prevent the performers from playing poorly, or even striking a false note. But if he has any stuff in him he so trains and selects his men that they will not play poorly. If he has guts in him he can infuse them into his followers. His spirit permeates the whole company. Under his eye everything goes well though he might himself touch nothing. This is exactly the position of an editor.

After he has taken his own bearing in the modern newspaper organisation, the editor might well consider the position and relative importance of his colleagues. Here, again, the actualities and popular notions do not tally. A newspaper, as you all know, contains both news and views, that is to say, it gives dressed up accounts of the day's important events as well as some comments on them. Now, the average newspaper reader, as I have already said, is inclined to attach more importance to the views side than what really belongs to it. He takes the well-ordered array of the day's news—as a matter of course. This is, they say, the work of the mechanics of journalism. As for the journalist, properly so-called, he is surely expected to do some thing grander—write and guide and hold forth. If you were a professional journalist like me you would come across simple-hearted professions of this faith almost every day of your life.

EDITOR AS CENSOR.

But, gentlemen, it is easier said than done. The editor's job is not such a bed of roses as the lay public are inclined to think. There is a common saying in Fleet Street that "any one can write" and articles that it takes two wise men to make an editor. By this, however, I do not arrogate to myself all the wisdom in a newspaper office. I am mentioning this simply to give you an idea as to how difficult and onerous the duties of a modern Indian editor are. He has not only to chalk out a policy for his paper which his subordinate staff are supposed to fol-



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low but to see that no personal views at variance with the policy laid down by him are allowed to be unwittingly published. He has thus to act as the chief censor in his office.

While the editor has to do so much for the views, he is no less responsible for the scrupulously fair and correct news published in his paper. If there are two different versions of any incident, as for instance, the dock strike which is now exercising the public mind, care must be taken to publish both sides of the story leaving the public to form their own judgment. Besides these, the editor has got to see that no important item of news is missed or published later than in other papers.

It should be understood that the man in charge of the news section has to be an expert in the true sense of the term, and as such his sudden absence from office for a day is likely to cause greater dislocation than the absence of a leader-writer. While the latter can be replaced by one of his colleagues without much trouble, it is very difficult to find a suitable under-study for the former. And yet the Editor-in-Chief must, in an emergency, be ready and competent enough to offer his help whenever and by whomsoever it is sought.

I have given away some of the secrets of the newspaper office as I am told, you wanted to know them and not really to tire your patience. After this heavy and excellent dinner one feels like jumping into bed than listening to an editor's jejune stories.

Sanatanist Election Board Meeting

(From A Correspondent).
CALCUTTA, Dec. 13.

A special session of the All-India Sanatanist election board will be held under the presidency of Jagadguru Shri Shankaracharya of Puri at Ahmedabad on the 30th and 31st of the month for considering the present situation arising out of the election results and the Joint Parliamentary Committee's report and for chalking out the Sanatanists' political programme for the future in connection with the new assembly and the next provincial elections under the new constitution.

PASSENGERS AND TRAFFIC RELIEF

Half Yearly Record Of Bombay Association's Activities

Mr. Behram N. Karanjia, Vice-President of the Passengers and Traffic Relief Association, Bombay, in the course of his speech at the half-yearly general meeting said:—

"A short time ago, a resolution was moved by Sir Jehangir Boman-Behram, requesting the Municipality to consider the advisability of establishing a tourist Bureau in this city. The Foreign Tourist Bureau have given us a very vivid idea of the activity of the various Tourist Bureaux in different parts of the world, which has prompted us to follow their example. Lacs of rupees are being spent by the Railway Board on the Railway Information Bureau. We are not aware what ultimate benefit has been derived out of this heavy expenditure. It is, therefore, necessary that a question should be examined in all its bearings, and I hope, the Government as well as the other public bodies and some members of the Legislative Assembly will come forward to give their full co-operation."

VISITORS' TICKETS.

Regarding the rights of passengers, who wish to go up the ships to see their friends and relatives off, when they leave the shores of India, the speaker observed: "At present one free-pass is given to each 'bona-fide' passengers; others have to spend Rs. 3 per ticket, if they desire to go up the ship when it is in quarantine, with regard to the irregular distribution of free passes by steamship Companies. On making a representation to the steamship companies and the Port Health Officer on this matter, it was pointed out that due to the international port relations and arrangements, a large number of passengers are not allowed to go up the ship when it is in quarantine, and to safeguard that check a fee of Rs. 3 per visitor is levied. Unfortunately, the Port of Bombay has been considered as one infected with plague and cholera all the year round, and so every ship that passes through the Port of Bombay is closely watched and

passengers going through this port are subjected to a lot of me-The Port Health Officer, therefore, does not see his way to reduce the fee or give other facilities for more number of visitors to go up the ship.

"I hope our Association will not rest content with what has been done so far in the matter, but will also continue to obtain for the visitors some facility to go on the wharf."

NO REDUCTION IN 3RD CLASS. "The question of railway fares" continued the speaker, "seems to have occupied the attention of so many individuals and institutions. Numerous complaints," he added, "are being received day after day asking the Association to request the railways and steamship companies to reduce third class fares. The railway companies of their own accord, have reduced the first class fares, but all the representations of the Association for reduction in third class fares have so far not met with success."

STEAMSHIP FARES.

"With regard to the steamship companies, it is a matter of very great pity to find that all representations so far have fallen on deaf ears. Until the coastal shipping is nationalised and is in the hands of the Indian companies, the monopoly of trade in this line which exists at present is very difficult to be removed."

The question of reduction of Cutch-Mandvi fares has been greatly agitated only recently, but without any success."

ROAD TRAFFIC. Regarding the road traffic question our Committee is at present busy examining some tramway halts in the city. A few of such tramway halts, which were found to be objectionably situated from the point of view of general traffic have been at the request of this Association removed to some convenient places."

The half-yearly report was then placed before the Committee and finally adopted.

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL

Major General and Mrs. H. Needham and Nawab Sir Liaquat Hyat Khan lunched at Government House on Thursday. Air Commodore D. Le G. Pitcher, Captain A. J. Campbell, Mrs. Elliott Lockhart and Miss Elliott Lockhart arrived at Government House on Thursday.

MUSIC CONCERTS

By
KHANSAHEB ABDULKARIM KHAN
Forbes Gujarati Hall
Near Congress House
SATURDAY, 15th Dec., 9 p.m.
SUNDAY, 16th Dec., 4.30 p.m.
Tickets: Rs. 3-6; 2-4; 1-12 & 1-2.
Tickets at Saraswati Sangit Vidyalaya,
Princess Street and at the Hall at the time of the concert.

WELLINGTON

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW—
3-30; 6-30; 10 P.M.

THE GREATEST and the
MIGHTIEST UNDERSEA
TALKIE, EVER
PRODUCED!

A THRILLING—EXCITING—SEN-
SATIONAL ROMANTIC MELO-
DRAMA

BELOW THE SEA

You saw in Samarang the battle
between an Octopus and a
Shark, but in "Below the
Sea" you will see a death-
defying

Stupendous Fight Between a
Monster Octopus and an unarmed
man.

Risking his life for the rescue of
the Girl he loved, trapped in
A Diving Bell

BELOW THE SEA

The story of a Hunt for Gold
entombed in a Sunken Subma-
rine with

RALPH BELLAMY

FAY WRAY

FREDERICK VOGEDING—ESTHER
HOWARD—TREVOR BLEND—
WILLIAM KELLY and PAUL
PAGE

TECHNICOLOR SCENES

of the Denizens of Undersea—
Never before seen in any picture!

See the amazing incident of a
scientific, blazing torch in the
water cutting the Stronger-than-
Steel cover of a Submarine to
get Hidden Gold!

DRAMA and THRILLS
AMONG THE MONSTERS
of the DEEP!

BEAUTIFUL UNDERWATER
SCENES IN TECHNICOLOR IN

PLANS OPEN!

SETTLEMENT
MOVE FAILS

Wadi Bunder Hammals'
Strike

Sjts. Purshottam Tricundas
and M. R. Masani, Secretaries of
the Bombay Congress Socialist
Party, and Sjt. J. C. Maltra,
Member of the Executive of the
Party, writes:—
"With a view to explore the
possibilities of a settlement of the
strike of Wadi Bunder Railway
Hammals, which has been going on
for the last six days, on Decem-
ber 12, we saw Mr. Chatterji, the
Manager of the Contractors, Rai
Saheb Nihalsingh and Co., of
Delhi.

"We asked him if the report ap-
pearing in the newspapers the
previous day to the effect that
negotiations with the strikers
broke down, because he declined
to reduce to writing the terms
agreed upon by him by which he
agreed to restore the cut in the
men's wages, was correct. He re-
plied that he was willing to re-
cord the restoration of the wage-
cut in writing, but since that the
strikers had made some extra-
vagant demands a settlement had
not been possible.

"This 'extravagant' demand
was, according to him, that he
should agree that as long as his
contract subsisted, he would nei-
ther discharge any man nor
shift him from his place of duty.
"It was agreed that we should
meet him on Thursday at 1.45
p.m. to discuss the terms of the
settlement in detail.

Attitude Changes

"Accordingly two of us namely,
Mr. Masani and Mr. Maltra met
Mr. Chatterji at the appointed
time, but to our surprise we
found that the attitude of Mr.
Chatterji had changed overnight.
He refused to discharge the
"black-legs" and to take back the
old men on the old wages and
declared that he would not nego-
tiate with the Union or the men
or any other party.

"When it was pointed out that
both the workers and the mer-
chants who had goods to consign
were suffering hardships and the
inconvenience and the public inter-
est must also be considered, Mr.
Chatterji declared he had nothing
to do with the public or his in-
terest.

"400 Hammals have been out on
strike for six days and we appeal
to the public and in particular
to the merchants who along with the
men are affected by this attitude
of the contractors to put pressure
on the G.P. Railway authorities
and to see that the heavy cut in
the men's wages is restored and
the deadlock terminated.

"In conclusion we must mention
that we have ascertained that
the "extravagant" demand to
which Mr. Chatterji referred was
not made by the workers at all."

STRIKERS
REPLACED

400 New Men Engaged In
Wadi Bunder Goods
Yard

Four hundred new men were
engaged yesterday by the contrac-
tor in the Wadi Bunder Goods
Yard to replace the men on strike.

MASSEUR POSES
AS DOCTOR

Former Boilermaker Treats
Judge And Jockeys
In London

A former boilermaker who be-
came a manipulative surgeon and
masseur with a distinguished
clientele was fined £5 with five
guineas costs at Marylebone the
other day on a charge under Sec-
tion 40 of the Medical Act, 1858, of
wilfully and falsely pretending to
be a general practitioner.

He was James McGuigan, 42,
formerly of Gloucester-place, W.,
and it was stated that among his
patients were a High Court Judge,
Lord Rosebery, Gordon Richards,
and Steve Donoghue.

Imposing the fine, Mr. Harold
McKenna, the magistrate, said:
"Fortunately in this case no harm
was done. At the same time, as
a matter of principle, it is an
excessively dangerous thing for a
man to hold himself out as a
doctor if he is not one."

SPECIAL CONSTABLE.
McGuigan, who is a special con-
stable in Marylebone, was said to
have taken apartments in Glouc-
ester place, describing himself as
"Dr. McGuigan, manipulative
surgeon."

Occupying a flat in the same
house was Mrs. Margaret Jean De
Foccard, daughter of a doctor. She
became ill, and McGuigan attend-
ed her. He examined her, she
said, "as a doctor would," and later
made a more thorough examina-
tion, prescribed for her, and paid
her ten or eleven visits. He sug-
gested a fee of seven guineas.

At all times, she added, he
treated her with perfect respect,
but had she thought he was not
a doctor she would not have let
him attend her.

By the way he manipulated her
neck and cured a headache she
had the impression he was not
an ordinary doctor, but was
something to do with bones."

PRACTISED FOR 20 YEARS.

McGuigan, denying he had ever
described himself, or prescribed,
as a doctor, said he had been
practising as a manipulative
surgeon and masseur for 20 years,
and had been supported by many
medical men in Herby-street.

Occasionally, he said, people
addressed him as "Dr." but he had
always done his best to live it
down.

McGuigan produced references
from insurance companies and
others in South Africa and a letter
from the captain of the South
African cricket team. He also
stated that since the case began
he had received numerous letters
and telegrams from distinguished
people including Lord Rosebery.

Mr. Percival (for the defen-
dant): Are you prepared to issue
this challenge to the prosecution
that they cannot produce a single
patient of yours who was under
the impression you were a doctor?

—Yes; no patient has called me a
doctor.

KOHINOOR MILL
STRIKE ENDS

Management Reinstate Men
Who Were Dismissed

About 70 men of the Kohinoor
Mill, who had struck work, re-
sumed their duties on Friday.

It appears the management agreed
to reinstate the men who
had been dismissed.

BEARDED MAN
PLAYS HOAX?

"Sadhu" Presents Puzzling
Problem To Police

The City Police are in search
of a man, who is stated to have
played a cruel hoax on the rela-
tives of a Hindu doctor, who has
been missing for the past ten
years. It will be recalled that Dr.
Ratilal Keshavrai Desai, who had
a lucrative practice in Sandhurst
Road, disappeared mysteriously
after he had finished his work for
the day. In spite of a vigorous
search by the C. I. D., his where-
abouts were never traced, and
the case remains unsolved to this
day. What happened to the Gu-
jarati physician and where he
vanished puzzled his relatives
who believed that he might have
become a Sanyasi at the time.
With the passing of years how-
ever they became reconciled to
the fact that he was dead.

A few days ago a letter was re-
ceived from Rangoon by Mr. Bai-
ramji, Advocate, a brother of
Dr. Ratilal, to the effect that the
missing man had gone on a pil-
grimage and would be arriving at
the Dadar Railway Station by
a certain train on a date which
was mentioned in the letter. On
the day in question the relatives
of Dr. Ratilal went to Dadar in
the hope of seeing the prodigal.
Instead they beheld a man who
had grown a long beard and
looked like a Sadhu. He descend-
ed from the train and claimed
to be Dr. Ratilal. The relatives
were overjoyed at the reunion
and took the bearded man home.

They however did not feel sure
of his identity, as his behaviour
was queer. He assumed a silent
attitude and did not care to an-
swer any questions about old do-
mestic affairs. He then shifted to
the Arya Pathik Lodge at San-
dhurst Road and registered his
name as Swami Sachidanand.

At the Lodge he heard that the
police were after him and he
suddenly disappeared from that
place.

Disappointed at the result of
a criminal case, Dorabji Burjorji
Umrigar, a Parsi, attempted to
commit suicide on Fri-
day morning by jumping
from the second storey
of the Esplanade Police Court,
but luckily he was saved by some
police constables, who struggled
hard to save his life.

It appears Umrigar had filed a
defamation suit against Limji B.
Mistry which was dismissed by
the Chief Presidency Magistrate
yesterday. As soon as he heard the
result of his case, Umrigar rush-
ed to the parapet of the second
storey and attempted to jump
out of the building, but he was
saved by some police constables,
who surmising his intention to
commit suicide ran after him and
secured him.

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A New Theatre's NEW INDIA Picture.
With A Big Cast: PRITHVI RAJ, K. C. DEY,
NAWAB and MALINA.

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LOITERING IN
GOVT. HOUSE
COMPOUND

Man. Jumps Down Cliff
When Challenged By
Sentry

Sakharam Bhikoo was arrest-
ed on Thursday night by the
Gandevi Police on a charge of
loitering about in the Govern-
ment House compound at 11
p.m.

It is stated by the Police that
when challenged by the sentry,
the accused jumped down the
cliff and received serious injuries
which were treated later in the
J. J. Hospital.

To enable the Police to trace
the motive of his entrance into
the compound and his previous
history, Mr. Y. N. Nadraur,
Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum
Court, released him on a bail of
Rs. 40 till December 21.

SAVED FROM DEATH
BY CONSTABLES

Disappointed at the result of
a criminal case, Dorabji Burjorji
Umrigar, a Parsi, attempted to
commit suicide on Fri-
day morning by jumping
from the second storey
of the Esplanade Police Court,
but luckily he was saved by some
police constables, who struggled
hard to save his life.

It appears Umrigar had filed a
defamation suit against Limji B.
Mistry which was dismissed by
the Chief Presidency Magistrate
yesterday. As soon as he heard the
result of his case, Umrigar rush-
ed to the parapet of the second
storey and attempted to jump
out of the building, but he was
saved by some police constables,
who surmising his intention to
commit suicide ran after him and
secured him.

Directed by (INQUILAB) DEVAKI BOSE.
A New Theatre's NEW INDIA Picture.
With A Big Cast: PRITHVI RAJ, K. C. DEY,
NAWAB and MALINA.

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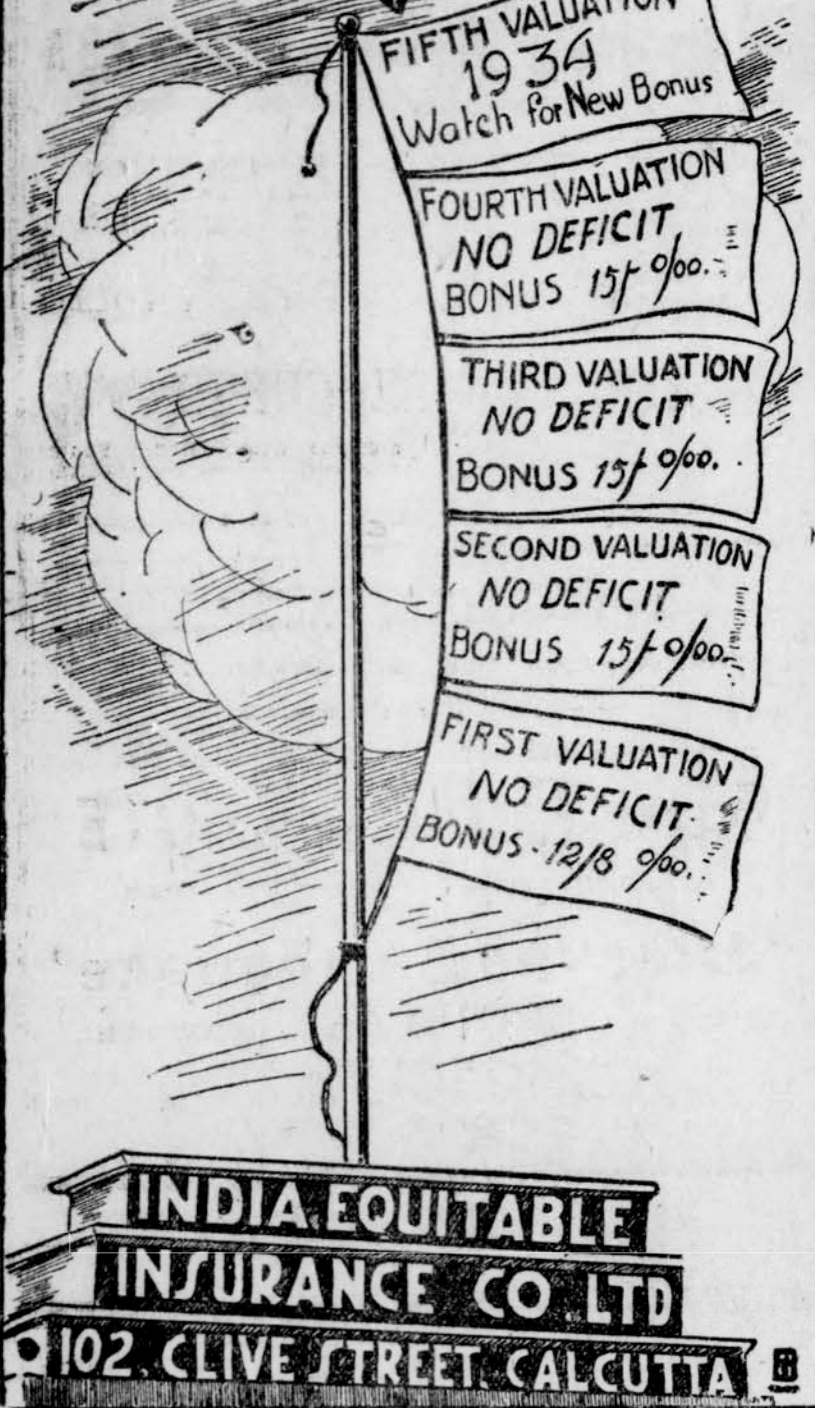
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WILL GOVT. PERMIT ARMS FOR SELF-DEFENCE?

**Lonely Indian Store-Keepers'
Grave Peril**

GHASTLY S. AFRICAN TRAGEDY

While the cruel murders of nearly a dozen Indian country store-keepers are still fresh in our minds, news has reached us of yet another ghastly crime committed at a country store at Elandsdorp in the Maritzburg district.

Elandsdorp is a distance of 23 miles from Maritzburg and the store where this brutal and ghastly affair took place is situated a mile away from Elandsdorp railway station. The victims of this terrible tragedy are Mr. A. D. Moola, the proprietor of the Elandsdorp supply store and his son. Early in the week Mr. Moola had sent his family to Avoca where his daughter's marriage was arranged to take place on the 27th instant, the father and son having remained behind, intending to join the family later.

At about 11 p.m. on Tuesday, news was brought to a neighbouring Indian store, which is at a distance of one mile, that the Elandsdorp supply store was on fire. The storekeeper and his assistants hurried to the scene to find that they were helpless to fight the terrible flames which

had already done their devastating work, and there was no sign of life.

The police, who arrived on the scene in the morning found the remains of two charred bodies, and the discovery of what is supposed to have been a blood stained knife alongside one of the bodies has led them to the theory that the alleged murderers, having set fire to the store after bungling it. Full details are not to hand while going to press; but does the Indian community require anything more brutal, more ghastly, and more horrible to awaken them to a sense of duty? We have repeatedly pointed out what steps should be taken by the Indian community, but with a few exceptions, there has been no response to our appeals.

We know full well the responsibilities of the authorities in these matters. Our appeals for the granting of fire-arms to lonely country store-keepers seem to fall on deaf ears and the police protection for these store-keepers is none too adequate.—Indian Views.

PT. MALAVIYA AND ASSEMBLY

**"Leader's" Story Of Mrs.
Naidu's Talk To Press
Correspondence**

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 13.
The "Leader" publishes to-day a curious story of a talk a press correspondent had with Mrs. Sarojini Naidu here regarding the question of election of Pandit Malaviya to the Assembly.

Mrs. Naidu is supposed to have told the correspondent that she did not understand why the question of Pandit Malaviya's election should have been raised at the meeting of the Congress Working Committee at Patna specially when formerly Malaviya was offered a seat for himself by the Working Committee. He declined to accept it. She did not know about the proceedings of the Parliamentary Board.

She remarked that somebody had sent a wire on the question, but they did not know who he was. She was probably referring to the telegram sent by Secretary, Allahabad Town Congress Committee.

If this story is correct, all hopes of Malaviya's getting into the Assembly may be regarded as sealed now.—United Press.

REDUCED HOURS OF WORK

**Question On Agenda Before
International Labour
Conference**

NEW DELHI, Dec. 12.
In a press communique by the Government of India dated October 3, 1934 it was announced that the following subjects would be on the agenda of the 19th Session of the International Labour Conference to be held at Geneva in 1935:—

1. Maintenance of acquired rights and rights in course of acquisition under invalidity old age, and widows' and orphans' insurance on behalf of workers who transfer their residence from one country to another.
2. Employment of women on underground work in mines of all kinds.
3. Unemployment among young persons.
4. The recruiting of Labour in Colonies and other territories with analogous conditions.
5. Holidays with pay.

The Government of India have now received intimation that the agenda of the Conference will also include the following subjects:—
"Reduction of hours of work."
In addition, the Governing Body of the International Labour Office have under consideration the placing on the agenda of the question of the partial revision of the Hours of Work (Coal Mines) Convention, 1931. A decision in this connection will be taken by the Governing body at their next meeting to be held in January, 1935.

June 4, 1935 has been fixed as the date for the opening of the 19th Session of the Conference.—United Press.

NEW MILL FOR CUTCH

Maharaja Lays Foundation

ANJAR, Dec. 13.
Ceremony of laying foundation stone of the Kutch Spinning and Weaving Mills was performed by His Highness the Maharaja Saheb of Kutch at Anjar yesterday. All leading merchants and officers of Anjar, Bhuj and Mandvi were present. There were about 600 guests and 5,000 spectators.

An ovation was given to the Maharaja and the Yuvaraj Saheb on arrival. Speeches were delivered by Messrs. Amritlal Oza and Devchand Sethia two of the Directors who arrived specially from Calcutta and Bombay respectively.—United Press.

Midnight Searches And Arrests At Wardha

WARDHA, Dec. 13.
Several arrests have been effected as a result of a midnight raid by the station house officer of Wardha of six 'satta' dens in the place.

Simultaneous searches were made at all these places and some more arrests are expected.—A.P.

STATES' PEOPLES' CONFERENCE AT AHMEDABAD

**Leaders Exhort People For
Good Response**

(From Our Correspondent)
AHMEDABAD, Dec. 11.
Brisk preparations are going on at Ahmedabad to ensure the success of the first session of the Gujarat States' People Conference that is meeting here during Christmas.

Enrolment of the members of the Reception Committee is satisfactory and the workers are moving round in the city for further enrolment. There has been a rally of general sympathy all around with the subjects of the Gujarat States in their miserable condition. The office of the Conference seems very lively and the secretaries report that they have a splendid response from the States themselves.

A propaganda meeting was held the other day, at the Hansraj Pragji Hall, under the presidency of Dr. Sumant Mehta, when Shri. mati Shantaben Mehta, Messrs. Chandulal Dave, Mahiradas Gandhi and Balvantrai Mehta, dealt on the conditions prevailing in the States, and stressed on the necessity and urgency of creating an organisation for the States of Gujarat which can voice with authority and in its representative character the sentiments of the people residing within the territories and can seek redress of numerous grievances. The speakers appealed to those present and through them to those State subjects residing in Ahmedabad and outside to muster strong at the ensuing conference thus contributing to the success thereof. The attendance at the meeting was good.

Attempts to reach the people in the different states by way of leaflets, and by sending out missionaries to various parts are being made. The conference meets at the Premabhai Hall which is reserved for the sessions.

ROUND TABLER'S ANXIETY

**Wants To Expedite J. P. C.
Constitution**

LUCKNOW, Dec. 13.
Non-Official Bills and resolutions relating to local bodies loomed large on the agenda of the United Provinces Legislative Council to-day.

Khan Bahadur Hafiz Hidayat Hussain, who was a delegate to the Round Table Conference, moved a resolution recommending to the Government to convey to His Majesty's Government the feeling of the House that the passage of the Government of India Act through Parliament should be expedited to enable the election under the new constitution to be held not later than 1935.

After a short discussion the resolution was withdrawn, on the Finance Member Sir Edward Blunt, observing that it was unnecessary, in view of the fact that the House would be considering the Select Committee Report from to-morrow, and also because the debate in the House of Commons on Indian reforms showed that His Majesty's Government were themselves anxious to get the Government of India Bill through Parliament without the least possible delay.—A. P.

KASHI SWADESHI EXHIBITION

**Maharaja To Open It On
December 20**

BENARES, Dec. 13.
His Highness the Maharaja of Benares has consented to perform the opening ceremony of the Kashi Swadeshi Exhibition, Benares on December 20.

It is understood that nearly all the Stalls have been occupied. Many old paintings and other articles are coming every day as exhibits.

The organisers are trying their best to make this exhibition a great success.—United Press.

FOR RESEARCH IN INDIAN ANTIQUITIES

CALCUTTA, Dec. 13.
The "United Press" understands that in view of stringency of funds for carrying on the work in the Indian Archaeological Survey Department, Government of India have invited help of foreign societies in the task of exploring ancient relics on Indian Civilisation in response to which several American scholars have formed a Society for research of Indian antiquities with ample financial resources at their back.—United Press.

HOUSES FOR 2,000 FAMILIES

**Dr. Ceresole Launches
Scheme With His Band
Of Workers**

PATNA, Dec. 12.
Dr. Pierre Ceresole and his companion Mr. Joe Wilkinson are now working at Sonathi Centre in Muzaffarpur District on behalf of the International Volunteer Service (Switzerland).

Sgt. Phanindra Mohan Dutta, the Centre-in-Charge of B.C.R.C. is working with them and their unit of 50 workers, maintained by the International Volunteer Service. They are now preparing a scheme of constructing houses for 2,000 families, but at present they are going through preliminaries to accommodate 200 families of the Sonathi Centre, an area still waterlogged and rendered uninhabitable owing to earthquake and floods.

The Centre was visited by Babu Mathura Prasad and Babu Lakshmi Narayan, Secretary, Spinners' Association on the 9th instant and they found the work was progressing, inspiring and greatly helpful to the suffering population. Impassable roads have been rendered passable for pedestrians through the efforts of the Doctor and his band of workers. Dr. Ceresole, Mr. Wilkinson and Phanindra Babu themselves work with basket and spade and their example is being followed by members of well-to-do families. People are taking keen interest in the activities.—United Press.



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SHIPPING MAN'S BIBLE

Lecture On "Lloyd's Register"

Under the auspices of the Society for the Promotion of Shipping Knowledge, Mr. H. P. Southwell, the Lloyd's Surveyor, delivered a very instructive lecture on "Lloyd's Register of Shipping" on Thursday evening at Sudama House, Ballard Estate, when Sir Phiroze Sethna presided.

Mr. Southwell, while giving a brief sketch of the history and development of the Society from 1834 to the present day narrated how from "Lloyd's News" and subsequently "Lloyd's Lists" the present Lloyd's Register came into existence and the system of classification introduced in 1797 which led to rivalry for 20 years by some Ship-owners who brought into existence a similar Register of Shipping. In 1834, however, wisdom prevailed and both the books were amalgamated. The Society was re-organised and a representative Committee was formed with the co-operation of ship-builders and appointment of 75 members including merchants, shipowners and ship-builders from all parts was made.

Mr. Southwell also described the progress in ship-building and the improvements made in ships design and construction during the years 1870 to 1930. He also referred to the Society's organisation of a staff for inspection of Civil Aircraft in the year 1929 and expressed the hope of Surveyors being appointed in the near future at Poona, Juhu and Karachi for the purpose. He then explained the significance of a ship in being "classified at Lloyd's" and described how ships were classed and maintained in class. An interesting demonstration of how entries in the Register were to be read and understood was given by the speaker from a special chart prepared for the purpose.

Sir Phiroze Sethna said that the lecturer had very ably dealt with his subject within a short time by giving all information contained in the two big volumes of the Lloyd's Register, but he had failed to inform him about the price of the same. Mr. Sethna then described how the reference by the speaker to the development in ship-building reminded him of a drama he had seen in London sometime back wherein the father who stuck to wooden ships had to leave his palatial building and the son who interested himself in steel-ships became a rich man. He also referred to concrete ships he had seen while he was in America in the year 1926. Although rival Societies were started in several countries of Europe, Mr. Sethna said that the Lloyd's is the only one which is popular in the world at large.

MYSORE COMMERCE AND INDUSTRIES

Sir C. V. Raman Assures Support To Reconstituted Board

(From Our Correspondent) BANGALORE. (By Mail). The action of the Mysore Government in reconstituting the Board of Industries and Commerce has met with warm approbation everywhere and at the first meeting of the Board held last week, Sir C. V. Raman, Director, Indian Institute of Science assured the Government that the Indian Institute and he would be very willing to help this Board in all possible ways. Mr. R. Sundaram Iyer, President of the Mysore Chamber of Commerce, echoing the sentiments of the mercantile community, observed that the Chamber would be ready to co-operate with the Government in encouraging industries, especially the cottage industries.

The possibilities of starting a Paper Factory, the manufacture of electrical appliances, etc., were discussed and several sub-committees were appointed to discuss these questions in detail.

Saugor Municipal Committee

(From Our Correspondent) SAUGOR. (By Mail). At the recent Municipal meeting of the 13-elected and 3 nominated members, Moulvi Chirag Uddin, Mr. Ayyan Husen, Hon. Magistrate, and Mr. Shive Prasad Malaviya, ex-M.L.C., were declared as successful "Selected" members of the Saugor Municipal Committee.

A keen contest is expected this year at the time of election of the President and vice-presidents as the aspirants are many.

LONDON RUBBER MARKET

London, Nov. 26. "After being unsettled and inclined to ease for most of the week the market took a definite turn for the better on Saturday morning on encouraging figures from Malaya showing that stocks during October had decreased by over 10,000 tons.

Furthermore, satisfactory estimates of American consumption from November to January assisted sentiment. The estimates are November 33,000 tons, December 31,000 tons, January 10,000 tons as compared with an actual consumption of 29,162 tons, 29,087 tons and 40,413 tons respectively for November, December and January.

These factors caused an advance of 1/8d. per lb. on Saturday and prices improved a further 1/16d. to-day the better sentiment having been reinforced by a message from Batavia to the effect that there is no reason to fear that the Dutch authorities are incapable of controlling native rubber exports. This statement together with the British Colonial Minister's denial in Parliament last week that there had been any suggestion of the restriction plan should finally dispel the contrary impression created by recent articles in the "Daily Express" and the "Sunday Express."

The crux of the situation undoubtedly still remains the Dutch native production and evidence is accumulating that this problem is being tackled with a good promise of its eventual solution. It has already been announced that measures are being taken to introduce individual restriction in nearly one-third of the native areas in the early months of next year and a registration of the remaining areas is being made with a view to bringing them under some form of quota system. This work, however, is expected to take some time and its progress would no doubt be facilitated if prices in the meantime, do not advance too rapidly.

We feel that the market is gradually regaining confidence and that if prices were to ease slightly purchases should be made.

Stocks in this country show an increase of 211 tons during the past week.

The Co-operative Cotton Sale Society Ltd. Hobli has issued the following report:—

SEASON

The season throughout the year was most irregular. The total rainfall at Hubli was 26.65" from 1st June to date. There were rains in Gadind (transaction) tract to sow Kharif Jawar and Cotton. In Gadind the cotton was sown from 15th August to 10th September. Sowing of Jaywant in Gadind in some places near Jigir in Shigmon taluka was held up owing to lack of moisture in the soil. There were long breaks in the months of September and October. The Kharif Jawar suffered severely. Rains on the 1st November eased the situation to a large extent. The Kharif Jawar will be a normal yield and the cotton of Gadind will be above normal if the weather conditions in the months of December and January remain favourable for the cotton crop. In the Yerwad tract vicissitude of this year's weather were more pronounced. In Navagund taluka except in few villages, the condition of Kharif Jawar is appalling. It has no ears and is practically dead. The cotton sowing was delayed owing to want of moisture in the soil in Navagund taluka. The cultivators took advantage of few showers that fell now and then and tried to put in cotton as much as they could. Rains of 1st November improved the situation to a very limited extent. In Navagund Petha, practically no cotton has been sown. Rain is needed in that part. Jadag and Ron talukas are not also promising. Cotton and Jawar have been put in in proper time. In these talukas need of rain is felt.

The following statement gives the area under cotton and the estimated yield for the season 1934-35:—

Area in acres	Estimated yield in lbs. per acre	Total yield in lbs.
5,39,400	28,510	15,37,000
including Native states in the Dharwar district.		

N. B. From the figures, it is seen that there is a reduction of area under cotton 18.3 per cent. against last year's acreage of 7,35,600 acres. Though the acreage is less, the yield would be higher i.e. 60 lbs. per acre as against 46 lbs. lint of the last year.

Hubli 35,910 bales, Gadag 25,000 bales, Raichur 5,000 bales and Savanur 4,000 bales.

Out of these 89,910 bales, 26,550 bales are of Society's certified seed, 30,000 bales are of Kumbhas including Bazar Jaywant and the remaining 33,360 bales are of Dharwar-American, Upland and Mongrai together.

SEED DISTRIBUTION

During the cotton season of 1933-34, the Hubli Co-operative Cotton Sale Society as recommended by the Department of Agriculture, purchased the seed 20,70,000 lbs., for distribution in the Dharwar district. The distribution of the seed is as under:—

Places	Quantity in lbs.	Area covered in acres	Approximate yield in lbs. per acre
British area in Hubli jurisdiction	15,41,001	1,54,100	
Native States in Dharwar district excluding Kandgol already included	92,650	9,265	
	16,34,051	1,63,405	25,550

In addition to this, the Society under the instructions of the Agricultural Department supplied the following quantities of seed to other areas mentioned below:—
H. E. H. the Nizam's

SHIPPING NEWS

EXPORTS.

Bombay, December 14. S.S. City of Cardiff for Liverpool:—11 bales lamb skins for furs I F Levy; 1358 bags linseed oil cakes and 1358 bags g. nut oil cakes Ralli Bros; 12 bales wool raw K Lalbahal.

S.S. Carthage for London:—6 bales tanned goat skins and 1 bale tanned sheep skins H R Rehmanbhai and Co.; 1 bundle raw Ind. kid skins for furs D Abraham and Sons; 2 cases Ind. condiments M M and Co; 6 pt. Rosa oil E Mavji and Co; 1 pkg. curries Cox and King.

For Marseilles:—100 bags g. nut seeds Ali A Kazim.

For Malta:—1 bundle Ind. cotton carpet; Indian Art Museum.

For Alexandria:—40 bales cotton twist M A Al. Abdulrazzak; 28 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.

For Beyrouth:—27 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.

For Port Said:—5 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.

S.S. Jeypore for Kobe:—792 bales cotton raw Kotak and Co; 650 bales cotton raw Langley and Co; For Kobe:—375 bales cotton raw M Amersey and Co; 500 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 800 bales cotton raw S J David and Co; 332 bales cotton raw A Khimji and Co; 100 bales cotton raw Nisho Co.

For Yokohama:—200 bales cotton raw Nisho Co.

For Sydney:—3 bales salted Indian goat skins D Abraham and Sons.

For Shanghai:—200 bales cotton raw A Pudar and Co.

S.S. Rahenfels for Hamburg:—150 bales cotton fly R Pallanjee.

For Antwerp:—27 bales hemp D Anandjee; 55 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 19 bales dry salted Indian goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 1666 bags g. nut oil cakes M Hosen and Sons.

For Rotterdam:—50 bales sewri cotton R Pallanjee; 35 bales dry salted Indian cow hides D Abraham and Sons.

For Stockholm:—5 bales cotton fly V A Save.

For Malino:—10 bales cotton fly L O Ora.

For Gothenburg:—15 bales cotton twist waste L O Ora.

For Trinidad:—31 bags turmeric K Tricamji.

For Jmjer:—100 bales grey cotton yarn Hagalal and Co.

For Istanbul:—14 bales grey cotton yarn Hazal and Co.

For Philadelphia:—50 bales cotton twist waste L O Ora.

For New York:—75 bales cotton waste L O Ora.

For Gydnia:—110 bales cotton raw H Nensey and Co.

For Ghent:—55 bales cotton raw H Nensey and Co; 110 bales cotton raw B Carondas and Co.

S.S. City of Wellington for New York:—20 bags Kamala powder D Abraham and Sons; 39 bags par pistache nut Zarosha and Sons; 33 bales dry salted goat skins D Abraham and Sons.

S.S. Havana Maru for Kobe:—1600 bales cotton raw Toyo Muka Kaisha; 70 bales cotton raw C Jethabai and Co; 531 bales cotton raw S Karamshi and Co; 100 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co; 500 bales cotton raw M Manilal and Co; 168 bales cotton raw K Shivji and Co.

For Osaka:—100 bales cotton raw Japan Cotton Trading Co.

For Yokohama:—100 bales cotton raw T M Kaisha.

S.S. Glasgow Maru for Kobe:—266 bales cotton raw V Ladha and Co.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, December 14. S.S. Warfield from Rangoon, agents M M and Co.—32292 bags rice; 135 pieces deal planks; 266 bundles teak boards; 1206 pieces teak planks; 80 pieces teak squares; 45873 bundles and 69997 pieces teak scantlings; 821 bars pig lead; 24 pieces tin block; 10 cases misquitol; 352 bags jowar.

S.S. Rahmani from Calcutta, agents Turner Morrison and Co:—8140 tons Bengal coal.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Dec. 14.

March	1.51-01
May	1.55-01
July	1.58-01
September	1.52-01

Domestics (Kopbal) 36,610 36,610
Bagalhot 2,100 210

36,610 36,610

Thus during the year under report, the Society reached the quota of 2 lakhs of acres stipulated in the Seed Expansion Scheme and covered 2,00,015 acres.

In addition to this, the Society covered an area of 2,000 acres with the improved Upland seed.

CROP CONDITION

The above figures may be taken as approximate. Rumours from Gadind talukas have been received about the withering of crops by the continuous dry easterly winds. It is feared that if the same situation of weather continues, the cotton crop would give less yield. Real state of affairs will be known by the beginning of January 1935 when the Final Forecast Report will be issued by the Society.

Victims of

Asthma & Bronchitis

WHY BECOME CHRONIC?

Your health is leaving you slowly, so slowly that you do not realise it. With every attack your powers of resistance are getting weaker and weaker until finally you will become a chronic sufferer. No complaints cause so much suffering and anxiety as Asthma and Bronchitis but

YOU CAN BE CURED

Just as the other sufferers (see letter below) were cured. You can sleep through the night, and can walk without any trouble. Read the letter below and write for Dr. Hair's free book. Your life will be changed just as thousands of others have been changed, from suffering to health and happiness so take

YOUR FIRST STEP

and send for Dr. Hair's free book which tells you in plain words how to be cured and how to remain cured. By following the simple rules of living and diet, and taking Dr. Hair's Asthma Cure in teaspoonful doses you will be able to go to bed without fear of an attack, so sleep peacefully all night and to find that health, strength and flesh will be rapidly restored to you.

DR. HAIR'S FREE BOOK

will be sent to you free and post free. Send the coupon below in an unsealed envelope for half anna.



Obtainable at all leading Chemists and Stores or direct post free from address on Coupon.

Hoshangabad, C. P. India.
15th August, 1932.

Dear Dr. Hair,

I feel I must show my gratitude by writing to thank you for curing me of that dreadful cruel disease I feel a very different woman now. God bless you for the relief, I am enjoying and can hardly believe all I have gone through.

I never fail to recommend Asthma Cure (Hair's) to anyone who is suffering from that cruel complaint.

Thanking you again and may God bless you.

I remain,
Yours gratefully,
(Sd.) MRS. F. OSTOCHE

FREE BOOK

To Dr. Hair's Indian Depot. (Dept. 2).
P. O. Box 431, Bombay.
Please send me your free and post paid, Dr. Hair's Book on Asthma, Bronchitis and Catarrh.

Name.....
Address.....
Send this coupon in Post envelope for ½ anna.
WRITE CLEARLY.
B.C. 15-12-1934.

The Hindu

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Paid-up Capital	Rs. 5,62,50,000
Reserve Fund	Rs. 5,27,50,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders	Rs. 5,62,50,000

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Local Branches:—Byculla, Mandvi and Sandhurst Road.



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BRANCHES:—Malabar Hill, (Hughes Road, Bombay); Bullion Exchange, (Shaikh Memon Street, Bombay); Poona; Bhubaneswar, Baram, (Calcutta); Ahmedabad, Rajkot and Surat.

LONDON AGENTS

The Westminster Bank, Ltd.
Capital Subscribed Rs. 2,00,00,000
Capital Paid-up Rs. 1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at 1 per cent per annum. Interest on balances in excess of Rs. 1,00,000 allowed only by special arrangement. No credit will be given in accounts for interest amounting to less than Rs. 5 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods and rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS
Opened Rules may be obtained on application.

The Bank acts as Executor and Trustee under Wills and Settlements and undertakes Trustee business generally. Rules on application.

A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Established 1910.

Head Office, APOLLO STREET, Fort, Bombay.

Branches:—RAJKOT (Civil Station)
CAPITAL PAID UP Rs. 29,00,000
RESERVE FUND Rs. 7,00,000

Chairman:—SIR BOHMUSJEE CO. WADJI DINSHAW, Kt., M.V.O., O.B.E.
Managing Director:—SIR SORABJI N. POCHKHANA-WALA, Kt.

Current Deposit Accounts opened and Interest allowed at 1 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances upto Rupees One Lacs.

Fixed Deposits for long and short period received on favourable terms.

Savings Bank Accounts interest allowed at 3 1/2 per cent per annum on daily balances or 3 per cent per annum on minimum monthly balances.

Withdrawals allowed twice a week. Operations by cheques allowed.

Advances made on approved securities. All kinds of Banking business transacted.

B. M. BHARGAVA,
B.A., LL.B.,
Secretary.

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"EYE-SUN" Cures Cataract and imperfect sights, etc., radically and permanently. No need of operation. Success guaranteed if not, price refunded. Price Rs. 2. BARRYASRAM, Fanchpota, (Bengal). Stockists:—P. M. Zaveri & Co., Princess St., Bombay 2.

Mills Must Take American Cotton At America's Price Or Close

FIRMNESS IN INDIAN MARKETS ADD BUOYANCY TO FOREIGN COTTONS

Local Conditions Technically Unsound

Bombay, Dec 13. Messrs. Langley and Co. have issued the following weekly cotton market report:—

Although fluctuations in the New York market during the week have been entirely negligible there has nevertheless been a marked absence of any sign of weakness. Japanese selling and selling attributed to Government was well taken. Even October remained firm on not very well defined hopes of a continuance of some form of effective Government control for next year's crop.

So far as the 1934-35 crop is concerned, the market is still sitting solidly on the 12 cent loan. The fact that the Government have been selling seems to indicate a complete confidence in the stability of the old crop position and the fact that the market has taken such selling without any sign of weakness equally indicates acceptance of a position with this year's crop pegged firmly to 12 cents in the interior.

HOLDING STOCKS

It now looks as if the U. S. Government have only to hold on to their stocks to compel spinners not only in America but abroad to pay their loan price. The supply of outsiders is limited in quantity and outsiders are no longer competitively attractive in price.

Inevitably there must be a further swing towards America unless the world's mills are no longer going to manufacture those medium cloths which form by far the biggest part of the output of the textile industry.

PAY OR CLOSE

Mills must either take American cotton at America's price or close down. Undoubtedly they will take American cotton and hope for a rise in cloth prices to provide the manufacturing margin which now looks so precarious.

There is little interest in opening in a market from which most of the hazards have been removed by a beneficent Government. But we still see no harm in buying the March position on the small setbacks which periodically occur. With no weight of selling on the market, prices should eventually respond to a broadening demand.

A certain liveliness has recently characterised trading in Bombay. Interest, in fact, has centred much more on India than on America and to some appreciable extent the firmness in Indian markets has added to the buoyancy of cotton markets abroad.

It is difficult to analyse the Indian position with any degree of certainty, but briefly we think the position might be summarised by saying that the strength here was founded on fact but undoubtedly inflated by sentiment.

SMALL INDIAN CROP

The Indian crop is smaller than was anticipated some two months ago. We

Indian Yarns In Steady Demand

RESTRICTED BUSINESS IN ENGLISH BUT JAPANESE YARNS BETTER

The Yarn Market has continued to remain very steady throughout the past week and so far as the Indian yarns are concerned prices have fluctuated within a very narrow range. The undertone however has remained healthy. Demand from consuming centres has been rather restricted during the week probably because dealers and consumers find the present level of prices rather high and unsuitable for their purpose. It is reported from consuming districts that weavers find it increasingly difficult to pay any higher prices for yarn owing to the fact that they are not able to realize increased prices for their cloth and as a result are not able to realize even living wages. Prices of cloth have not shown corresponding improvement compared with the prices of yarn and the handloom weavers therefore are at a particular disadvantage and have to face unequipped competition both from Indian Mill cloth as well as from the Japanese cloth. Naturally, therefore, they can only pay higher prices for yarn when they are able to realize higher prices for their cloth. As regards foreign yarns, there has been some improvement in Japanese Mercerized yarn during the week whereas in case of other yarns prices have remained more or less unchanged. The future tendency of the market seems to be fairly hopeful.

ENGLISH YARNS

Enquiries have been practically very restricted in as much as owing to firmer advices from Manchester there seems to be hardly any chance for forward business in this class of yarns.

JAPANESE YARNS

Distinct improvement in prices of Japanese Mercerized yarns has taken place during the past week on account of better demand from consuming districts and return of confidence amongst the dealers. Turnover during the week was mostly speculative and business has been done by them for spot and forward deliveries at higher

prices than before. Import houses however have been quoting still higher prices with the result that the undertone has continued to remain very firm. In case of single and two-fold Grey Cotton yarns, there has been a very limited turnover and prices have not shown any improvement during the week. Sample has remained fairly steady whereas Exchange has not shown any change.

ART SILK YARNS:

As anticipated in our previous reports, increased interest has been taken by dealers in Japanese yarns during the week on account of the scarcity of Italian yarns in 150 Deniers. Very limited arrivals of Italian yarns during the last few weeks have naturally led the dealers and consumers to believe that sufficient arrivals of Italian 150 Den. will not be forthcoming for the next few days and as a result fairly good quantities of Japanese yarns particularly low grade qualities have been purchased by dealers both for Southern as well as for Northern Markets. There has been good turnover in this class of yarns during the week and prices have shown an improvement to the extent of quarter of an anna per lb., in 150 Den. low grade qualities. Dealers have been able to clear some of their stocks lying unsold for months and naturally therefore enquiries have considerably increased for entering into forward business in Japanese yarns provided attractive prices are available. Japanese Import Houses are accordingly busy in negotiating business for forward delivery and several offers have been on cables but there is hardly any possibility of substantial forward business at the moment inasmuch as the Japanese Markets have been quoting somewhat higher prices for distant deliveries. It is however reported that as the production in Japan has considerably increased and is steadily increasing, it is very likely that the Japanese Makers will accept lower prices after a few weeks. The future

course of the market is therefore very uncertain and dealers have been adopting a cautious attitude. As regards Italian Rayon yarns they have been steadily going into consumption and an improvement in demand for 150 Deniers is in evidence from almost all important consuming districts. As regards other Deniers demand continues to remain very limited.

INDIAN YARNS

Local Mills have been quoting rather firmer prices on account of difficulties experienced by them in obtaining supplies of spot cotton at anything like reasonable prices. No fresh forward business has however been possible inasmuch as dealers do not show any inclination to pay higher prices for their requirements in yarn particularly because consuming districts have been withdrawing their orders at any higher level of prices. Turnover during the week in Indian yarns is very restricted although the undertone continues very steady.

INDORE MARKET

QUOTATION

Indore, Dec 13. (Messrs. Gangadhar Waman and Co.) Wheat seed and cotton. Rate per man of 6 mds. Bengal. Sharp cotton and Pappas rice in the local market.

Wheat Bombay Pass Rs. 20 22
Wheat Malvi Rs. 19 20
Wheat Pasi Rs. 17 15
Gram Rs. 14 16
Tilseed Rs. 30 34
Linsed Rs. 24 26
Jawar Rs. 10 11
Pajara Rs. 14 15
Tuar Rs. 16 15
Lental Rs. 15 16
Oil cakes Rs. 17 18
Ajawan Rs. 10 15
Cottonseed Rs. 10 12
Moog (green) Rs. 17 18
Moog (black) Rs. 10 12
Maka Rs. 5 6
Kappas Malvi Rs. 30 32
Kappas Nimad Rs. 26 27
Kappas Angad Rs. 28 30
Ghee Rs. 160 200
Chilies Rs. 150 170
Cotton Malvi per boja of 4 mds Bengal 70 80
Cotton Nimad per boja of 4 mds. Bengal 67 76
Cotton Broach opening per candy of 784 lbs 228/6
Cotton closing opening per candy of 784 lbs 227/12
Wheat four Maida per bag of 93 srs Rs 10
Wheat Rawa per bag of 95 srs Rs 10/4
Wheat Ata per bag of 90 srs Rs. 7
Wheat Chapad per bag of 40 srs. Rs. 2/12
Tea rates Per lb.
Lipton 10 as. to 1/12
Bharat 4 as. to 1/4
Brook Bond 9 as. to 1/10
Chandana Brand 7 as. to 1/9
Other Brand 5 as. to 1

100 P. N. Bhaskari Ltd. & State Mills
100 Indore Malwa United Mills Ltd.
112
100 Hukumchand Mills Ltd 120
100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd only 130
100 Kalyanmal Mills Ltd pref 112
100 Nandlal Bhandari Mills Ltd 102
100 Rajakumar Mills Ltd 25
100 Swadeshi Cotton and Flour Mills Ltd 4
100 Binod Mills Ltd 136
25 Indore Co-operative Bank Ltd 12/8
25 Indore Co-operative Press Ltd 1
25 Indore Co-operative Dairy Ltd 1
25 Indore Bank Ltd 30
10 Hukumchand Jute Ltd 18
5 Indore Co-operative Insurance Ltd

Gold Bar per tolas 36/12
Silver per 100 tolas 67

LIGHT SHOWERS IN KASHMIR

POONA, Dec. 14.

A fresh western disturbance has caused nearly general rain in Northwest Frontier Province and a few light showers in Baluchistan, Kashmir and North Punjab. Scattered showers have also occurred in Southeast Madras.

CHIEF AMOUNTS OF RAINFALL:

Parachinar and Dosh three-quarters of an inch; Murree a half and Quetta, Kalat, Cuddalore and Madras a quarter.

FORECAST:

Rainfall will increase in Kashmir and will extend in Punjab and hills of West United Provinces and recur at a few stations along the Northwest Frontier.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 14-12-1934.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours—650 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 75.8 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 65.8 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 88.5 degrees 2.1 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 70.3 degrees 1.7 (above normal).

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 56 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ESE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 8 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 131 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 14 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 100 0

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING

DATED 14-12-30

At 8.7 a.m. local time (8.46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 78.7 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.23 inches and a compensated aneroid 30.02 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.00 inch for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

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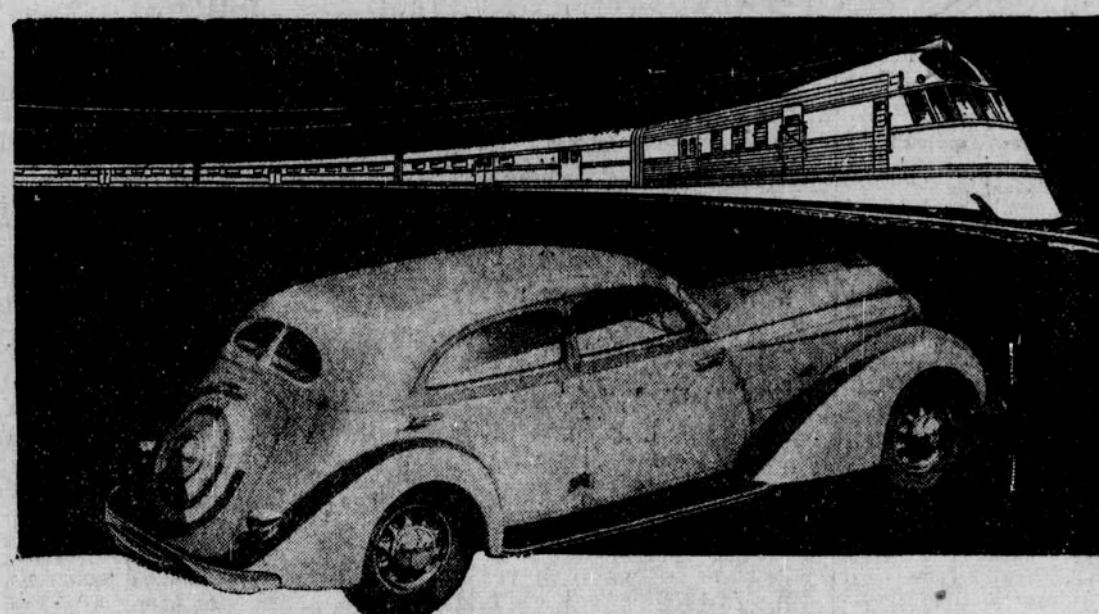
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roominess. Three persons can ride in perfect comfort in each seat. Panoramic vision is provided by the beveled windshield, wide rear windows and twin side windows.

The new Hupmobile obsolesces previous ideas of motor car design. Today it is universally accepted as the world's most truly modern motor car. Compare it with any other car built and you will realize why it out-modes, out-performs, and out-values even your own conception of outstanding motor car superiority.

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"Vita-Weat" keeps you SLIM and makes you FIT and also aids digestion. It is guaranteed entirely free from chemicals or preservatives. Being easily digested "VITA-WEAT" CRISP-BREAD ensures the correct functioning of the body, thereby promoting Perfect Health.

Agents:—Herbert, Son & Co., Ltd., Bombay & Calcutta; T. Motandas & Co., Oop. Boulton Market, Karachi; Parry & Co., Madras; Harperink Smith & Co., Ltd., Rangoon; Mr. J. H. B. Fernando, 31-33, Chatham Street, Colombo, Ceylon.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

London, Dec 13 This week.

Total Bullion 192,700,000
Public Deposits 7,900,000
(a) Other Deposits 140,300,000
Government Securities 55,800,000

(b) Other Securities 20,700,000
Notes and Coins 59,300,000
Notes in Circulation 398,300,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities 40.18 per cent.
(a) Other Deposits including Bankers 103,300,000
(b) Other Securities including Discount and Advances 10,100,000

Southern Hedge Selling In N. Y. Cotton

LIVERPOOL MARKET STEADY ON TRADE CALLING

Jobbers Cover Short Sales SPECULATIVE ELEMENT STILL HESITATE

Bombay, Dec 14. On Thursday the New York cotton futures market was easy in the absence of any important buying and also by unfavourable Liverpool cables and Southern hedge selling. There is no fresh development and there continues general apathy of the speculative active. Operators still think it unsafe to operate on either side of the market as they are afraid that despite official plan to raise prices and to average, large stocks of cotton held in America by various interest will have depressing effect some time during coming months. Any how there is no justification behind such a belief but as long as the present deadlock continues, we do not see any reason for any material change in prices.

NEW YORK MARKET
The New York cotton futures market opened at a decline of 3 points with May 12.54. There was scattered buying during the first hour which resulted in a rise of 3 points from the opening level and prices reached the highest level for the day with May 12.57. Later on there was absence of any support and with disappointing Liverpool cables, prices declined 6 points from the highest level and May was quoted 12.51. Thus the session ended with a net decline of 7 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 5 points to 12.56 per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET
The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet with a scattered selling. The market closed at a net decline of 2 points. Spot cotton prices declined 3 points at 12.56 per lb.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened on Thursday at a decline of one point with May 6.71. Offerings were light and the tone of the market steady. Scattered hedge selling was absorbed by trade calling. Disappointing New York opening advices had little effect. There was some buying by an East Indian house and jobbers were covering their short sales while trade was the principal feature of the day. Thus the market displayed good undertone throughout the day and prices after opening at about the lowest level of the day at a decline of one point improved 2 points. Later on the improvement was maintained and the market closed at a net rise of 1 to 2 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices declined one point at 7.65 per lb.

INDIAN COTTON
East Indian cotton futures market was fairly steady with a limited business and the market closed at a net decline of 2 points. At the close January was 5.43, March 5.42 and May 5.42.

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Egyptian cotton futures market was quiet but steady with a limited business. Sakels futures closed at a decline of one to two points with Spot cotton 2 points down at 9.63. Upstream futures were irregular and closed at a rise of one point to a decline of one point.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET
The Alexandria cotton futures market was quiet but steady with a limited business. Sakels futures closed at a rise of one to two points. At the close January was 5.43, March 5.42 and May 5.42.

PRIVATE CABLES
N Y May highest 12.57 (10-27 a.m.)
Lowest 12.51 (10-55 p.m.)
Liverpool May highest 6.73 plus 01 (3-45 p.m.)
Lowest 6.71-01 (10-1 a.m.)
Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cables—
New York Cotton Exchange Service called—
We estimate domestic consumption of all cotton in November at 480,000 bales.

The average consumption per working day during the month just indicated was 22,300 bales.
Their Liverpool Agents cabled as under—
Reported approval by United States Government for barter with Germany for about half million bales; details indefinite.
Messrs. Chumilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:
New York: Market quiet and steady. Believe technical position good. Cotton goods and yarn market, good demand, prices firm.
New York: Long liquidation and some selling credited official agencies. Demand scattered. Fluctuations narrow.
New York: Hedges sales on every advance. Believed to be result of price release very well absorbed by trade interests. We prefer the buying side.
New York: October liquidation caused by Bankhead statement that Government loan very unlikely on next crop. Selling was well absorbed and the decline was negligible. It is reported that the barter transaction with Germany for about 500,000 bales has been approved by the Government and the completion of the deal now rests with the Reichsbank's approval. Rumours are also afloat that negotiations are in progress with France for the exchange of wheat for cotton.
Rumour: The news from Batavia that the basic export duty on native rubber from 16th December will be decreased.

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, Dec 13
Messrs. Bativala and Karani have issued the following report of closing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:

	Dollars.
Amer. Power 7 per cent	13
Electric Bond Common	7 3/4
Consolidated Gas	22 1/2
Western Union Telg	33
Radio Corporation	6 1/4
New York Central	21 1/4
Erie R.R.	13
Distillers Secarum	14
Bethlehem Steel	37 1/4
United States Steel	32 1/4
Int. Nickel of Canada	22
Anacosta Copper Mining	17
Kennecott Copper	38
International Harvester	31
Ford Motors of Canada 'A'	31
General Motors	14 1/4
Socony	24 3/4
Chase Bank	20 3/4
National City Bank	31
Sun Life of Canada	31
Celanese Corp of Amr	44
Radio B. Bid	44

Tone of market steady, despite irregular price movement. Brokers loans down 6 million dollars.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

	Bombay, Dec 13
Broach A/M 1935 opening 230; high-est 226 1/2; low 225 3/4; closing 226 1/4	
Oomra D/J opening 213; high-est 212 1/4; closing 212 1/2	
Oomra March opening 208 3/4; high-est 209; low 208 1/4; closing 208 1/4	
Bengal D/J opening 145; high-est 145 1/2; low 145 1/2; closing 145 1/2	
Bengal March opening 148 3/4; high-est 149; low 148; closing 148 3/4	
Tejmandi for Broach A/M 1935 (31-34) Rs. 16	
Tejmandi for Broach Settlement (31-34) Rs. 3 1/2	

GOLD & SILVER

The local silver market was quiet but steady with a limited business. As pointed out before in the absence of any encouraging advices from America, bulls are unloading their purchases with a view to await further developments. The gold market was fairly active with a better enquiry. In the near future prices are likely to be irregular with a small business as the situation is becoming somewhat unsettled. Under these circumstances it will be better to have small interest on fluctuations.

	Bombay, Dec 13
Ready silver	66 6/8
January settlement	66 7/8
January Tejmandi	0 11/8
February settlement	0 11/8
February Tejmandi	0 11/8
Ready gold	34 1/4
January settlement	34 1/2
January Tejmandi	0 2/8
February settlement	35 0/8
February Tejmandi	0 6/8

LONDON EXCHANGES

	London, Dec 13
T. T. London on	12.30-1/2
Berlin	7.30-3/4
Amsterdam	21.15-1/2
Brussels	36.15
Madrid	57.87
Milan	15.27
Paris	74.96
Prague	118.25

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

	London, Dec 13
Bank Bills 3 months market rate	unchanged.
Bank Bills 6 months market rate	unchanged.
Bank Bills 9 months market rate	unchanged.
Bank Bills 12 months market rate	unchanged.
Interest Day to Day Loan	unchanged.
Interest 7 Days' Market Loan	unchanged.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

	London, Dec 13
Rupree Paper, 3 1/2 per cent.	71-1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	50-1/2
Indian Stock, 3 1/2 per cent.	98
1931 or later	98
Indian Stock, 4 1/2 per cent.	113-1/2
1950/55	91
Conversion Loan, 4 1/2 per cent. 1961	110
War Loan, 3 1/2 per cent. 1952	107-7/8
Funding Loan, 4 per cent. 1960/90	119-1/2
Victory Bonds, 4 per cent.	117-5/8
Chartered Bank of L. A. and China	16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	136-3/4
London Reg.	43-1/2
National Bank of India	10-3/4
P. & O. Banking Corporation	10-3/4

SEEDS

	London, Dec 13
Linseed, La Plata Hull C.I.F. ton.	49/11/3
Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F. ton.	49/11/3
Linseed Bombay London C.I.F. ton.	49/11/3
Linseed Java Hull C.I.F. ton.	49/11/3
Castorseed, Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton.	51/12/6
Castorseed, Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton.	51/12/6
Castorseed, Bombay Hull C.I.F. ton.	51/12/6

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations
Bombay, Dec 14

	Bombay, Dec 14
B. O. RATE—	
T. T. D. D. 1/6	
Banks selling T. T. D. D. 1/6 1/32	
Banks buying T. T. D. D. 1/6 1/32	
January	
Banks selling D. D. 1/6 1/32	
Banks buying D. D. 1/6 1/32	
December 31	
Banks selling D. D. 1/6 1/32	
Banks buying D. D. 1/6 1/32	
NEW YORK B. C. RATE—	
T. T. 272	
Banks selling T. T. 270	
Banks buying T. T. 267 3/4	
PARIS—	
Banks selling D. D. 559	
Banks buying D. D. 569	
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D. D. 54 5/8	
Banks buying D. D. 54 3/8	
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T. T. 77 5/8	
Banks buying T. T. 77 3/8	
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D. D. 117	
Banks buying D. D. 117	
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D. D. 95 1/4	
Banks buying D. D. 157	
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D. D. 90 1/2	
Banks buying D. D. 90 1/2	
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 4.91 1/8 13th instant	
Shanghai/London 1/4 7/8 14th instant	
Japan/London 1/2 1/4 14th instant	
Java/London 7.27 3/4 13th instant	
London/Paris 74.96 13th instant	
London/Belgium 21.15 1/2 13th instant	
London/Switzerland 15.27 13th instant	
London/Italy 57.87 13th instant	
Tejmandi for Broach A/M 1935 (31-34) Rs. 16	
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CHINA SELLING SILVER
Good Undertone
The local silver market was quiet but steady with a limited business. As pointed out before in the absence of any encouraging advices from America, bulls are unloading their purchases with a view to await further developments. The gold market was fairly active with a better enquiry. In the near future prices are likely to be irregular with a small business as the situation is becoming somewhat unsettled. Under these circumstances it will be better to have small interest on fluctuations.

INDIAN COTTON FUTURES
The demand for cotton futures was steady with a limited business. At the close January was 5.43, March 5.42 and May 5.42.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

	Bombay, Dec 13
In full-pressed Bales	1,073
Khandesh	1,073
Central India	100
Berari and Nagari	106
Hyderabad-Gaonani	1,178
Berari	951
Central Provinces	345
Central Oomras	2,575
Dholi	1,396
N.W. Provinces	96
Rajputana	40
Sind-Punjab	705
Broach	5,346
Coimbatore and Dharwar	590
Western-Northern	106
Coimbatore	60
Timorville and Cambodia	23,637
Persian	1,933
American	3,587
Egyptian and African	62,332
Total	5,388

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

	Bombay, Dec 13
In full-pressed Bales	1,073
Europe	620
Japan and China	3,182
Coast Ports	6,645
Up-country by Rail	47,062
Afloat in harbour for Exports to China & Japan	19,399
Total	3,892

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date	313,700	516,000
Receipts Yesterday	18,000	25,000
Exports to date	213,000	373,000
Stock at Ports	312,400	408,700
Stock Interior Towns	135,000	220,700
Stock Liverpool	90,000	98,000
Quantity in Sight	683,200	918,000
Quantity out of Sight	548,000	800,000
Total	3,290,000	5,435,000

COTTON ARRIVALS

	Bombay, Dec 13
Receipts into Bombay to date since 12-24-34	313,700
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 21,262 bales	
Increase 21,262 bales	

BOMBAY COTTON

Despite a decline of 6 points in New York cotton futures the local cotton market ruled steady on improved demand. There was professional support together with some buying by Japanese houses while commission houses were sellers. There came today large double option interest in the weekly settlement the market displayed good tone. It is believed that sale of 500 bales to Germany will have favourable effect on cotton prices. It is reported that Banks will not render any financial help to American cotton growers next season. The market opened to-day at Rs. 226 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 226 1/4 on local support and Japanese buying. The tone of the market was steady.

As a mark of respect to Sheth Gulji Kedia, the market closed at 3 p.m. as under—

	Bombay, Dec 14
Broach A.M.	226 1/4
Oomra D.J.	212 4/0
Oomra March	208 4/0
Bengal D.J.	145 12/0
Bengal March	148 8/0

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

	Bombay, Dec 14
Extra	
Spr-fine Sup Fine FG Good	
M. G. Bengal	133 150 147 144
Punjab	133 150 147 144
Rajputana	133 150 147 144
Oomra No. 3	223 220 217 213
C. P. No. 1	239 236 233 229
C. P. No. 2	239 237 224 220

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

	Bombay, Dec 14
Bengal Superfine	139 132
Bengal Fine	133
Bengal F.G.	138
Sindh-Punjab Fine	132
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	132
Wardha-Hing	237
Nagpur-Sarner	214
Pandhurna	212
Yeomai	212
Arvi	210
Ellichpur	210
Amroli-Berar	210
Khamgaon	210
Mulkapur	207
Khandesh	206
Jaipur/Sailu	206
Punjab/American	206
Cambodia	291/294
Miraj/Sangli	216/221
Coimbatore	216/226
Bagalkot	396
Kannada	378
Buaga	378
Jinja	376

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Quantity out of Sight	548,000	800,000
Total	3,290,000	5,435,000

COTTON TENDERS

	Bombay, Dec 14
Bengal D.J.	145 12/0
Oomra D.J.	212 4/0

Stock Exchange Steady With A Limited Turnover

INDIAN CEMENT SHARES ACTIVE ON IMPROVED DEMAND

Mill Shares Quiet; But Steels Steady

Bombay, Dec. 14.
In view of the approaching holidays there was considerable falling off in the volume of business to-day in the Local Share Bazar. On the whole, the Market was steady with a limited turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range.
Steel Shares were quiet with steady long liquidation. There was some unfounded rumour about the increased use of Cement in road construction, which influenced general demand for Indian Cement Shares. But there is no truth in the rumour, and it is risky to follow the rise, as the rumour is supposed to have been spread by interested operators.
Andhra and Power Shares were fairly steady. Tata Iron & Steel Shares displayed good tone throughout the session. Bombay Telephone shares declined by Rs. 2 on increased selling, but Bombay-Burma advanced by Rs. 2.
There was scattered profit-taking in Government Securities.
In view of the approaching Xmas holidays and month-end evening-up of open business, the Market is likely to be a narrow trading affair, without any definite price tendency.

TEXTILE MILLS

	Bombay, Dec. 14
100 Ahm. Ad.	303 12
500 Bom Cotton	55 0
250 Bombay Dyeing	933 12
250 Bradbury	108 12
100 Century	313 2
100 Central India	326 14
100 Colaba	130 0
100 Cooria	113 12
100 Crescent	7 4
250 Currin	5 0
250 Dawn	397 8
E. D. Sassoon	0 4-0
100 Finlay	122 12
100 Gokak	198 12
1000 Hincustan	1,915 0
100 Indore	110 0
30 Kasturba	0 8
100 Khatia	98 4
100 Kholmoor	213 2
250 Laxmi	859 4
100 Madhavji	12 8
250 Madras United	65 0
1000 Moraji	1510 0
250 Model	32 12
50 Mysore	105 0
200 New Great	206 4

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

	Bombay, Dec 14
Bombay Dyeing	933

Latest Commercial News

RISE OF 6 POINTS IN NEW YORK COTTON

U. S. Government To Protect Its Holdings Of 7,000, Bales

GOLD AND SILVER QUIET BUT STEADY

Wheat And Linseed Steady But Tin Dull

BOMBAY, Dec. 14. On Friday crossrates improved slightly after an initial decline. **NEW YORK COTTON FAIRLY STEADY.**

The New York cotton market displayed a fairly steady tone on the report that the Government would continue to protect its holdings of 7,000,000 bales.

GOLD AND SILVER QUIETLY STEADY.

London gold and silver were quietly steady.

WHEAT AND LINSEED STEADY.

Wheat and linseed moved within a narrow range but the undertone was steady.

TIN DULL BUT JUTE STEADY.

Tin was dull but jute and rubber ruled steady.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE INACTIVE.

The London Stock Exchange remained inactive with an uncertain tendency. Gifted securities were somewhat neglected.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(May 1935.)	New York, Dec. 14.
Previous closing	12.51
Today's opening	12.53
Difference	+0.02
Today's closing	12.57
Difference	+0.06

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(May 1935.)	Liverpool, Dec. 14.
Previous closing	6.73
Today's opening	6.72
Difference	-0.01
Today's closing	6.73
Difference	unchanged.

BROACH EXPECTATION

April-May	Rs. 225
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NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, Dec. 14. Cotton displayed a fairly steady undertone in moderately active trading on some local speculative buying influenced by reports that the Government will continue to protect its holdings of 7,000,000 bales.

The higher level attracted offerings which were partially absorbed by trade calling and commission house buying although buyers generally were not inclined to follow up the rise due to the lack of fresh incentives.

Business in May commenced at 12.35 to 2 points higher than the previous closing. Prices advanced on steady Liverpool advice and good buying support with the price going up to 12.56. At this level some southern selling appeared and prices showed a tendency to fall off but some covering purchases followed and prevented a further decline.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 12.57 with a rise of 6 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Dec. 14. The following were the opening ranges:

	January (12.47/12.47)	12.49/12.47
March (12.56/12.56)	12.57/12.56	
May (12.54/12.54)	12.55/12.53	

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Dec. 14. The following were the rates at 12-13 p.m.

American January (6.77)	6.78
American March (6.75)	6.75
Egyptian January (6.50)	6.57
Egyptian March (6.46)	6.56

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Dec. 14. Broach A/M moved between Rs. 227 and Rs. 227.8 at night. The rate at 10-30 p.m. was Rs. 227.8 with New York futures about 4 points up.

TWO DEPORTEES ARRESTED

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, December 14.

The Kalyan town police arrested, on Wednesday last, Shivram Rangoo, formerly a railway employee, who is alleged to have seven previous convictions for house-breaking and theft. His arrest is said to have been made under the Foreigner's Act. Though deported in 1928, Shivram returned to Kalyan recently. He is sent to the District Magistrate for further action.

Another deportee, a "Fakir", who has six previous convictions for robbery and theft, has also been sent for similar action.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Dec. 14. Liverpool wheat opened steady with March at 61 1/4 and May 63 3/8. The market showed some activity on fair buying but the absence of any good foreign advices caused poor business.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Dec. 14. Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 1.00 1/4. The market was quiet in the absence of enquiry but prices remained steady.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Dec. 14. Argentine linseed opened steady with February at 11.91. Trading was dull and uninteresting in the absence of any important developments. Price at noon stood at 11.92.

LONDON MARKETS

Bombay, Dec. 14. The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-10 1/2) 0-16 1/2

Indian Pekoe higher (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4

Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 1/2) 0-10 1/2

Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-1 1/2) 2-1 1/2

JUTE

Crop Jan-Feb. new crop (416 3/8)

sellers 416 3/4 paid and buyers.

Dunlop Dec (419 3/4) sellers 419 3/4

Lightening Dec (417 3/4) sellers 417 3/4

RUBBER

Spot (6 3/16) 6 1/4 paid and buyer.

April-June (6 7/16) 6 7/16 paid and buyer

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay Dec-Jan. (512)

sellers 511 7/8

Linseed Calcutta Dec-Jan. (411 3/4)

sellers 411 1/16

Linseed La Plata Dec-Jan. (29 9/16)

sellers 29 9/16

Groundnuts Coromandel Jan (421)

1/18 sellers 421 3/16

WOOL AUCTION

LAST DAY.

The following private telegram dated Dec. 13 has been received by a well-known firm in Bombay from their Liverpool friends:

"Wool offered 14,750 bales. Withdrawn 4,350 bales. Market closed with best about 5 per cent below October.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association.)

(May 1935)

Bombay, Dec. 14.

Rates at 9-0 a.m.

Rates at 12-0 noon

Rates at 3-0 p.m.

Rates at 5-15 p.m.

Rates at 6-30 p.m.

Rates at 8-30 p.m.

Rates at 10-30 p.m.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Dec. 14.

Wheat January 4 3 9

Wheat May 4 3 9

Linseed May 6 10 0

The tone was steady.

JUTES AND COALS EASIER

Govt. Securities Steady

CALCUTTA, Dec. 14.

Jutes ruled easier. Coals showed easier feeling due to profit-taking. Tea showed no change. Miscellaneous were featureless. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations:

Securities—3 per cent new loan 1911

101; 4 1/2 per cent Government paper

37/12; 4 1/2 per cent loan 1935/36 116 1/4

small lot; 5 per cent loan 1940/45

109/2 small lot.

Banks—Central Bank of India 35 3/8

Cottons—Bengal Nagpore 19/4; Kesoram 4/12

Coals—Amalgamated 23/4; Bengal 23 3/4

small lot; Burruck 19/12; Equitable 28/12; East India 19/8; Khua

Kayra pref 12/4; New Manbhum 39/8

Rewa Coalfields 11/8; Sendra 13

Jutes—Alvion 278; Anglo India 37 1/2

small lot; Anglo India pref 147 small lot

lot; Auckland 355 small lot; Bailey

217; Burnage 185 small lot; Caledon

205; Craig 2/4; Clive 6 per cent pref

123; Champdany 208 small lot; Dal-

housie 407/8 small lot; Dalhousie pref

146 small lot; Delta 417; Fort William

325; small lot; Fort Gloster 640 small lot

lot; Gouropore 690 small lot; Gouropore

pref 125 small lot; Howrah 60/9

Hukumchand 16/8; Hukumchand pref

120; India 412 small lot; Kamahatti

629; Kankannar 356; Lansdowne 182

Lebanon 310; Megna 77/4; National

25/16 small lot; New Central 404

small lot; Nuddea 70 small odd lot

Orient 22/8; Presidency 6/8; Standard

363; Waverley 30/4

Miscellaneous—Burruck Corporation

RALLY IN DIAMONDS & ADVANCE IN BREWERY SHARES

MARKETS MOSTLY DULL WITH RESTRICTED BUSINESS

American November Consumption Figures Of Rubber Better Than Expected

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Dec. 14. On Stock Exchange business was very restricted and apart from few isolated instances, notably rally in diamonds and advance in leading brewery shares, markets mostly were dull. In commodities, rubber opened steady but improved on publication of American November consumption figures, which was considerably better than expected. Otherwise most markets continued featureless. Wall Street again opened narrowly irregular with trading continuing quiet.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

LONDON, Dec. 14.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at 495 1/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Friday Dec. 7 496 1/2

Monday Dec. 10 497

Tuesday Dec. 11 497

Wednesday Dec. 12 497 1/4

Thursday Dec. 13 498

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

LONDON, Dec. 14.

3-30 p.m.

Market generally was quiet owing to the proximity of the fortnightly settlement. The general tone was rather irregular. Gifted securities were quiet. Industrials in general were steady but business was restricted.

BRITISH FUNDS

3 1/2 per cent Consols (490 7/8) 490 7/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (4110) 4110

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (4112 7/8) 4113

4 per cent Funding Loan (4107 1/2) 4107 1/2

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (4107 7/8) 4107 7/8

4 per cent Victory Bonds (4117 5/8) 4117 5/8

INDUSTRIALS

British Home Stores 7 p.c. Preference

cumulative (27-10 1/2) 27-10 1/2

Marks and Spencer ordinary (12) 12 1/8

Hydro Electric (104 1/4) 104 1/4

Musical Industries (94 3/4) 94 3/4

Prichin Johnson (42-0) 42 1/2

Imperial Chemical (38-3) 38 3/8

Imperial Chemical (38-3) 38 3/8

Woolworth New (114-0) 114-0

Realisation 1930 (234) 235

Dunlop Rubber (48-9) 48 7/2

University Ordinary (23-6) 23-6

Ford Motors (36-1 1/2) 36-1 1/2

Cables and Wireless (7) 7

British American Tobacco (126-3) 126-3

Camera A (47 1/2) 47 1/2

Imperial Tobacco Ord (137 1/2) 137 1/2

P and O S N Co. Deid (15-6) 16-0

Distillers 33-0 33-0

Bradford Dyers (9-6) 9-6

British Colons (11-0) 11-0

J and P Coates Ordinary (65-0) 65-0

Courtauld Ordinary (43-7 1/2) 43-7 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (7-6) 7-6

Woolley 1-0 1-0

Inter Nickels (23 1/8) 23 1/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (5-9) 5-9

Tata Iron and Steel (4111) 4111

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western Ord (451) 451

L M S Ford (420 3/4) 420 3/4

L N E R Deid (47 1/2) 47 1/4

Southern Dutch (423) 422 1/2

Landing Pass 5 per cent Stock (4138 1/2) 4138 1/2

London G Stock (493) 493

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (268-3) 265-0

Gladner New (185-3) 187-4

Middler New (80-0) 80-7 1/2

Sub Nigel (241-3) 241-3

Spring Mines (168-9) 168-9

Union Corporation (140-3) 140-3

DOCK STRIKE'S ARRESTED

CALCUTTA, Dec. 14.

Eleven dock strikers were arrested this evening in Kidderpore area when they attempted to rescue another from police custody, who had been arrested for it is alleged throwing stones at men going to work.

The strike situation is otherwise quiet.—A. P.

Eastbound Air Tails Reach Karachi

KARACHI, Dec. 14.

The air mail from Croydon arrived for Lahore, Bombay and Madras at 9 to-night, bringing the mails for Lahore, Bombay and Madras, the mail which arrived yesterday having already brought the mails for Delhi and beyond. The Lahore mail leaves at 2 a. m. and Messrs. Tatas' two planes for the south at 5 a. m.—A. P.

GOLDSMITH JAILED FOR BREACH OF TRUST

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, December 14.

On three separate charges of criminal breach of trust, Ganpat Balwant, a goldsmith, was convicted yesterday by Mr. H. G. Lakshmi, Resident Magistrate at Kalyan, and sentenced to rigorous imprisonment. As an old offender the accused had nine previous convictions.

It was alleged that the goldsmith, who was given ornaments for remoulding them, had misappropriated them. There were three such complaints against him.

HEALTH AND PHYSICAL CULTURE OF STUDENTS

Delhi Conference Invites Papers From Educationists

(From A Correspondent.)

DELHI, Dec. 14.

An important section of the All-India Educational Conference, which will be held at Delhi, during Christmas week, will deal with questions relating to the health and physical culture of students, receiving education in schools and colleges.

As the subject is one of supreme importance to the well-being of students, educationists all over the country are requested to take part in the activities of this section by contributing papers on Health and Physical Education, or by moving resolutions on the subject.

The meeting of the section will take place on December 28th from 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. in the premises of Ramjas College, Daryaganj, Delhi.

Copies of resolutions to be moved and papers to be read should be sent as early as possible to Mr. Manoo Lal Misra, Senior Lecturer in Mathematics, Agr College, Agr, and Secretary-in-charge of the Health and Physical Education section of the Conference.

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The Bombay Chronicle

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, DECEMBER 15, 1934

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J8

JUDGMENT IN MAINTENANCE SUIT Marriage Proved

Judgment was delivered by Mr. Justice E. J. Wadia at the High Court in the suit filed by Appibai, a "Naikin" (professional singing girl) against Rao Saheb Khimji Cooverji, a Bhatia merchant of Bombay.

Plaintiff's Claim

The plaintiff claimed a declaration that she was legally married to the defendant and also claimed Rs. 1,000 per month as maintenance and ornaments worth Rs. 35,000.

The Judgment

In his judgment, His Lordship on the evidence held that the plaintiff was legally married to the defendant at Ujjain on March 30, 1934, and directed the defendant to pay her Rs. 100 per month as maintenance. His Lordship, however, held that the agreement by the defendant to give the plaintiff ornaments worth Rs. 35,000 was not proved, and therefore rejected this claim.

For a valid marriage, His Lordship observed, the Hindu law required that both parties should belong to the same caste. In this case, the parties to the marriage were both "Kshatriyas." It was also shown that the marriage had taken place according to Hindu rites.

Free Consent

Further both the parties had given their free consent to the marriage, and there was no suggestion that there was any threat or pressure brought to bear on either party to get their consent to the marriage.

It was alleged by the defendant that his consent was induced by false representations made to him to the effect that the plaintiff was a Brahmin widow of good character.

These allegations, said His Lordship had not been proved. And, even if such misrepresentations had, in fact, been made, they did not affect the validity of the marriage.

Important Point.

The most important question was, continued His Lordship, whether the plaintiff had made out a case for separate maintenance and residence. The evidence left no doubt in his Lordship's mind that after living with the plaintiff for some time, the defendant had denied the validity of the marriage and had deserted her.

In such circumstances she was entitled to separate maintenance under the Hindu Law, unless there was anything to doubt her chastity after the marriage. And the defendant had not made any such allegation against her.

His Lordship, therefore, held that the plaintiff was entitled to a maintenance of Rs. 100 per month from August last, when the defendant deserted her, on the basis of the position of the parties.

VALIDITY OF MARRIAGE

On the point of validity of marriage, his Lordship said that under the Hindu custom two ceremonies were essential, one the invocation before the consecrated fire and the other the "Saptapadi" or the taking of seven steps by the bridegroom and bride jointly before the consecrated fire. The marriage became perfect and irrevocable only when the seventh step was completed, for it then created a religious tie which, once tied, could not be untied and the marriage could not be dissolved even if it had been irregularly performed. In the present case, his Lordship held that the essential ceremonies had been properly performed and that, therefore, there was a valid and binding marriage between the parties.

As regards the alleged misrepresentation by the plaintiff, his Lordship expressed the view that a representation or concealment of a fact which was fraudulent and not in law affect the validity of a marriage if the parties had fully consented to it and had knowledge of the nature of the contract. The test was whether there was a real consent to the marriage. There was no doubt that both parties had freely given their consent to the marriage. The plaintiff was, therefore, entitled to the declaration

that her marriage with the defendant was valid and binding.

Separate maintenance could be claimed by a wife on the ground of desertion by the husband. It was difficult, however, to decide what facts amounted to "desertion." There was no judicial definition of desertion that could be applied to meet the facts of every case. But there must be clear evidence of the intention on the part of one of the spouses to break off the matrimonial relations with the other, for desertion was, its essence, the abandonment of the one by the other with the intention of forsaking him or her. Taking the circumstances of the present case, his Lordship was of opinion that the defendant had deserted the plaintiff.

PERSONAL OBLIGATION

But the question still remained, said his Lordship, whether the desertion of the plaintiff, by the defendant following upon his denial of the marriage was a justifying cause for allowing her separate maintenance. Under the Hindu law the right of a wife to maintenance was a matter of personal obligation on the husband. The wife's first duty, however, was to submit to her husband's authority and stay under his roof and not to quit his house without any adequate excuse. If the husband, by reason of his misconduct or cruelty or by his refusal to maintain her or for any other justifying cause made it compulsory for her to live apart from her, then she would be entitled to separate maintenance and residence.

In the present case there was no evidence that before she was deserted, the plaintiff was unwilling to carry out her obligations as the defendant's wife. The plaintiff had not quitted the defendant's house of her own accord. It was the defendant who first denied that he had been legally married to her and then abandoned her as if she had been a total stranger to him. Under these circumstances it was but fair and equitable to grant her separate maintenance. As the Hindu law did not recognize divorce, and a claim for separate maintenance was the most effective remedy which a Hindu wife had against the injustice, cruelty or neglect of her husband.

AMOUNT OF MAINTENANCE

With regard to the amount of maintenance, his Lordship observed that no exact rule could be laid down, but the court usually took into consideration the reasonable wants of the plaintiff, her position in life and her husband's means and income. The wife's personal property was also taken into consideration. Considering all these, his Lordship allowed the plaintiff Rs. 100 a month for her maintenance and residence. The defendant was to pay the plaintiff's costs of the suit as between attorney and client.

Defendant's Property.

After the judgment was delivered, Mr. Desai, counsel for the plaintiff, made an application for the appointment of a receiver for the defendant's properties. This was a case, he said, in which the defendant was secreting his property. Mr. Bhagvati for the defendant, opposed the application on

DOMINION STATUS OUT OF PICTURE

Delhi Does Not Bother Over India's Goal

(From Our Special Correspondent). NEW DELHI, Dec. 13. Now that the Government of India's despatch on the J.P.C. Report has just been cabled. Speculation has started as to its contents.

I am told that the despatch does not raise questions of policy on the ground that the outlines of policy having already been laid down in a particular way, either in accordance with or in spite of the Government of India's advice in the past. There is no use of re-opening the controversy regarding the policy.

Thus the authorities here are no longer bothering about the definition of India's goal as Dominion Status. In this respect a solution has been already found by omitting all mention of the goal, thereby leaving the issue to be settled by the evolution of the constitution in the future.

The reason why this view is taken may be based on the British Government's claim that the new constitution is based on "responsible Government" which is the defined goal of the British policy in the Mont-Ford Act, that the proposed Act has within it the seeds of growth, and that when such growth does occur, it will not be difficult for constitutionalists to determine what category it belongs to without being tied down to a definition given in a preamble.

NO FIGHT OVER PREAMBLE.

This decision is considered here as satisfactory, in that the Dominion Acts have also no preambles defining the goal. The position thus is contrary to the view expressed in some newspapers that the Government of India is fighting for the inclusion of the old preamble in the new Act. The Indian Constitution Bill which will replace the present Government of India Act will contain transitional provisions in respect of the Central Government to bridge the period between now and the inauguration of the Federal Constitution.

UNANIMOUS CONCLUSIONS.

It remains to be seen whether under the transitional provisions, the newly elected Assembly will continue or another Assembly would have to be elected. One cannot be definite, until the Bill is published, but the presumption here is that the repeal of the present Government of India Act will not be absolute and that some provision in the Bill would ensure the continuance of such sections of the existing Act as would keep the Centre intact till replaced by the Federal Constitution at a date to be notified later by His Majesty's Government. I also learn that as the despatch does not raise questions of policy the conclusions embodied in it are, with few exceptions, unanimous.

NEW SPEAKER OF CEYLON COUNCIL

COLOMBO, Dec. 11.

Mr. F. A. Obeyesekere has been elected Speaker of the State Council by 28 votes to 27. Mr. G. K. W. Perera was his only contestant for the office.

The office of Deputy Speaker, which is vacant through Mr. Obeyesekere's promotion, will be contested to-morrow. It is expected that the candidates will be Mr. W. A. De Silva and Mr. E. A. P. Wijeratne, members for Moratuwa and Kegalla respectively.

the ground that no notice had been given to the defendant. His Lordship observed he did not think that without proper affidavits he could make any order on the application.

Before he could decide this point, he must be satisfied that there was some definite property of the defendant in Bombay. The parties, however, were at liberty to apply to him at a later stage. Mr. M. V. Desai with Mr. Paranjpye, instructed by Messrs. Lalji and Co. appeared for the plaintiff. Mr. C. K. Daphtary with Mr. N. H. Bhagvati, instructed by Messrs. Ganga and Co., appeared for the defendant.

DACOITS FIRED ON

One Killed And Three Injured In Encounter With Villagers

NAGPUR, Dec. 14. One Sikh was shot dead and three injured in a Berar village when a party of six dacoits attempted to commit an armed dacoity at the residence of Kishan Singh, an Izardar of Yeotmal District. The dacoits stabbed the Izardar's mother and fired at Kishan Singh.

The screams of women attracted the attention of villagers who rushed from beds at night to rescue the victims. One villager brought a gun and fought with the dacoits very bravely with the help of the inmates.

The dacoits attempted to run away by scaling walls but the villagers gave them a hot chase and secured one while another dropped dead in attempting to escape.—United Press.

LAHORE, Dec. 12. A fourteen year old boy was saved from the gallows today when the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Mangal commuted his death sentence to one of transportation for life and further recommended that he be kept either in some Borstal Institute or some other similar institution.

The accused, Shaukat Ali, was a student of the 7th class in the Islamia High School, Batalam, Gurdaspur District. He came to suspect the character of his sister-in-law whom, according to his confession, the accused had seen conversing with strangers. The boy felt that this was a disgrace to his family and made up his mind to do away with her. In the month of June last he entered his sister-in-law's room and stabbed her to death. After committing the crime the accused absconded.

Their Lordships in commuting the death sentence remarked that it was quite possible the accused might become a useful citizen if he was kept in some reformatory institute.—A.P.

BURMA AND INDIAN LABOUR

Conference In Rangoon 1. January

RANGOON, Dec. 14. Last night the Central Labour Board meeting decided to hold Burma Provincial Indian Labour Conference in Rangoon not later than first week of January, 1935. A Reception Committee with Mr. Abdul Bari Choudhury as Chairman and Dr. Nair, Messrs. B. N. Mahapatra, Hartmurti Pandi and A. Narayan Rao as Secretaries and Mr. M. P. Mehta as Treasurer has been appointed. It has been decided that a reputed labour leader from India be invited to preside over the Conference, and further resolved to prepare a memorandum of immigration franchise and representation of Indian labour to the new constitution of separated Burma.—United Press.

RAILWAYMEN'S FEDERATION

Half-Yearly Meeting Concludes

NEW DELHI, Dec. 14. The half-yearly meeting of All-India Railwaymen's Federation with Railway Board was concluded to-day. The discussion centred round the revised scale of pay, hours of work and house rent allowance to the lower paid staff. As regards the revised scale of pay, which is to have retrospective effect from 1931, the Board expressed the view that if the Federation could make out a strong case, it would be considered.

The annual convention of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation will be held to-morrow.—United Press.

MAHARASHTRA JAINS Visit Santiniketan

SANTINIKETAN, Dec. 14. Three hundred Jain ladies and gentlemen of Maharashtra, who are on a pilgrimage tour came here to-day in a special train and paid respects to the Poet. Addressing them, the Poet said that he was pleased that they visited the Ashram where he was trying to revive what was best in ancient Indian culture and to extend hospitality of that culture to all without distinction of race or creed.

Their visit, the Poet continued, was an indication that his mission was finding its fulfilment.—United Press.

For Famine Relief Work In Kathiawar

WADHWAN Camp, Dec. 14. Mr. Kakalbal Kothari, Secretary, Messrs. Venilal Buch and Hargovindas Pandit, prominent members of Saurashtra Seva Samiti who came to Joravarnagar last evening for a week's tour by car in the various famine-affected parts of Kathiawar. The Samiti has already done substantial work in some parts of Bhavnagar State and Amreli.—United Press.

SAVED FROM GALLOWS

Death Sentence On Boy Commuted To Transportation For Life

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Safeguards Not In Burma's Interests

Anti-Separationist Parties Condemn J. P. C. Scheme As Based On Distrust

RANGOON, Dec. 13. A joint statement of Dr. Bama's Party, Mr. U. Chithaling's Party and his G.C.B.A., Usein G.C.B.A., and Minglun Sayadaw's Sangha Council on the Joint Select Committee's Report has been issued this evening. The statement has been released over the signatures of those representing the different anti-Separationist Parties, protesting strongly against the separation recommended by the Joint Select Committee on the following grounds:—

(a) Breach of the definite pledge by the British Government through the Premier, Burma R.T.C.

(b) Burma electorate had voted against the separation by an overwhelming majority.

AGAINST SEPARATION

(c) Anti-Separationist leaders had declared in clearest and most unequivocal terms before the Joint Select Committee Report was published, favouring Burma's entry into Indian Federation against the proposed separation. The Joint Select Committee's statement that Anti-Separationist delegates to the J. S. Committee were against Burma's entry into Indian Federation is utterly contradicted by the proceedings on record before that Committee.

(d) Although the Burmese Electorate by an overwhelming majority favoured the Federation the Joint Select Committee had rejected this decision solely because the Anti-Separationists have asked for terms and conditions which, according to the Joint Select Committee, is impracticable. But the Separationists also had asked for terms and conditions.

(e) The safeguards are not in Burma's interests. No transfer of real responsibility to Burmese people.

(f) The proposed constitution is based on distrust, and desire to perpetuate Britain's political and economic domination of Burma. Therefore we are compelled to reject the constitution and Burma's separation from India.—United Press.

STATES' SYMPATHY FOR HARIJANS

Thakkar's Tour In Kathiawar Nearing Completion

RAJKOT, Dec. 14. The Kathiawar tour of Mr. A. V. Thakkar, General Secretary, Harijan Sevak Sangh, is nearing completion. He will tour the Cutch State from December 15 to 23.

Last week his party visited Porbander, nine villages of that State, Jamnagar, Thuka towns of Bhavnagar, Lalpur, Jamvanthali and Rajkot on Harijan mission. He also visited Samadhiya village with 1,300 workers. 28 miles from Rajkot where rural uplift work was being done on a comprehensive scale by Seth Veechand Panachand and where Harijans from 50 surrounding villages had assembled and laid their grievances. Night classes for elderly women of agricultural classes for teaching reading and writing was being conducted here a novelty rarely found in India.

Dewan Sahebs of Jamnagar and Rajkot were interviewed and they showed their hearty sympathy to Harijan uplift work. The Harijan quarters were visited in all places and the Harijans were advised to give up drinking, carrion-eating and to lead a clean life.

Public meetings were addressed in Porbandar, Jamnagar and Rajkot as also a ladies' meeting in Vanita Visram, Rajkot. The Jamnagar meeting was unique because the same was attended both by Bhangees and Brahmins on a public thoroughfare.—United Press.

MATIN CHOUDHURY AND ASSEMBLY

SHILLONG, Dec. 14. It is understood Mr. Abdul Matin Choudhury, Deputy President of the last Assembly has been called upon to act as the President of the Assembly, until election of the new President.—United Press.

New Delhi.—The names of the members who will be nominated to the New Assembly are expected to be announced in the first week of January.—United Press.

LORRY SMASHED TO SPLINTERS

LAHORE, Dec. 14. A serious lorry accident occurred last evening on Kasur-Lahore Road near Amarsindhu, resulting in serious injuries to four passengers who were removed to hospital immediately in a precarious condition.

It is stated that the lorry struck against a bridge and turned turtle. The vehicle was smashed to splinters.—United Press.

UNACCEPTABLE

The authors of the statement opine that the constitution recommended is altogether unacceptable. They say: "It is a negation of the fundamental principles of an acceptable constitution, for the following reasons:—

(a) It has altogether ignored the real desires and requirement of the peoples for whom the constitution is framed. The British Parliament is the sole judge of Burma's constitutional requirements and as such ignores Burma's political desires and requirements.

(b) It has refused to make constitutional declaration of Burma's goal of full responsible Government.

(c) No mention that the proposed constitution is for a definite transitional period paving the way for full responsible Government and no seeds for automatic growth in constitution and no provision for progressive transfer of responsibility to Burma.

"NOT IN BURMA'S INTERESTS"

(d) The safeguards are not in Burma's interests.

(e) No transfer of real responsibility to Burmese people.

(f) The proposed constitution is based on distrust, and desire to perpetuate Britain's political and economic domination of Burma. Therefore we are compelled to reject the constitution and Burma's separation from India.—United Press.

LUCKNOW, Dec. 14. The Joint Parliamentary Committee Report came for discussion in the U. P. Legislative Council to-day.

Except Rai Bahadur Bikar-majit Singh of the Constitutionalist Party almost all the members who spoke vehemently criticised the proposals of the Report.

Rai Bahadur Bikar-majit Singh opined that the constitution should be given a fair trial. He taxed the Congress for a hasty decision rejecting the proposed constitution and said that on the reasons why better constitution was not given to India was the recalcitrant attitude of the Congress advocating non-co-operation and civil disobedience.

To-morrow Mr. C. Y. Chintamani, Opposition Leader and Hafiz Hidayat Hussain, Round Table, are expected to participate in the discussion.—United Press.

NIZAM'S GIFT TO
VISHWABHARATI

SANTINIKETAN, Dec. 14. His Exalted Highness the Nizam has made a gift of Rs. 19,000 to Vishwabharati for erecting a building for accommodation of the Nizam Professor of Islamic studies.—United Press.

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4 Passengers Seriously
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